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HELLENIC STATISTICAL AUTHORITY

Piraeus, 8 September 2011

PRESS RELEASE

Unemployment rate at 16.0% in June 2011

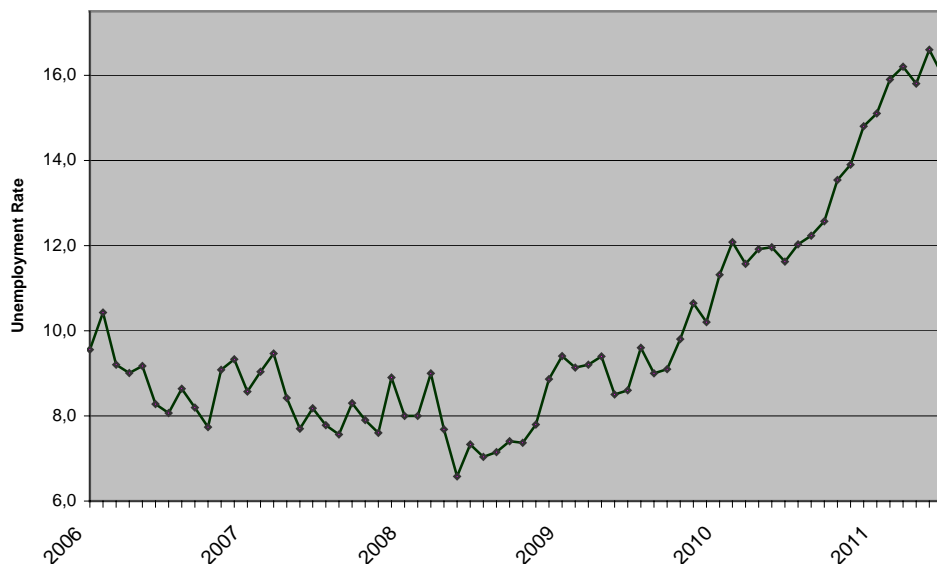
LABOUR FORCE SURVEY: June 2011

Unemployment rate in June 2011 was 16.0% compared to 11.6% in June 2010 and 16.6% in May 2011. The number of employed amounted to 4,161,125 persons while the number of unemployed amounted to 793,685 and the number of inactive to 4,385,584. The corresponding figures for June 2006 to 2011 are presented in Table 1.

The number of employed decreased by 268,698 persons compared with June 2010 (a 6.1% rate of decrease) and by increased by 29,597 persons compared with May 2011 (a 0.7% rate of increase).

Unemployed increased by 211,321 persons (a 36.3% rate of increase) compared with June 2010 and decreased by 29,034 persons compared with May 2011 (a 3.5% rate of decrease).

Unemployment rate by month (January 2006 – June 2011)



Tables 2, 3 and 4 illustrate unemployment rate by NUTS II regions, gender and age groups from June 2006 to 2011.

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Table 1. Employed, unemployed, economically non-active and unemployment rate (June 2006-2011)

	June					
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Employed	4,475,853	4,529,233	4,552,832	4,572,316	4,429,823	4,161,125
Unemployed	404,006	403,365	359,978	427,707	582,364	793,685
Inactive	4,275,027	4,275,649	4,314,792	4,265,619	4,292,452	4,385,584
Unemployment rate	8.3	8.2	7.3	8.6	11.6	16.0

Table 2: Unemployment rate by region (NUTS II): June 2006-2011

Region	June					
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Anatoliki Makedonia Thraki (East Macedonia and Thrace)	11.6	11.4	10.0	11.6	14.7	15.8
Kentriki Makedonia (Central Macedonia)	8.8	9.7	8.3	8.7	12.7	19.1
Dytiki Makedonia (West Macedonia)	18.2	9.2	7.7	9.8	14.9	22.1
Ipeiros (Epirus)	9.3	9.3	10.2	11.5	12.3	18.5
Thessalia (Thessaly)	8.1	8.4	8.0	9.5	12.5	17.8
Ionioi Nisoi (Ionian Islands)	10.6	8.8	3.9	6.4	10.8	11.4
Dytiki Ellas (West Greece)	8.4	7.4	8.8	10.5	12.7	15.2
Stereia Ellas	7.1	7.6	7.2	8.7	10.4	16.5
Attiki (Attica)	7.8	7.8	6.8	8.3	11.4	15.8
Peloponnissos (Peloponnese)	7.1	7.4	6.9	7.7	9.9	13.4
Voreio Aigaio (North Aegean)	8.3	9.1	3.8	4.5	9.1	16.1
Notio Aigaio (South Aegean)	5.4	5.1	4.4	4.9	7.1	8.2
Kriti (Crete)	5.0	4.6	5.3	5.9	9.3	10.9
Total Country	8.3	8.2	7.3	8.6	11.6	16.0

Table 3. Unemployment rate by gender: June 2006-2011

Gender	June					
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Male	5.5	4.9	5.0	5.8	8.9	13.2
Female	12.4	12.9	10.7	12.4	15.5	19.9
Total	8.3	8.2	7.3	8.6	11.6	16.0

Table 4: Unemployment rate by age groups: June 2006-2011

Age Group	June					
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
15-24 years old	24.5	21.3	22.3	22.9	29.8	43.3
25-34 years old	10.4	12.1	10.3	11.8	16.2	22.6
35-44 years old	7.2	5.8	5.1	7.1	9.4	13.2
45-54 years old	4.4	4.9	4.4	5.3	7.5	10.5
55-64 years old	3.3	3.4	3.1	3.8	6.6	7.7
65-74 years old	1.0	0.5	0.6	0.7	2.2	2.7
Total	8.3	8.2	7.3	8.6	11.6	16.0

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Labour Force Survey	Labour Force Survey produces estimates since 1981 (second quarter of the year). From 1998 onwards it is a continuous quarterly survey. The main statistical objectives of the Labour Force Survey is to divide the population of working age (15 years and over) into three mutually exclusive and exhaustive groups - persons in employment, unemployed persons and inactive persons. In addition, the Labour Force Survey collects information on demographic characteristics, on main job characteristics, on the existence and characteristics of a second job, on educational attainment, on participation in education, on previous working experience and on search of job.
Legislation	The current survey is completely harmonized with European legislation. The principal legal act is the <u>Council Regulation (EC) No. 577/98</u> that stipulates the provisions on design, survey characteristics and decision-making processes. The survey framework was modified in successive Commission regulations. (<u>Regulation (EC) No 1372/2007</u> , <u>Regulation (EC) No 2257/2003</u> , <u>Regulation (EC) No 1991/2002</u>).
Reference Period	<p>The sample of Labour Force Survey is equally allocated to the 4 (or 5) weeks of the month. Every selected household is assigned to a specific week, the reference week, running from Monday to Sunday.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• For employment the reference period is the reference week.• For employment seeking the reference period is the reference week and the previous 3 weeks.
Coverage	For the monthly estimates, a sub-sample of the quarterly Labour Force survey's sample was used.
Definitions	<p>Employed are persons aged 15 years or older, who during the reference week worked, even for just one hour, for pay or profit or they were working in the family business, or they were not at work but had a job or business from which they were temporarily absent.</p> <p>Unemployed are persons aged 15-74 who were without work during the reference week (they were not classified as employed), were currently available for work and were either actively seeking work in the past four weeks or had already found a job to start within the next three months.</p> <p>Inactive are those persons who are neither classified as employed nor as unemployed.</p> <p>Economically active population (labour force) are persons either employed or unemployed.</p> <p>Unemployment Rate is the ratio of unemployed divided by total labour force.</p>
Methodology	Labour Force Survey's estimates are produced by a suitable unbiased estimator which takes in to account a) the probability of selection of every sampled household, b) the response rate in every primary sampling unit, c) the estimated population for June 2011, allocated by NUTS II areas, gender and age group).
References	Analytical description of the Labour Force Survey's methodology and definitions can be found at www.statistics.gr .