



HELLENIC REPUBLIC



HELLENIC STATISTICAL AUTHORITY

Piraeus, 14th of October 2010

PRESS RELEASE

Unemployment rate at 12.0% in July 2010

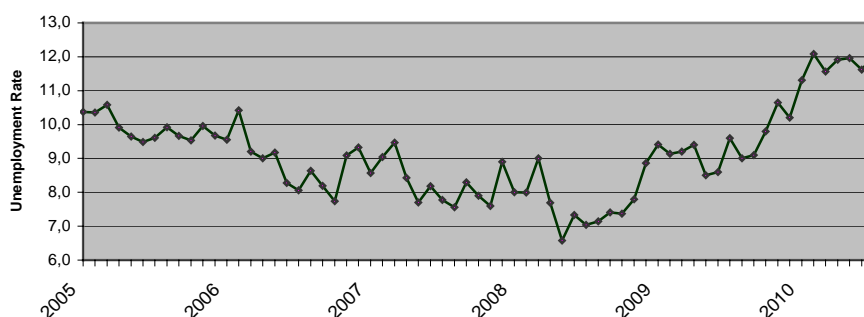
LABOUR FORCE SURVEY: July 2010

Unemployment rate in July 2010 was 12.0% compared to 9.6% in July 2009 and 11.6% in June 2010. The number of employed amounted to 4,439,296 persons while the number of unemployed amounted to 607,035 and the number of inactive to 4,261,458. The corresponding figures for July 2005 to 2010 are presented in Table 1.

The number of employed decreased by 52,866 persons compared with July 2009 (a 1.2% rate of decrease) and increased by 9,473 persons compared with June 2010 (a 0.21% rate of increase).

Unemployed increased by 130,328 persons (a 27.3% rate of increase) compared with July 2009 and by 24,671 persons compared with June 2010 (a 4.2% rate of increase).

Unemployment rate by month (January 2005 – July 2010)



Tables 2, 3 and 4 illustrate unemployment rate by NUTS II regions, gender and age groups from July 2005 to 2010.

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Table 1. Employed, unemployed, economically non-active and unemployment rate (July 2005-2010)

	July					
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Employed	4,375,292	4,483,879	4,558,139	4,595,003	4,492,162	4,439,296
Unemployed	464,953	393,293	384,564	347,935	476,707	607,035
Inactive	4,268,968	4,282,505	4,267,089	4,284,665	4,300,080	4,261,458
Unemployment rate	9.6	8.1	7.8	7.0	9.6	12.0

Table 2: Unemployment rate by region (NUTSII): July 2005-2010

Region	July					
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Anatoliki Makedonia Thraki (East Macedonia and Thrace)	11.9	10.2	7.1	9.1	8.3	13.4
Kentriki Makedonia (Central Macedonia)	11.4	9.2	9.0	7.6	11.3	12.7
Dytiki Makedonia (West Macedonia)	16.2	10.9	9.2	13.0	12.3	13.3
Ipeiros (Epirus)	11.4	8.1	13.0	10.8	10.6	13.0
Thessalia (Thessaly)	8.7	8.1	5.8	8.5	9.4	10.0
Ionioi Nisoi (Ionian Islands)	4.0	8.8	4.2	4.3	3.0	6.6
Dytiki Ellas (West Greece)	10.1	10.6	11.4	9.3	8.7	11.6
Stereia Ellas	12.2	9.6	11.9	9.1	9.9	14.3
Attiki (Attica)	9.0	7.4	7.1	6.2	9.8	13.3
Peloponnissos (Peloponnese)	8.1	7.2	8.6	6.3	8.4	9.1
Voreio Aigaio (North Aegean)	9.1	8.1	5.6	2.2	5.4	6.2
Notio Aigaio (South Aegean)	6.6	5.1	4.1	3.0	8.2	5.9
Kriti (Crete)	5.3	3.5	3.5	3.4	6.7	9.1
Total Country	9.6	8.1	7.8	7.0	9.6	12.0

Table 3. Unemployment rate by gender: July 2005-2010

Gender	July					
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Male	5.8	4.7	4.7	4.4	6.6	9.4
Female	15.1	12.9	12.3	10.8	13.8	15.7
Total	9.6	8.1	7.8	7.0	9.6	12.0

Table 4: Unemployment rate by age groups: July 2005-2010

Age Group	July					
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
15-24 years old	24.4	23.0	20.8	20.9	23.9	32.6
25-34 years old	13.4	11.4	11.7	10.2	12.6	15.8
35-44 years old	7.1	5.7	6.1	5.7	8.0	10.4
45-54 years old	5.9	4.3	3.4	3.5	6.7	8.3
55-64 years old	3.3	3.0	3.3	2.8	5.3	5.4
65-74 years old	0.7	1.1	2.8	1.9	0.8	0.7
Total	9.6	8.1	7.8	7.0	9.6	12.0

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Labour Force Survey	Labour Force Survey produces estimates since 1981 (second quarter of the year). From 1998 onwards it is a continuous quarterly survey. The main statistical objectives of the Labour Force Survey is to divide the population of working age (15 years and over) into three mutually exclusive and exhaustive groups - persons in employment, unemployed persons and inactive persons. In addition, the Labour Force Survey collects information on demographic characteristics, on main job characteristics, on the existence and characteristics of a second job, on educational attainment, on participation in education, on previous working experience and on search of job.
Legislation	The current survey is completely harmonized with European legislation. The principal legal act is the <u>Council Regulation (EC) No. 577/98</u> that stipulates the provisions on design, survey characteristics and decision-making processes. The survey framework was modified in successive Commission regulations. (<u>Regulation (EC) No 1372/2007</u> , <u>Regulation (EC) No 2257/2003</u> , <u>Regulation (EC) No 1991/2002</u>).
Reference Period	<p>The sample of Labour Force Survey is equally allocated to the 4 (or 5) weeks of the month. Every selected household is assigned to a specific week, the reference week, running from Monday to Sunday.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• For employment the reference period is the reference week.• For employment seeking the reference period is the reference week and the previous 3 weeks.
Coverage	For the monthly estimates, a sub-sample of the quarterly Labour Force survey's sample was used.
Definitions	<p>Employed are persons aged 15 years or older, who during the reference week worked, even for just one hour, for pay or profit or they were working in the family business, or they were not at work but had a job or business from which they were temporarily absent.</p> <p>Unemployed are persons aged 15-74 who were without work during the reference week (they were not classified as employed), were currently available for work and were either actively seeking work in the past four weeks or had already found a job to start within the next three months.</p> <p>Inactive are those persons who are neither classified as employed nor as unemployed.</p> <p>Economically active population (labour force) are persons either employed or unemployed.</p> <p>Unemployment Rate is the ratio of unemployed divided by total labour force.</p>
Methodology	Labour Force Survey' s estimates are produced by a suitable unbiased estimator which takes in to account a) the probability of selection of every sampled household, b) the response rate in every primary sampling unit, c) the estimated population for January 2010, allocated by NUTS II areas, gender and age group).
References	Analytical description of the Labour Force Survey' s methodology and definitions can be found at www.statistics.gr .