



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX: November 2023, annual inflation 3.0%

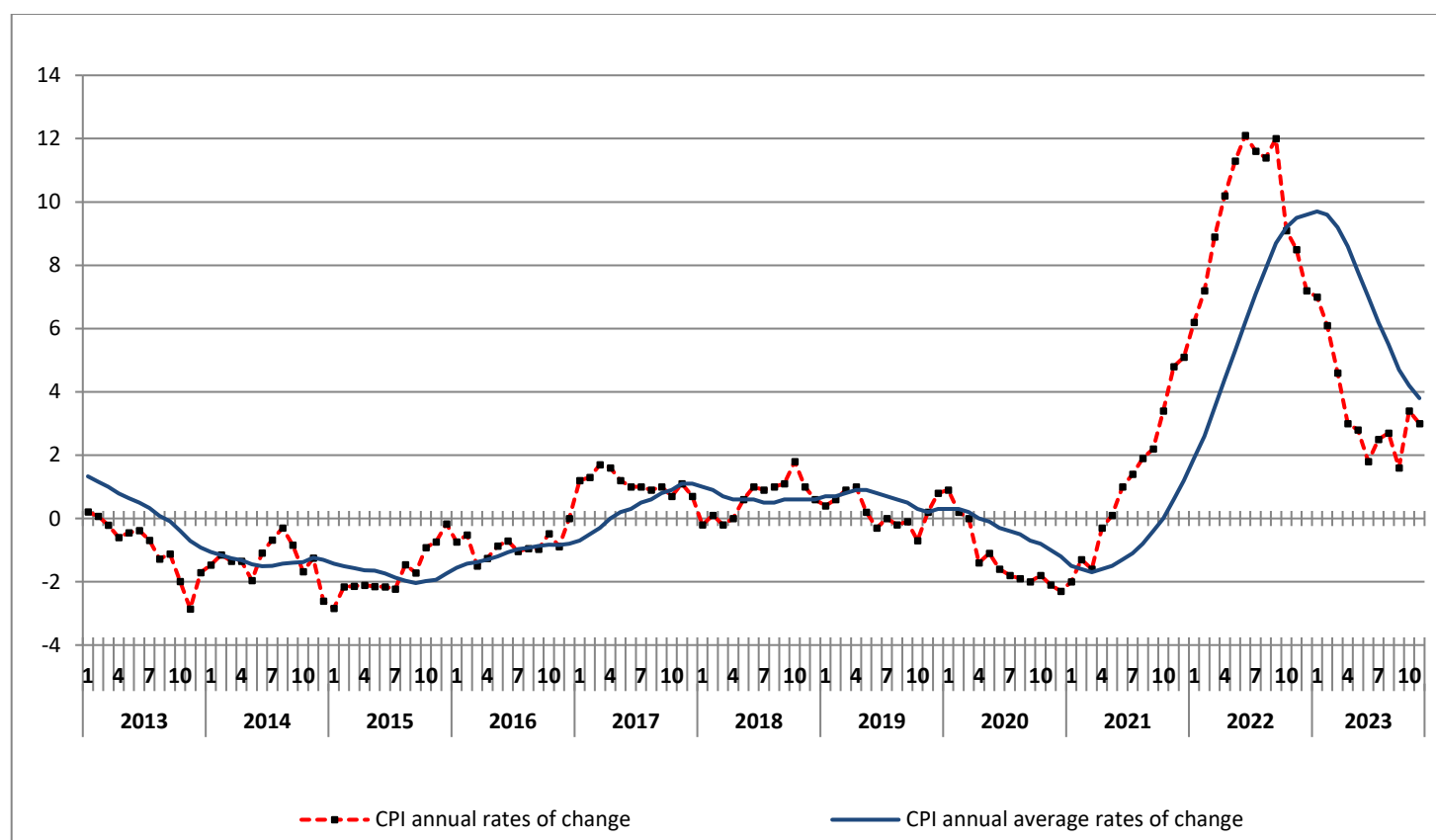
The evolution of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) of November 2023 (reference year 2020=100.0) is depicted as follows:

The CPI in November 2023 compared with November 2022, increased by 3.0%. In November 2022, the annual rate of change of the CPI was 8.5% (Table 2).

The CPI in November 2023 compared with October 2023, decreased by 0.4%. In November 2022, the CPI compared with November 2021 remained unchanged.

The average CPI for the twelve - month period from December 2022 to November 2023, compared with the corresponding index for the period December 2021 to November 2022 increased by 3.8%. The annual rate of change of the average CPI between the twelve - month period December 2021 to November 2022 in comparison to the period December 2020 to November 2021 was 9.5% (Table 3).

Graph 1. Annual and annual average rates of change (%) of CPI



Information on methodological issues:
Population, Employment and
Cost of Living Statistics Division
Section of Retail Price Indices
Acting Head of Section: A. Kourtaki
Tel: +30 213 135 2128
email: a.kourtaki@statistics.gr

Information for data provision:
Tel: +30 213 135 222, 2308, 2310
email: data.dissem@statistics.gr

Analysis of changes of the CPI: November 2023

I. Monthly rates of change: November 2023 compared with October 2023 (Tables 1, 4)

The 0.4% decrease of the Overall CPI in November 2023, compared with the corresponding index in October 2023 is, mainly, due to the changes in the groups of goods and services as follows:

1. A decrease of:

- 1.8% in the group Clothing and footwear, due to the decrease in the prices of clothing and footwear.
- 0.7% in the group Household equipment, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *household appliances and repair*.
- 1.5% in the group Transport, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of: *fuels and lubricants, tickets for passenger transport by air*.
- 0.6% in the group Hotel-Cafés-Restaurants, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *hotels-motels-inns*. This decrease was partly offset by the increase, mainly, in the prices of *restaurants-confectioneries-cafes-buffets*.
- 0.2% in the group Miscellaneous goods and services, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *other appliances and articles for personal care*.

2. An increase of:

- 0.1% in the group Food and non-alcoholic beverages due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *pork, fresh fish, olive oil, frozen vegetables, sugar-chocolates-sweets-ice creams, mineral water-refreshments-fruit juices*. This increase was partly offset by the decrease, mainly, in the prices of: *eggs, fresh fruit, fresh vegetables*.
- 0.3% in the group Housing, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *electricity, natural gas*. This increase was partly offset by the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *heating oil*.

II. Annual rates of change: November 2023 compared with November 2022 (Tables 2, 5)

The 3.0% increase of the Overall CPI in November 2023, compared with the corresponding index in November 2022 is, mainly, due to the changes in the groups of goods and services as follows:

1. An increase of:

- 9.0% in the group Food and non-alcoholic beverages due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *bread and cereals, meat, fish, milk-cheese and eggs, oils and fats, fruit, vegetables, sugar-chocolates-sweets-ice creams, food n.e.c., coffee-cocoa-tea, mineral water-refreshments-fruit juices.*
- 2.6% in the group Alcoholic beverages and tobacco, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of *alcoholic beverages (not served).*
- 6.4% in the group Clothing and footwear, due to the increase in the prices of clothing and footwear.
- 1.5% in the group Household equipment, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *non-durable household articles, domestic services.*
- 5.5% in the group Health, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *pharmaceutical products, medical-dental and paramedical services, hospital care.*
- 2.8% in the group Recreation and culture, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *major durables for recreation, small recreational items-flowers-pets, cinemas-theatres, package holidays.* This increase was partly offset by the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *equipment for the reception recording and reproduction of sound and vision.*
- 3.5% in the group Education, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *fees of pre-primary and primary education, fees of secondary education, fees of tertiary education.*
- 4.7% in the group Hotel-Cafés-Restaurants, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of *restaurants-confectioneries-cafes-buffets.* This increase was partly offset by the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *hotels-motels-inns.*
- 1.9% in the group Miscellaneous goods and services, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *hairdressing salons and personal grooming establishments, other appliances and articles for personal care, private insurance connected with health, motor vehicle insurance.*

2. A decrease of:

- 1.2% in the group Housing, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *natural gas.* This decrease was partly offset by the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *rentals for dwellings, services for the repair and maintenance of the dwelling, electricity, heating oil, solid fuels.*
- 2.7% in the group Transport, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *fuels and lubricants.* This decrease was partly offset by the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *second hand motor cars, spare parts and accessories for motor cars, maintenance and repair of motor cars-motor cycles, tickets for passenger transport by air.*
- 3.2% in the group Communication, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *telephone services.*

Table 1. Monthly rates of change of CPI
(Reference year: 2020=100.0)

Main groups of goods and services	Weights 2023 (%)	2023	2023	Rate of change %	2022	2022	Rate of change %
		November	October		November	October	
1. Food & non-alcoholic beverages	216.27	130.15	130.04	0.1	119.41	118.29	0.9
2. Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	35.53	105.11	104.84	0.3	102.44	102.16	0.3
3. Clothing and footwear	51.86	120.67	122.91	-1.8	113.39	118.98	-4.7
4. Housing	136.85	121.20	120.85	0.3	122.72	123.34	-0.5
5. Household equipment	46.94	113.93	114.70	-0.7	112.27	111.60	0.6
6. Health	73.28	107.82	107.89	-0.1	102.22	102.16	0.1
7. Transport	136.96	120.19	121.99	-1.5	123.58	122.49	0.9
8. Communication	42.29	91.91	92.10	-0.2	94.95	95.18	-0.2
9. Recreation and culture	37.91	104.74	104.98	-0.2	101.93	101.84	0.1
10. Education	36.66	106.73	106.56	0.2	103.10	102.97	0.1
11. Hotels-Cafés-Restaurants	115.24	113.71	114.45	-0.6	108.61	109.25	-0.6
12. Miscellaneous goods and services	70.21	105.03	105.28	-0.2	103.04	102.48	0.5
Overall Index	1000.00	116.57	117.00	-0.4	113.15	113.16	0.0

Note: The indices are rounded up to two decimal figures when published and percentage changes up to one decimal figure when published.

Graph 2. Annual and monthly rates of change (%) of CPI

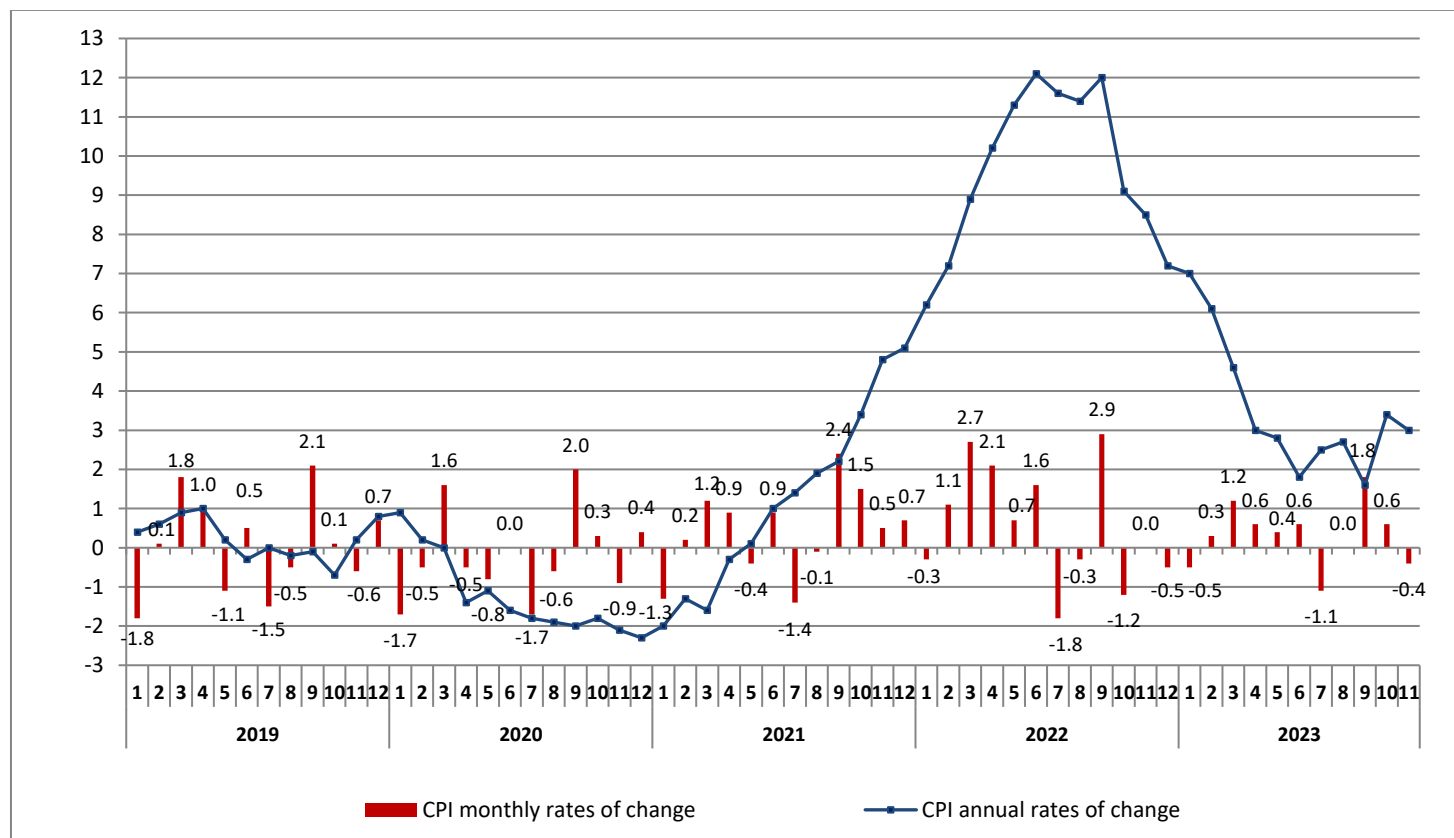


Table 2. Inflation – Annual rates of change of CPI
(Reference year: 2020=100.0)

I: November 2023/2022

Main groups of goods and services		November		Rate of change (%)	Impact
		2023	2022		
1.	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	130.15	119.41	9.0	1.9299
2.	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	105.11	102.44	2.6	0.0928
3.	Clothing and footwear	120.67	113.39	6.4	0.3614
4.	Housing	121.20	122.72	-1.2	-0.1939
5.	Household equipment	113.93	112.27	1.5	0.0686
6.	Health	107.82	102.22	5.5	0.3995
7.	Transport	120.19	123.58	-2.7	-0.4061
8.	Communication	91.91	94.95	-3.2	-0.1339
9.	Recreation and culture	104.74	101.93	2.8	0.1001
10.	Education	106.73	103.10	3.5	0.1281
11.	Hotels-Cafés-Restaurants	113.71	108.61	4.7	0.5483
12.	Miscellaneous goods and services	105.03	103.04	1.9	0.1344
Overall Index		116.57	113.15	3.0	

II: November 2022/2021

Main groups of goods and services		November		Rate of change (%)	Impact
		2022	2021		
1.	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	119.41	103.82	15.0	3.1845
2.	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	102.44	99.66	2.8	0.1079
3.	Clothing and footwear	113.39	102.29	10.9	0.5817
4.	Housing	122.72	117.10	4.8	0.7708
5.	Household equipment	112.27	101.10	11.0	0.4997
6.	Health	102.22	99.41	2.8	0.2301
7.	Transport	123.58	107.91	14.5	2.0047
8.	Communication	94.95	96.94	-2.1	-0.0821
9.	Recreation and culture	101.93	99.28	2.7	0.0906
10.	Education	103.10	100.93	2.2	0.0663
11.	Hotels-Cafés-Restaurants	108.61	100.61	8.0	0.7659
12.	Miscellaneous goods and services	103.04	98.23	4.9	0.3193
Overall Index		113.15	104.24	8.5	

Note: The indices are rounded up to two decimal figures when published and percentage changes up to one decimal figure when published.

Table 3. Comparisons of the overall CPI
(Reference year: 2020=100.0)

Year and month	Overall Index	Monthly rates of change %	Annual rates of change Inflation %	Annual average index (moving average)	Annual average rates of change %
2020 : 1	100.49	-1.7	0.9	101.34	0.3
2	99.99	-0.5	0.2	101.35	0.3
3	101.57	1.6	0.0	101.35	0.2
4	101.11	-0.5	-1.4	101.23	0.0
5	100.29	-0.8	-1.1	101.13	-0.1
6	100.33	0.0	-1.6	101.00	-0.3
7	98.63	-1.7	-1.8	100.85	-0.4
8	97.99	-0.6	-1.9	100.69	-0.5
9	99.98	2.0	-2.0	100.52	-0.7
10	100.33	0.3	-1.8	100.37	-0.8
11	99.45	-0.9	-2.1	100.20	-1.0
12	99.84	0.4	-2.3	100.00	-1.2
Annual average	100.00	-	-	100.00	-1.2
2021 : 1	98.52	-1.3	-2.0	99.84	-1.5
2	98.72	0.2	-1.3	99.73	-1.6
3	99.91	1.2	-1.6	99.59	-1.7
4	100.82	0.9	-0.3	99.57	-1.6
5	100.43	-0.4	0.1	99.58	-1.5
6	101.36	0.9	1.0	99.66	-1.3
7	99.96	-1.4	1.4	99.78	-1.1
8	99.83	-0.1	1.9	99.93	-0.8
9	102.19	2.4	2.2	100.11	-0.4
10	103.75	1.5	3.4	100.40	0.0
11	104.24	0.5	4.8	100.80	0.6
12	104.95	0.7	5.1	101.22	1.2
Annual average	101.22	-	-	101.22	1.2
2022 : 1	104.68	-0.3	6.2	101.74	1.9
2	105.84	1.1	7.2	102.33	2.6
3	108.75	2.7	8.9	103.07	3.5
4	111.08	2.1	10.2	103.92	4.4
5	111.80	0.7	11.3	104.87	5.3
6	113.62	1.6	12.1	105.89	6.2
7	111.54	-1.8	11.6	106.86	7.1
8	111.21	-0.3	11.4	107.81	7.9
9	114.48	2.9	12.0	108.83	8.7
10	113.16	-1.2	9.1	109.61	9.2
11	113.15	0.0	8.5	110.36	9.5
12	112.53	-0.5	7.2	110.99	9.6
Annual average	110.99	-	-	110.99	9.6
2023 : 1	111.99	-0.5	7.0	111.60	9.7
2	112.33	0.3	6.1	112.14	9.6
3	113.73	1.2	4.6	112.55	9.2
4	114.45	0.6	3.0	112.83	8.6
5	114.91	0.4	2.8	113.09	7.8
6	115.62	0.6	1.8	113.26	7.0
7	114.30	-1.1	2.5	113.49	6.2
8	114.26	0.0	2.7	113.74	5.5
9	116.34	1.8	1.6	113.90	4.7
10	117.00	0.6	3.4	114.22	4.2
11	116.57	-0.4	3.0	114.50	3.8

Note: The indices are rounded up to two decimal figures when published and percentage changes up to one decimal figure when published.

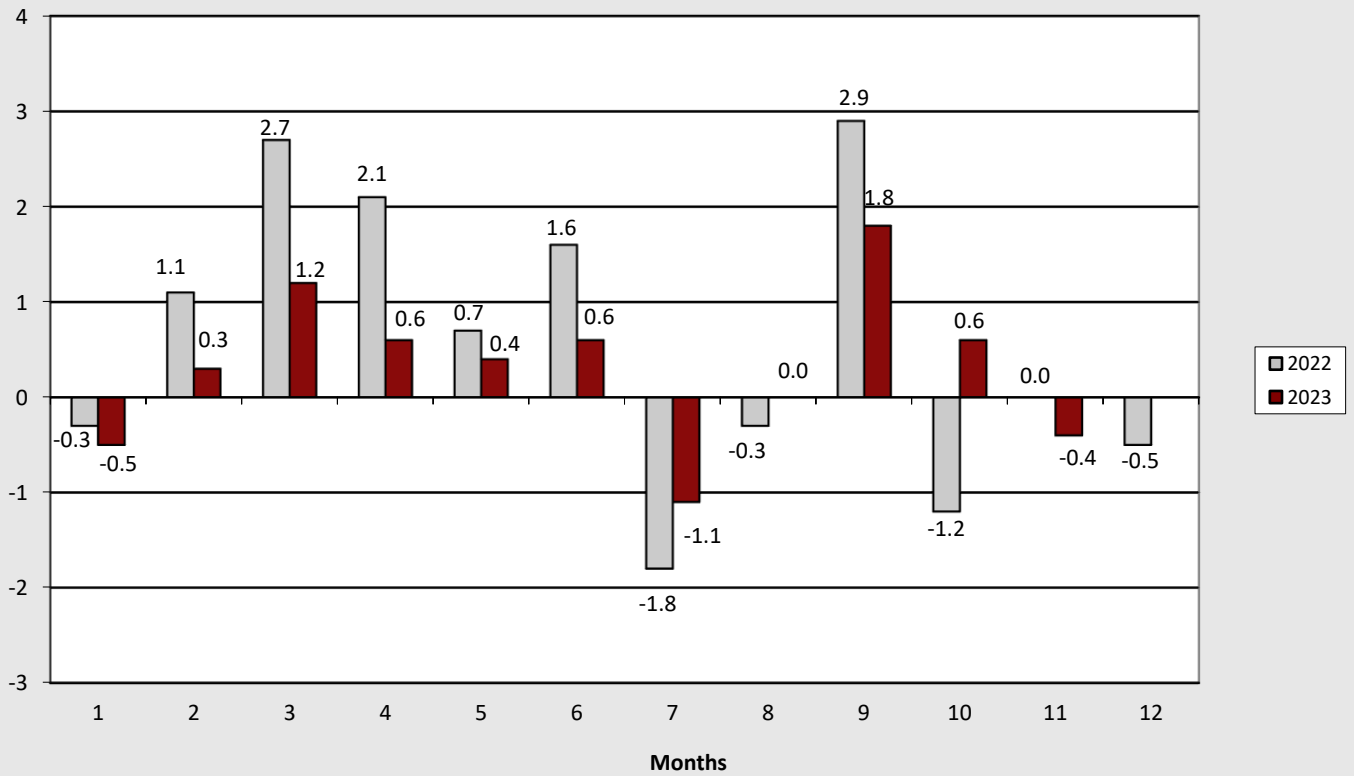
**Table 4. Major price changes from index comparison between
November 2023 and October 2023 and their impact
on the Overall CPI**

Goods and services	Rate of change (%)	Impact
Pork	1.3	0.01
Fresh fish	4.0	0.04
Olive oil	9.9	0.11
Frozen vegetables	5.0	0.02
Sugar-chocolates-sweets-ice creams	1.0	0.01
Mineral water-refreshments-fruit juices	1.6	0.01
Eggs	-2.7	-0.01
Fresh fruit	-5.0	-0.08
Fresh vegetables	-6.1	-0.09
Clothing and footwear	-1.8	-0.09
Electricity	1.0	0.03
Natural gas	18.3	0.07
Heating oil	-3.0	-0.06
Household appliances and repair	-3.2	-0.02
Fuels and lubricants	-2.0	-0.11
Passenger transport by air	-9.4	-0.10
Hotels-motels-inns	-15.0	-0.10
Restaurants-confectioneries-cafes-buffets	0.2	0.02
Other appliances and articles for personal care	-0.6	0.02

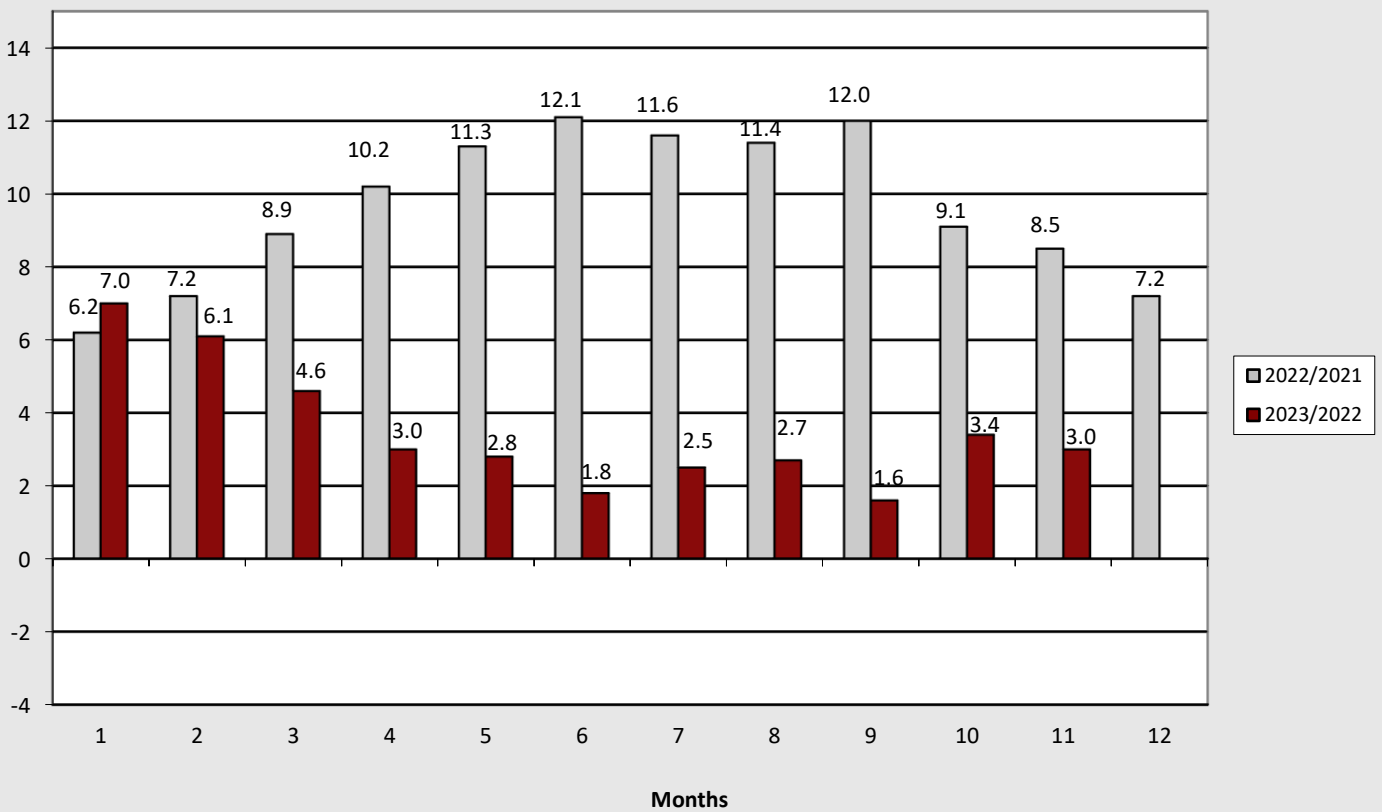
Table 5. Major price changes from index comparison between November 2023 and November 2022 and their impact on the Overall CPI

Goods and services	Rate of change (%)	Impact
Bread and cereals	3.3	0.11
Meat	8.1	0.37
Fish	9.5	0.14
Milk cheese and eggs	4.8	0.17
Oils and fats	31.4	0.39
Fruit	12.0	0.20
Vegetables	10.8	0.30
Sugar-chocolates-sweets-ice creams	7.6	0.08
Food n.e.c.	7.7	0.04
Coffee-cocoa-tea	6.8	0.04
Mineral water-refreshments-fruit juices	13.3	0.08
Alcoholic beverages (not served)	5.9	0.09
Clothing and footwear	6.4	0.36
Natural gas	-53.2	-0.54
Rentals for dwellings	5.1	0.18
Services for the repair and maintenance of the dwelling	2.7	0.02
Electricity	0.7	0.04
Heating oil	6.0	0.05
Solid fuels	9.9	0.08
Non-durable household articles	2.0	0.04
Domestic services	1.7	0.02
Pharmaceutical products	11.8	0.27
Medical-dental and paramedical services	5.3	0.10
Hospital care	0.9	0.02
Fuels and lubricants	-9.3	-0.63
Second hand motor cars	5.8	0.09
Spare parts and accessories of motor cars	6.7	0.03
Maintenance and repair of motor cars-motor cycles	4.8	0.03
Passenger transport by air	3.8	0.08
Telephone services	-3.5	-0.14
Major durables for recreation	2.8	0.01
Small recreational items-flowers-pets	5.6	0.04
Cinemas-theatres	10.3	0.02
Package holidays	8.8	0.02
Equipment for the reception recording and reproduction of sound and vision	-5.0	-0.01
Pre-primary and primary education	4.0	0.04
Secondary education	3.7	0.07
Tertiary education	2.8	0.01
Restaurants-confectioneries-cafes-buffets	5.3	0.58
Hotels-motels-inns	-3.0	-0.03
Hairdressing salons and personal grooming establishments	2.9	0.03
Other appliances and articles for personal care	1.2	0.04
Private insurance connected with health	5.7	0.03
Motor vehicle insurance	2.1	0.03

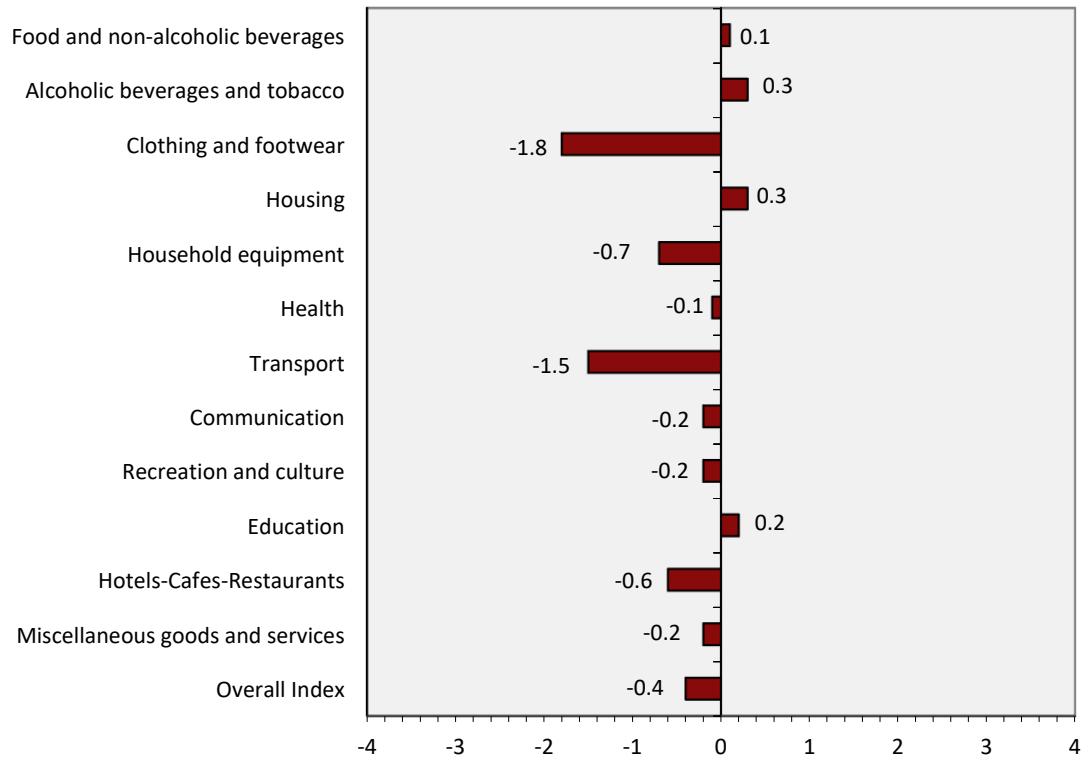
Graph 3. Monthly rates of change (%) of the overall CPI, 2022 and 2023



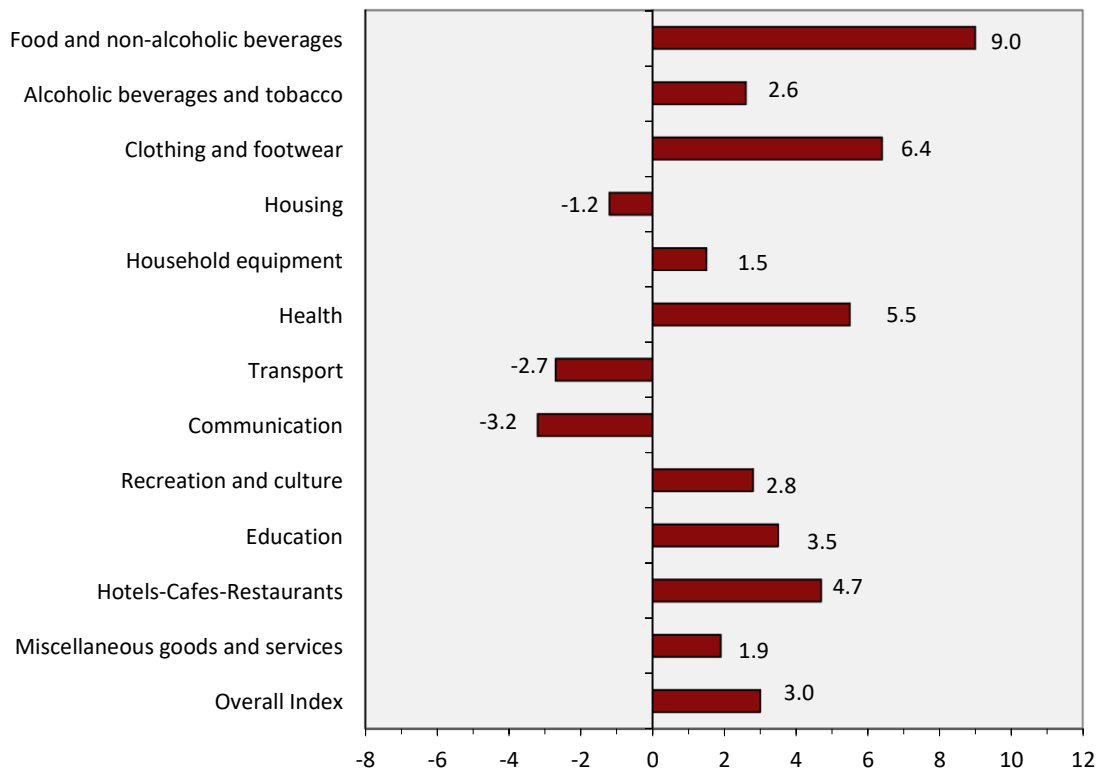
Graph 4. Annual rates of change (%) of the overall CPI, 2022 and 2023



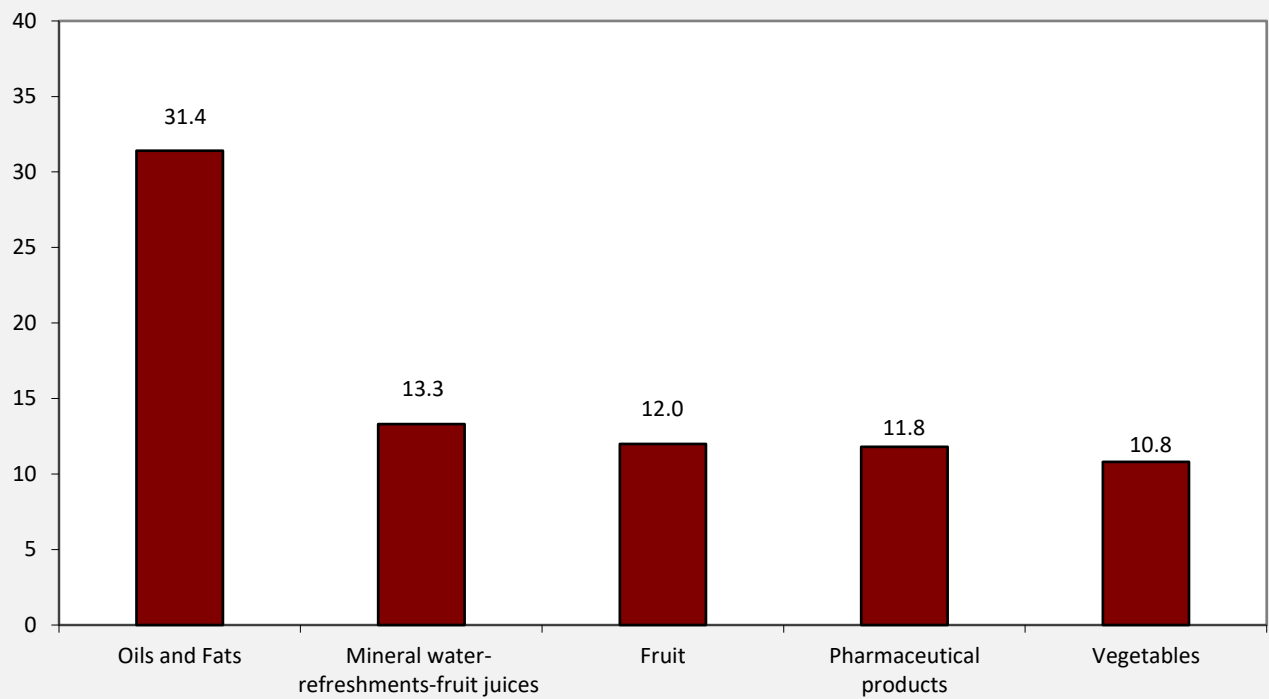
Graph 5. Monthly rates of change (%) of CPI between November 2023 and October 2023



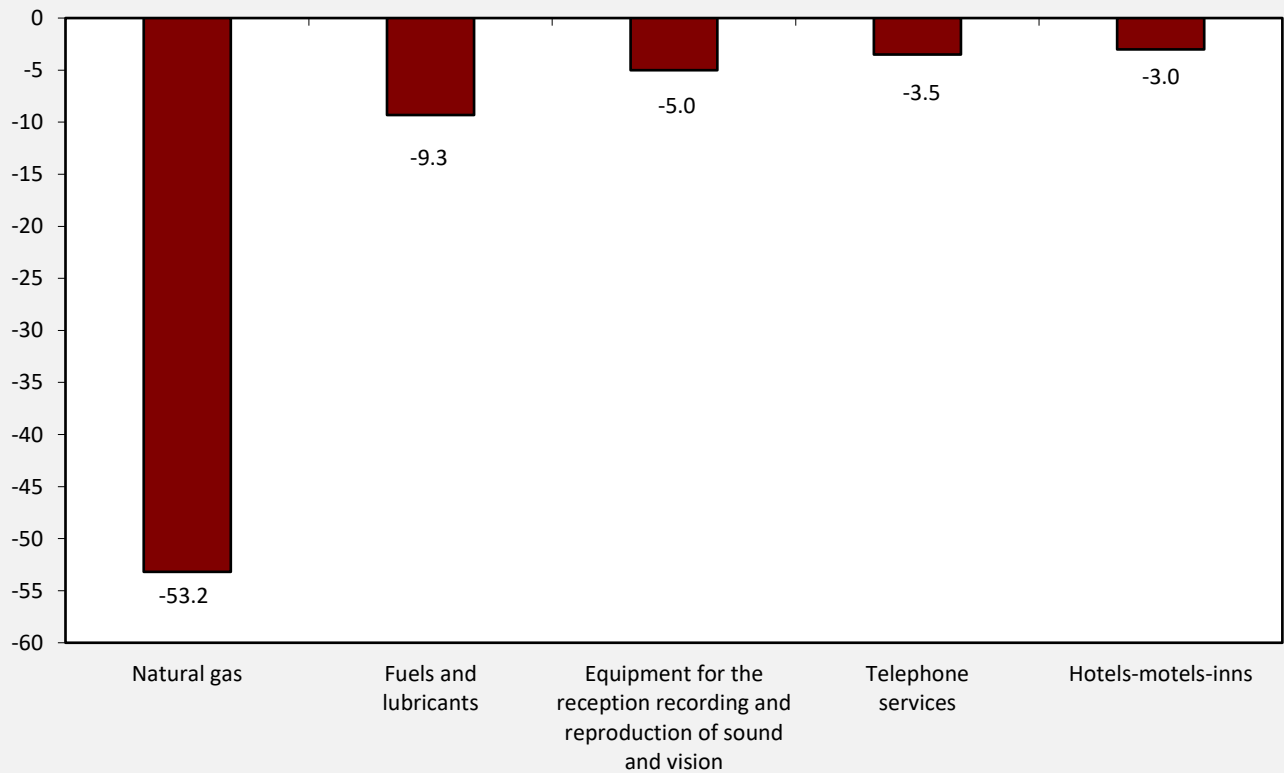
Graph 6. Annual rates of change (%) of CPI between November 2023 and November 2022



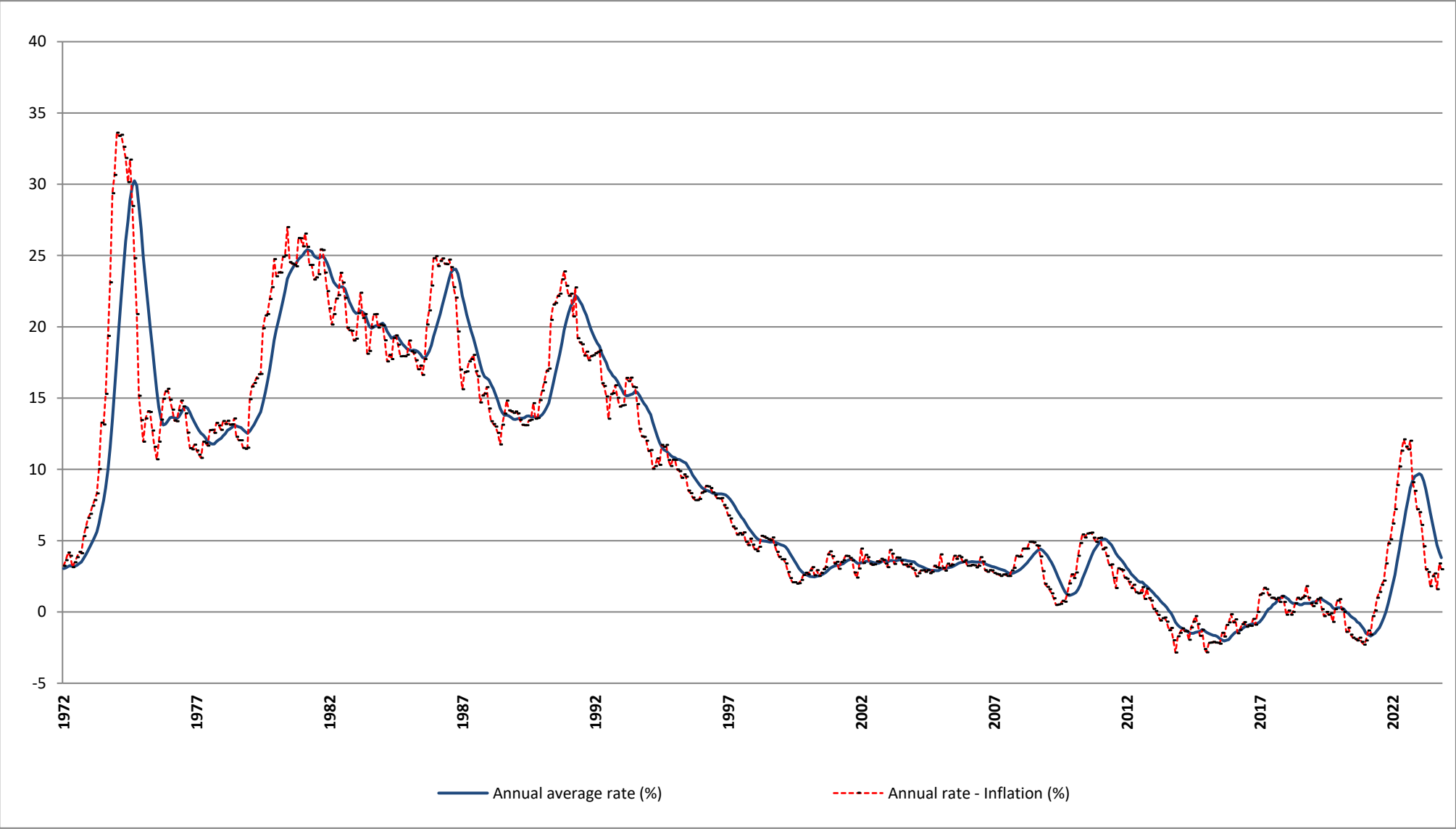
Graph 7. CPI highest annual increases (%)



Graph 8. CPI highest annual decreases (%)



Graph 9. Historical evolution of CPI, 1972 – 2023



METHODOLOGICAL NOTES

Generally	The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is compiled by the Hellenic Statistical Authority (ELSTAT) since 1959. Until the year 2000, the CPI referred to the urban areas of the Country, while from 2001 onwards it refers to the whole Country covering urban, semi-urban and rural areas.
Purpose of the index	The purpose of the CPI is to measure the general level of prices of goods and services purchased by the average Greek household.
Legal basis	Law 3832/2010 .
Reference period	Month.
Base	December of the previous year.
Reference year	2020=100.0.
Chain linking Index	The CPI index follows the chain linking method, introducing new weights annually and having as a base the December of the previous year. The weights are estimated on the basis of the most recent available data of the Household Budget Survey (HBS), extrapolated to the prices of December. The CPI, adjusted on an annual basis to the most recent consumption expenditure pattern of the private households of the Country, ensures the representativeness of goods and services, which compose the “basket” of purchases of the average household.
Geographical and population coverage of the CPI	The CPI refers to the whole Country and covers the resident households of the territory excluding collective households (hospitals, homes for the elderly, boarding houses, prisons, etc.) and non-resident households (tourists) in the Country.
Classification of items	The classification of the CPI items (goods and services) is based on the international classification COICOP (Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose) as this has been adapted to the needs of the HICPs of the EU Member States with the COICOP5/HICP classification.
Weights of items	The weights of CPI items are updated every year, on the basis of the most recent available data of HBS. The weights are calculated as the share (%) of the expenditures for each group, subgroup and item (good or service) to the total household expenditure of the average household.
Price collection Cities	The CPI prices are collected in 27 cities with representative markets for the coverage of the 13 Regions of the Country. The selection criteria of the price collection cities are the size and the particularities of their markets, the possibility of continuous price collection, the comparability of the index and the cost of price collection.
Population weights	The calculation of the population weights by regions is based on the population data of the 2011 General Population Census and the expenditure data of the latest available HBS by regions.
Selection of items	The composition of the "household basket" i.e. the selection of goods and services which are included in the calculation of CPI is updated annually, using the results of the latest available HBS, other market research, etc. The chain linking methodology allows the change of items of the household basket on an annual basis, in order to ensure the representativeness of the items involved in the calculation of groups and subgroups of CPI.
Price collection-Outlets	The prices collection outlets are retail stores, enterprises providing services, street markets etc. which are considered representative of the branches of shops, where the households make their purchases in the 27 selected cities. The methodology allows the renewal of price collection sources, annually, in order to maintain their representativeness in the calculation of CPI. Prices are collected by employees of ELSTAT as well as by external price collectors, hired on a temporary basis. They pay a visit to the selected outlets within a specific time period of a month (monthly prices) or on a specific day of the week (weekly prices). The collected prices correspond to the prices actually faced by the consumer.
Specification-Substitution of items	All the collected items are defined by the specification, that is the particular characteristics which determine the quality, the trade show and the identity, in general, of good products (such as brand, weight, package etc), in order to avoid any price variations attributable to differences in the specification. Once a specified item (good or service) is no longer available in the market or has ceased to be important, as regards consumption, it is substituted by a newly specified item, which has taken its place in the market.

Calculation of the Consumer Price Index

The Consumer Price Index is a Laspeyres-type index and it is calculated based on December of the previous year.

Implementation of formula in five-digit level of COICOP5

Specifically, if the five-digit item h includes q price collected items, then its index in month t of year T , $R_h^{t,T}$, is given by the following formula:

$$R_h^{t,T} = R_h^{12,T-1} \left[\frac{\sum_{i=1}^q w_i^T R_i^{t,T} / R_i^{12,T-1}}{\sum_{i=1}^q w_i^T} \right],$$

where:

$R_h^{12,T-1}$ = the index of the five-digit item h , in December of year $T-1$.

w_i^T = the weight of the price collected item i , in year T .

$R_i^{t,T}$ = the index of the price collected item i , in month t of year T .

$R_i^{12,T-1}$ = the index of the price collected item i , in December of year $T-1$.

A similar methodology is followed for the calculation of indices in the upper levels (two-digit, three-digit and four-digit) of COICOP5 and the calculation of the overall CPI as well.

Publication of data The published CPI time series (reference year 2020=100.0), covers the period from January 1959 onwards. The CPI data are released each month as scheduled, in accordance with the Releases Calendar of ELSTAT, with the [Release and the tables](#).

References Further information concerning the methodology and the compilation of the CPI is available in the [Methodological Publication CPI \(2009=100.0\)](#) and the [Single Integrated Metadata Structure \(SIMS\)](#).