



PRESS RELEASE

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX: November 2019, annual inflation 0.2%

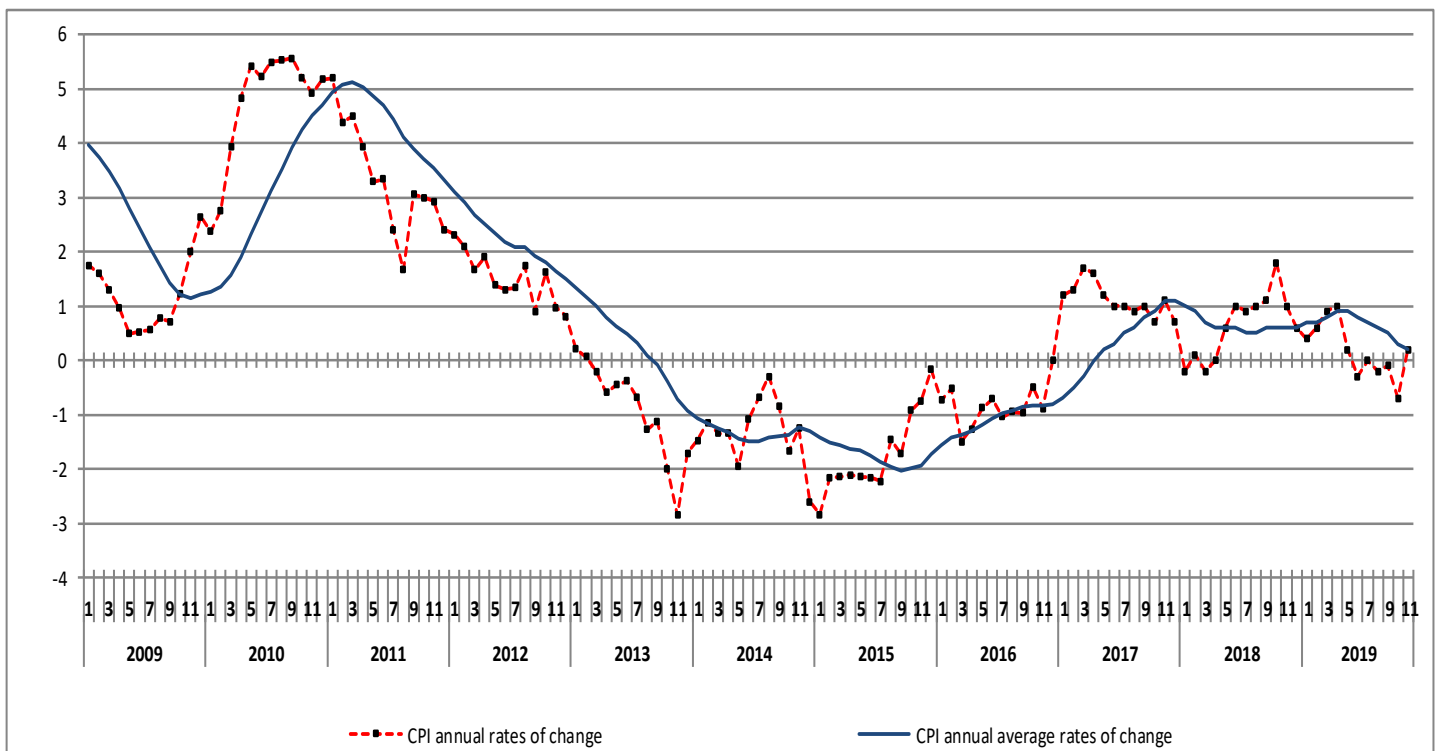
The evolution of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) of November 2019 (reference year 2009=100.0) is depicted as follows:

The CPI in November 2019 compared with November 2018 increased by 0.2%. In November 2018, the annual rate of change of the CPI was 1.0% (Table 2).

The CPI in November 2019 compared with October 2019, decreased by 0.6%. In November 2018, the monthly rate of change of the CPI was -1.5% (Table 1).

The average CPI for the twelve - month period from December 2018 to November 2019, compared with the corresponding index for the period December 2017 to November 2018 increased by 0.2%. The annual rate of change of the average CPI between the twelve - month period December 2017 to November 2018 in comparison to the period December 2016 to November 2017 was 0.6% (Table 3).

Graph 1. Annual and annual average rates of change (%) of CPI



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Analysis of changes of the CPI: November 2019

I. Monthly rates of change: November 2019 compared with October 2019 (Tables 1, 4)

The 0.6% decrease of the Overall CPI in November 2019, compared with the corresponding index in October 2019 is, mainly, due to the changes in the groups of goods and services as follows:

1. A decrease of:

- 9.5% in the group Clothing and footwear, due to the 10-day period of winter sales.
- 0.2% in the group Transport, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of: *petrol, tickets for passenger transport by air*.
- 0.5% in the group Hotel – Cafés – Restaurants, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *hotels-motels-inns*.

2. An increase of:

- 0.3% in the group Food and non-alcoholic beverages, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *pork, lamb and goat, dried salted or smoked meat, yoghurt, olive oil, fresh fruit*. This increase was partly offset by the decrease, mainly, in the prices of: *poultry, fresh fish, fresh vegetables*.
- 0.4% in the group Alcoholic beverages and tobacco, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of *alcoholic beverages (not served)*.
- 0.4% in the group Household equipment, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of *non-durable household articles*. This increase was partly offset by the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *household textiles*.
- 0.7% in the group Miscellaneous goods and services, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of *other appliances and articles for personal care*.

II. Annual rates of change: November 2019 compared with November 2018 (Tables 2, 5)

The 0.2% increase of the Overall CPI in November 2019, compared with the corresponding index in November 2018 is, mainly, due to the changes in the groups of goods and services as follows:

1. An increase of:

- 0.4% in the group Alcoholic beverages and tobacco, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of *alcoholic beverages (not served)*.
- 1.9% in the group Health, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of *pharmaceutical products*.
- 2.2% in the group Transport, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of *tickets for passenger transport by air*. This increase was partly offset by the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *fuels and lubricants*.
- 2.5% in the group Communication, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of *telephone services*.
- 0.6% in the group Education, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of *fees of pre-primary and primary education*.
- 0.4% in the group Hotel – Cafés – Restaurants, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *restaurants-confectioneries-cafés-buffets, hotels-motels-inns*.
- 0.7% in the group Miscellaneous goods and services, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *other appliances and articles for personal care, motor vehicle insurance*.

2. A decrease of:

- 0.5% in the group Food and non-alcoholic beverages due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of: *bread and cereals, fresh fish, oils and fats, fresh vegetables, potatoes, preserved or processed vegetables, sugar-chocolates-sweets-ice creams, other food, coffee-cocoa-tea, fruit juices*. This decrease was partly offset by the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *meat, milk whole fresh, cheese, fresh fruit*.
- 0.3% in the group Clothing and footwear, due to the decrease in the prices of clothing and footwear.
- 1.8% in the group Housing, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *heating oil, natural gas, electricity*.
- 0.7% in the group Household equipment, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of: *furniture and furnishings, household textiles*. This decrease was partly offset by the increase, mainly, in the prices of *non-durable household articles*.
- 1.7% in the group Recreation and culture, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of: *audiovisual and information processing equipment, small recreation items-flowers-pets*.

**Table 1. Monthly rates of change of CPI
(Reference year: 2009=100.0)**

| Main groups of goods and services | Weights HBS 2017 (%) | 2019 | 2019 | Rate of change % | 2018 | 2018 | Rate of change % |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| | | November | October | | November | October | |
| 1. Food & non-alcoholic beverages | 205.76 | 105.02 | 104.75 | 0.3 | 105.56 | 106.47 | -0.9 |
| 2. Alcoholic beverages and tobacco | 39.57 | 148.77 | 148.25 | 0.4 | 148.12 | 148.02 | 0.1 |
| 3. Clothing and footwear | 64.79 | 93.74 | 103.62 | -9.5 | 94.03 | 104.15 | -9.7 |
| 4. Housing | 141.34 | 120.01 | 119.96 | 0.0 | 122.18 | 122.86 | -0.6 |
| 5. Household equipment | 43.29 | 87.31 | 86.96 | 0.4 | 87.89 | 89.09 | -1.3 |
| 6. Health | 74.17 | 99.13 | 99.08 | 0.0 | 97.30 | 97.33 | 0.0 |
| 7. Transport | 142.99 | 126.66 | 126.90 | -0.2 | 123.90 | 127.16 | -2.6 |
| 8. Communication | 43.85 | 107.28 | 107.46 | -0.2 | 104.67 | 104.69 | 0.0 |
| 9. Recreation and culture | 39.76 | 86.98 | 87.14 | -0.2 | 88.45 | 88.84 | -0.4 |
| 10. Education | 32.49 | 88.98 | 88.95 | 0.0 | 88.45 | 88.45 | 0.0 |
| 11. Hotels – Cafés – Restaurants | 106.64 | 108.90 | 109.46 | -0.5 | 108.47 | 109.32 | -0.8 |
| 12. Miscellaneous goods and services | 65.33 | 91.55 | 90.92 | 0.7 | 90.92 | 92.10 | -1.3 |
| Overall Index | 1000.00 | 107.05 | 107.67 | -0.6 | 106.81 | 108.44 | -1.5 |

Note: The indices are rounded up to two decimal figures when published and percentage changes up to one decimal figure when published.

Graph 2. Annual and monthly rates of change (%) of CPI

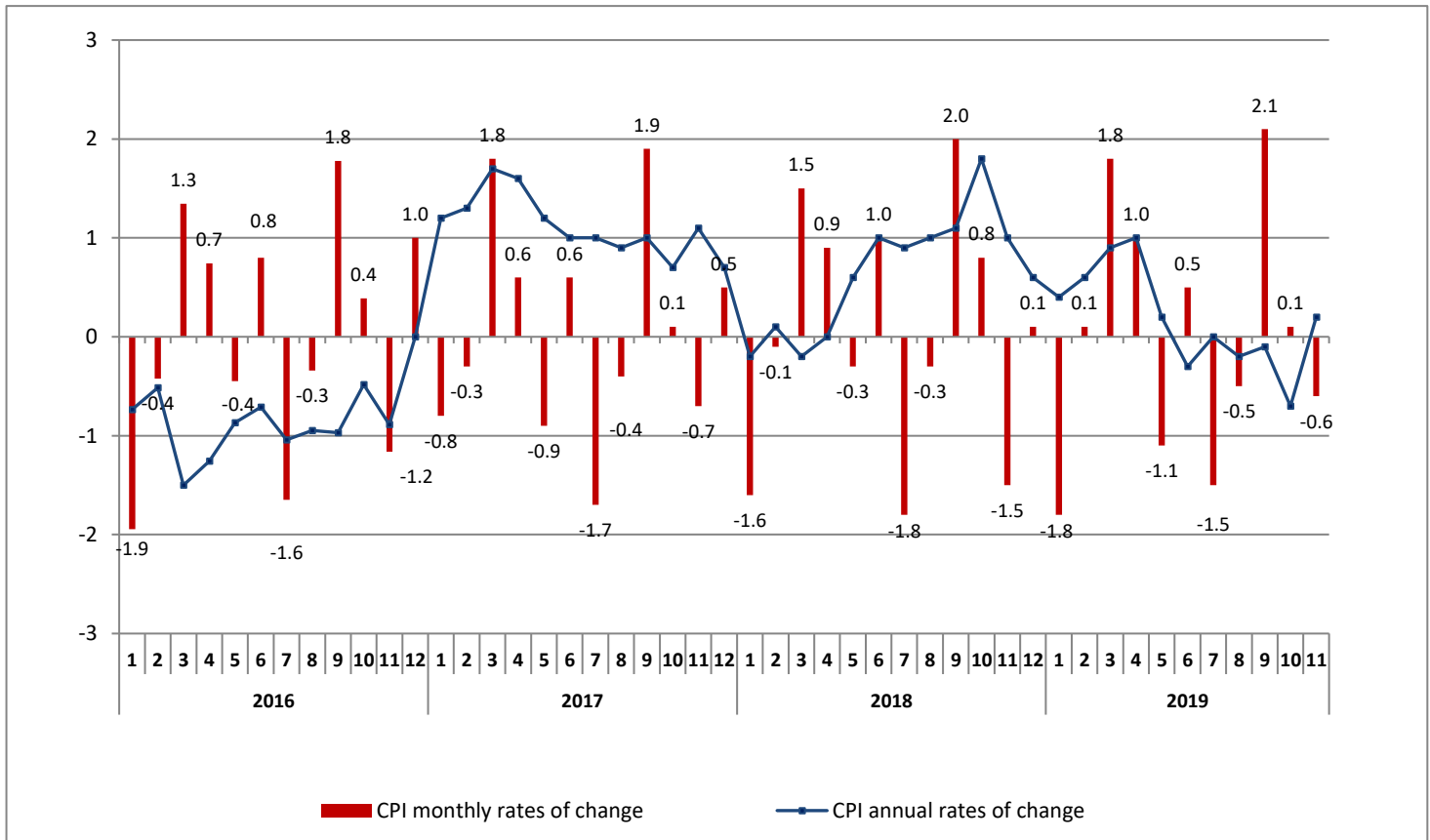


Table 2. Inflation – Annual rates of change of CPI
(Reference year: 2009=100.0)

I: November 2019/2018

| Main groups of goods and services | November | | Rate of change (%) | Impact |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|---------|
| | 2019 | 2018 | | |
| 1. Food and non alcoholic beverages | 105.02 | 105.56 | -0.5 | -0.1055 |
| 2. Alcoholic beverages and tobacco | 148.77 | 148.12 | 0.4 | 0.0172 |
| 3. Clothing and footwear | 93.74 | 94.03 | -0.3 | -0.0197 |
| 4. Housing | 120.01 | 122.18 | -1.8 | -0.2487 |
| 5. Household equipment | 87.31 | 87.89 | -0.7 | -0.0281 |
| 6. Health | 99.13 | 97.30 | 1.9 | 0.1394 |
| 7. Transport | 126.66 | 123.90 | 2.2 | 0.3174 |
| 8. Communication | 107.28 | 104.67 | 2.5 | 0.1086 |
| 9. Recreation and culture | 86.98 | 88.45 | -1.7 | -0.0664 |
| 10. Education | 88.98 | 88.45 | 0.6 | 0.0195 |
| 11. Hotels – Cafés – Restaurants | 108.90 | 108.47 | 0.4 | 0.0440 |
| 12. Miscellaneous goods and services | 91.55 | 90.92 | 0.7 | 0.0452 |
| Overall Index | 107.05 | 106.81 | 0.2 | |

II: November 2018/2017

| Main groups of goods and services | November | | Rate of change (%) | Impact |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|---------|
| | 2018 | 2017 | | |
| 1. Food and non alcoholic beverages | 105.56 | 104.50 | 1.0 | 0.2103 |
| 2. Alcoholic beverages and tobacco | 148.12 | 146.65 | 1.0 | 0.0437 |
| 3. Clothing and footwear | 94.03 | 94.67 | -0.7 | -0.0563 |
| 4. Housing | 122.18 | 119.16 | 2.5 | 0.3483 |
| 5. Household equipment | 87.89 | 89.49 | -1.8 | -0.0807 |
| 6. Health | 97.30 | 96.58 | 0.7 | 0.0552 |
| 7. Transport | 123.90 | 121.08 | 2.3 | 0.3421 |
| 8. Communication | 104.67 | 100.39 | 4.3 | 0.1797 |
| 9. Recreation and culture | 88.45 | 89.23 | -0.9 | -0.0356 |
| 10. Education | 88.45 | 89.22 | -0.9 | -0.0279 |
| 11. Hotels – Cafés – Restaurants | 108.47 | 107.19 | 1.2 | 0.1218 |
| 12. Miscellaneous goods and services | 90.92 | 92.50 | -1.7 | -0.1138 |
| Overall Index | 106.81 | 105.77 | 1.0 | |

Note: The indices are rounded up to two decimal figures when published and percentage changes up to one decimal figure when published.

**Table 3. Comparisons of the overall CPI
(Reference year: 2009=100.0)**

| Year and month | Overall Index | Monthly rates of change % | Annual rates of change Inflation % | Annual average index (moving average) | Annual average rates of change % |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 2016: 1 | 103.56 | -1.9 | -0.7 | 105.46 | -1.6 |
| 2 | 103.12 | -0.4 | -0.5 | 105.41 | -1.4 |
| 3 | 104.51 | 1.3 | -1.5 | 105.28 | -1.4 |
| 4 | 105.28 | 0.7 | -1.3 | 105.17 | -1.3 |
| 5 | 104.81 | -0.4 | -0.9 | 105.09 | -1.2 |
| 6 | 105.65 | 0.8 | -0.7 | 105.03 | -1.1 |
| 7 | 103.91 | -1.6 | -1.0 | 104.94 | -1.0 |
| 8 | 103.55 | -0.3 | -0.9 | 104.85 | -0.9 |
| 9 | 105.39 | 1.8 | -1.0 | 104.77 | -0.9 |
| 10 | 105.80 | 0.4 | -0.5 | 104.73 | -0.8 |
| 11 | 104.57 | -1.2 | -0.9 | 104.65 | -0.8 |
| 12 | 105.64 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 104.65 | -0.8 |
| Annual average | 104.65 | - | - | 104.65 | -0.8 |
| 2017: 1 | 104.76 | -0.8 | 1.2 | 104.75 | -0.7 |
| 2 | 104.46 | -0.3 | 1.3 | 104.86 | -0.5 |
| 3 | 106.33 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 105.01 | -0.3 |
| 4 | 107.01 | 0.6 | 1.6 | 105.16 | 0.0 |
| 5 | 106.06 | -0.9 | 1.2 | 105.26 | 0.2 |
| 6 | 106.72 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 105.35 | 0.3 |
| 7 | 104.94 | -1.7 | 1.0 | 105.44 | 0.5 |
| 8 | 104.48 | -0.4 | 0.9 | 105.51 | 0.6 |
| 9 | 106.45 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 105.60 | 0.8 |
| 10 | 106.56 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 105.67 | 0.9 |
| 11 | 105.77 | -0.7 | 1.1 | 105.77 | 1.1 |
| 12 | 106.33 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 105.82 | 1.1 |
| Annual average | 105.82 | - | - | 105.82 | 1.1 |
| 2018: 1 | 104.58 | -1.6 | -0.2 | 105.81 | 1.0 |
| 2 | 104.52 | -0.1 | 0.1 | 105.81 | 0.9 |
| 3 | 106.08 | 1.5 | -0.2 | 105.79 | 0.7 |
| 4 | 107.05 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 105.80 | 0.6 |
| 5 | 106.70 | -0.3 | 0.6 | 105.85 | 0.6 |
| 6 | 107.76 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 105.94 | 0.6 |
| 7 | 105.84 | -1.8 | 0.9 | 106.01 | 0.5 |
| 8 | 105.49 | -0.3 | 1.0 | 106.09 | 0.5 |
| 9 | 107.61 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 106.19 | 0.6 |
| 10 | 108.44 | 0.8 | 1.8 | 106.35 | 0.6 |
| 11 | 106.81 | -1.5 | 1.0 | 106.43 | 0.6 |
| 12 | 106.92 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 106.48 | 0.6 |
| Annual average | 106.48 | - | - | 106.48 | 0.6 |
| 2019: 1 | 105.04 | -1.8 | 0.4 | 106.52 | 0.7 |
| 2 | 105.17 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 106.58 | 0.7 |
| 3 | 107.08 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 106.66 | 0.8 |
| 4 | 108.14 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 106.75 | 0.9 |
| 5 | 106.95 | -1.1 | 0.2 | 106.77 | 0.9 |
| 6 | 107.46 | 0.5 | -0.3 | 106.75 | 0.8 |
| 7 | 105.89 | -1.5 | 0.0 | 106.75 | 0.7 |
| 8 | 105.31 | -0.5 | -0.2 | 106.74 | 0.6 |
| 9 | 107.53 | 2.1 | -0.1 | 106.73 | 0.5 |
| 10 | 107.67 | 0.1 | -0.7 | 106.66 | 0.3 |
| 11 | 107.05 | -0.6 | 0.2 | 106.68 | 0.2 |

Note: The indices are rounded up to two decimal figures when published and percentage changes up to one decimal figure when published.

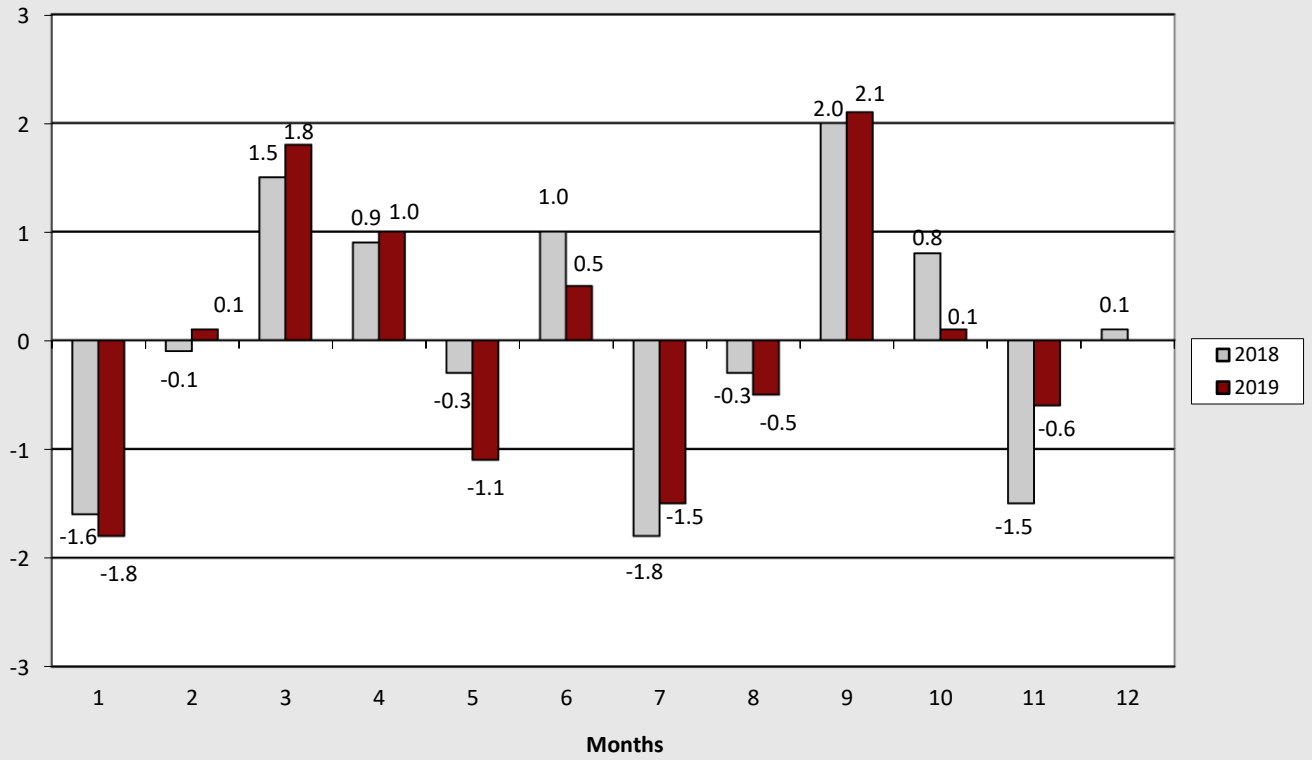
**Table 4. Major price changes from index comparison between
November 2019 and October 2019 and their impact
on the Overall CPI**

| Goods and services | Rate of change (%) | Impact |
|---|---------------------------|---------------|
| Pork | 1.4 | 0.01 |
| Lamb and goat | 4.2 | 0.02 |
| Dried salted or smoked meat | 2.3 | 0.01 |
| Yoghurt | 4.0 | 0.02 |
| Fresh vegetables | -2.7 | -0.03 |
| Fresh fruit | 4.7 | 0.06 |
| Fresh fish | -1.0 | -0.01 |
| Poultry | -1.8 | -0.02 |
| Olive oil | 1.8 | 0.01 |
| Alcoholic beverages (not served) | 1.1 | 0.01 |
| Non-durable household articles | 1.6 | 0.02 |
| Household textiles | -2.2 | -0.01 |
| Heating oil | 0.6 | 0.01 |
| Petrol | -0.4 | -0.02 |
| Passenger transport by air | -1.0 | -0.02 |
| Hotels-motels-inns | -9.5 | -0.07 |
| Other appliances and articles for personal care | 1.9 | 0.05 |
| 10-day winter sales | - | -0.62 |

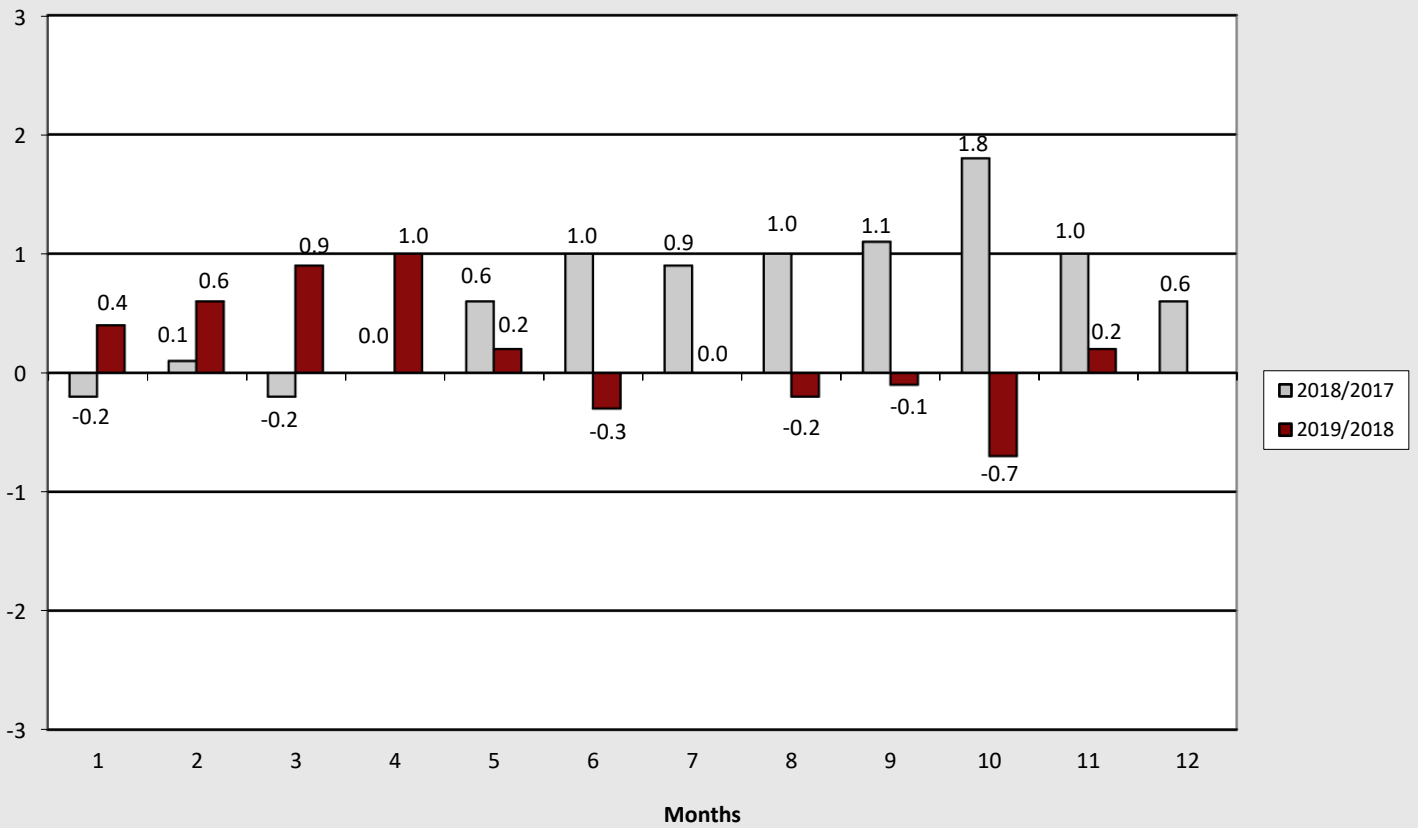
**Table 5. Major price changes from index comparison between
November 2019 and November 2018 and their impact
on the Overall CPI**

| Goods and services | Rate of change (%) | Impact |
|--|---------------------------|---------------|
| Fresh vegetables | -1.3 | -0.02 |
| Oils and fats | -8.7 | -0.11 |
| Milk whole fresh | 2.7 | 0.02 |
| Fresh fruit | 12.5 | 0.15 |
| Cheese | 1.8 | 0.03 |
| Meat | 2.4 | 0.11 |
| Bread and cereals | -1.6 | -0.05 |
| Preserved or processed vegetables | -2.9 | -0.02 |
| Sugar-chocolates-sweets-ice creams | -4.7 | -0.05 |
| Other food | -4.1 | -0.02 |
| Coffee-cocoa-tea | -6.9 | -0.04 |
| Fruit juices | -7.4 | -0.02 |
| Fresh fish | -3.1 | -0.03 |
| Potatoes | -10.1 | -0.05 |
| Alcoholic beverages (not served) | 1.1 | 0.01 |
| Clothing and footwear | -0.3 | -0.02 |
| Heating oil | -6.3 | -0.20 |
| Electricity | -0.4 | -0.01 |
| Natural gas | -12.5 | -0.05 |
| Non-durable household articles | 0.7 | 0.01 |
| Household textiles | -2.7 | -0.02 |
| Furniture and furnishings | -4.3 | -0.01 |
| Pharmaceutical products | 5.6 | 0.14 |
| Fuels and lubricants | -0.4 | -0.04 |
| Passenger transport by air | 22.9 | 0.37 |
| Telephone services | 2.7 | 0.12 |
| Audiovisual and information processing equipment | -8.7 | -0.05 |
| Small recreation items-flowers-pets | -1.5 | -0.01 |
| Pre-primary and primary education | 2.4 | 0.02 |
| Restaurants - confectioneries - cafes - buffets | 0.3 | 0.03 |
| Hotels-motels-inns | 2.7 | 0.01 |
| Other appliances and articles for personal care | 1.0 | 0.03 |
| Motor vehicle insurance | 1.0 | 0.02 |

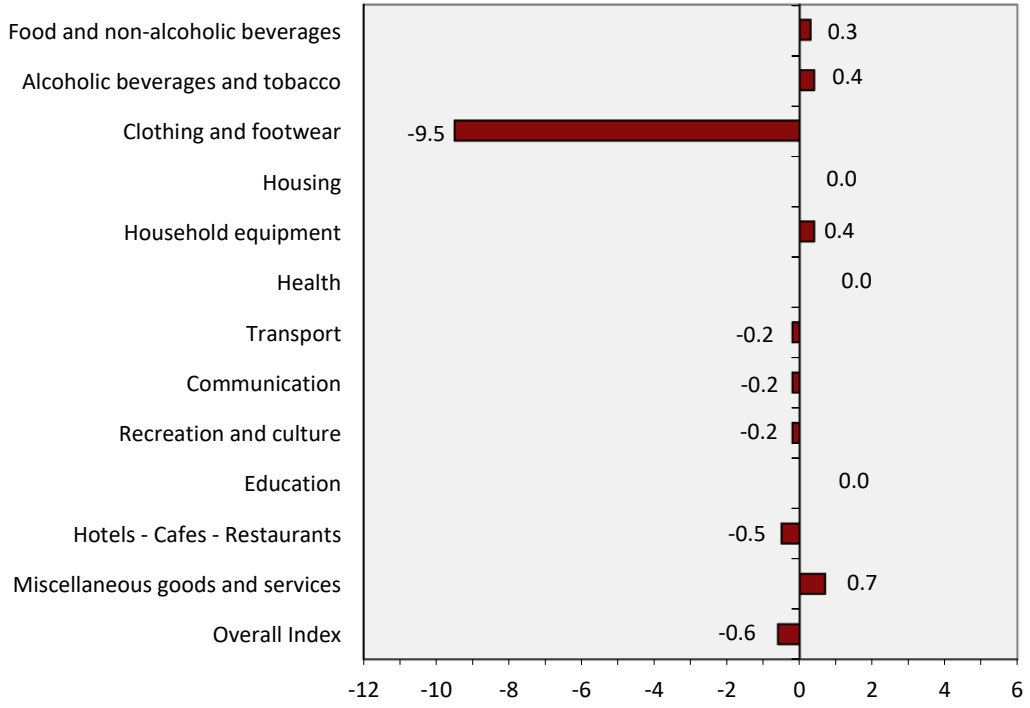
Graph 3. Monthly rates of change (%) of the overall CPI, 2018 and 2019



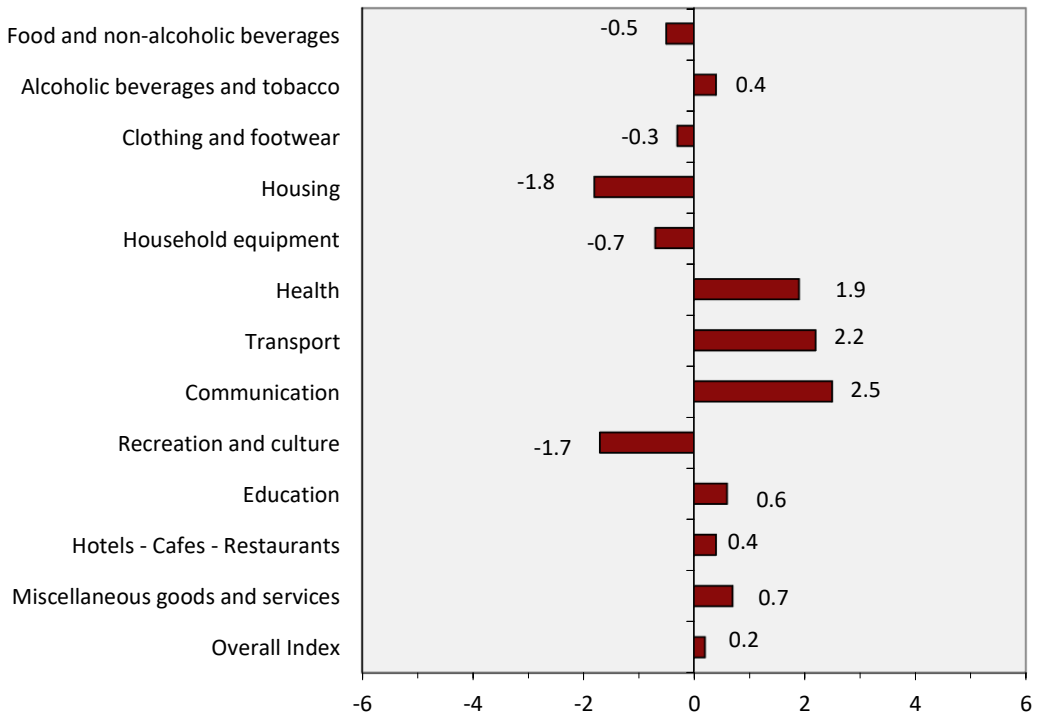
Graph 4. Annual rates of change (%) of the overall CPI, 2018 and 2019



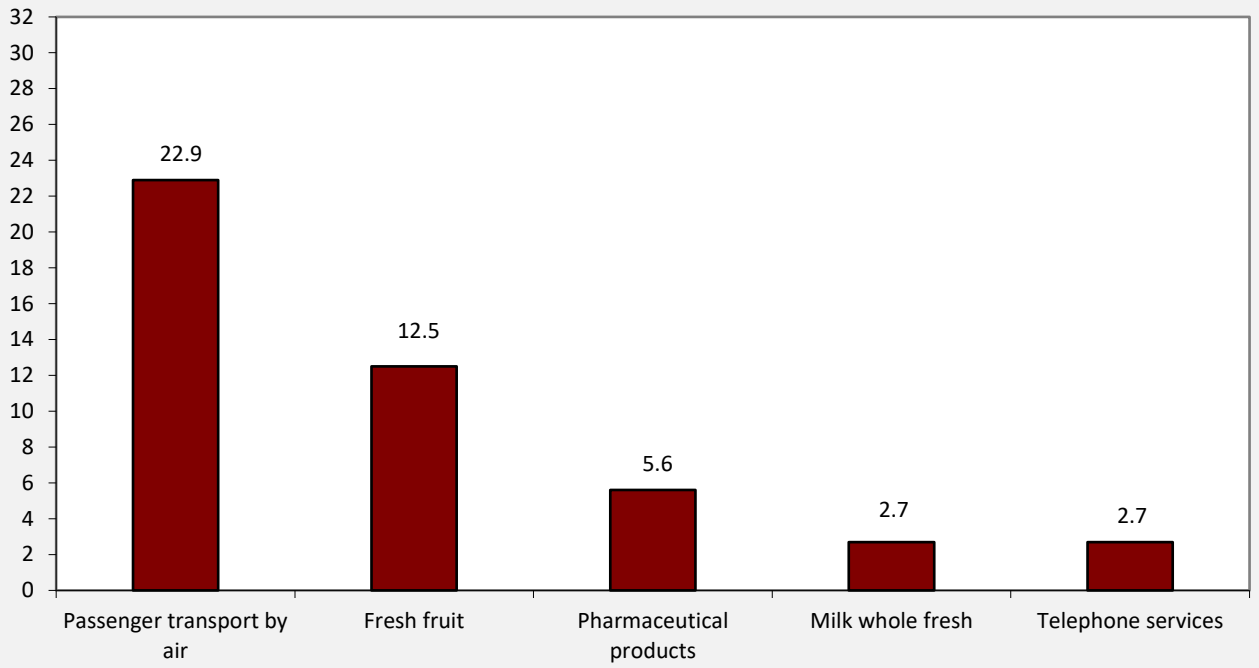
Graph 5. Monthly rates of change (%) of CPI between November 2019 and October 2019



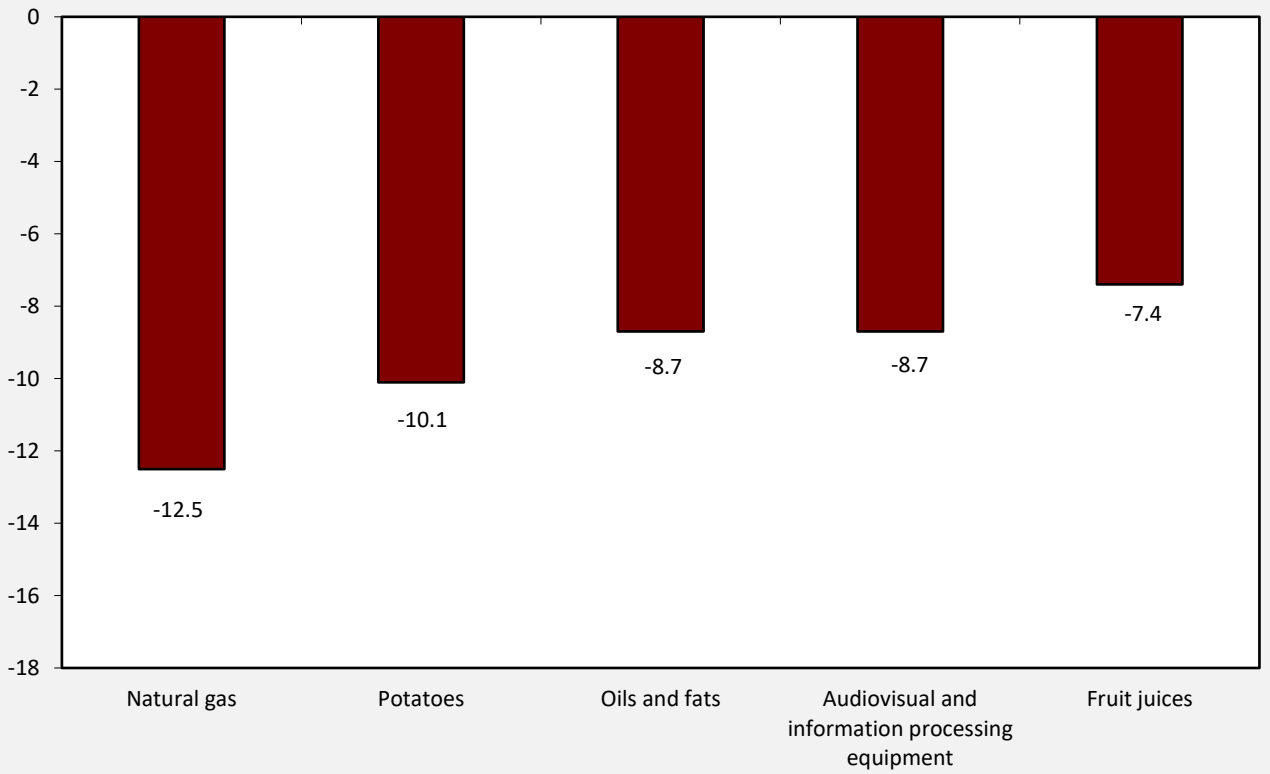
Graph 6. Annual rates of change (%) of CPI between November 2019 and November 2018



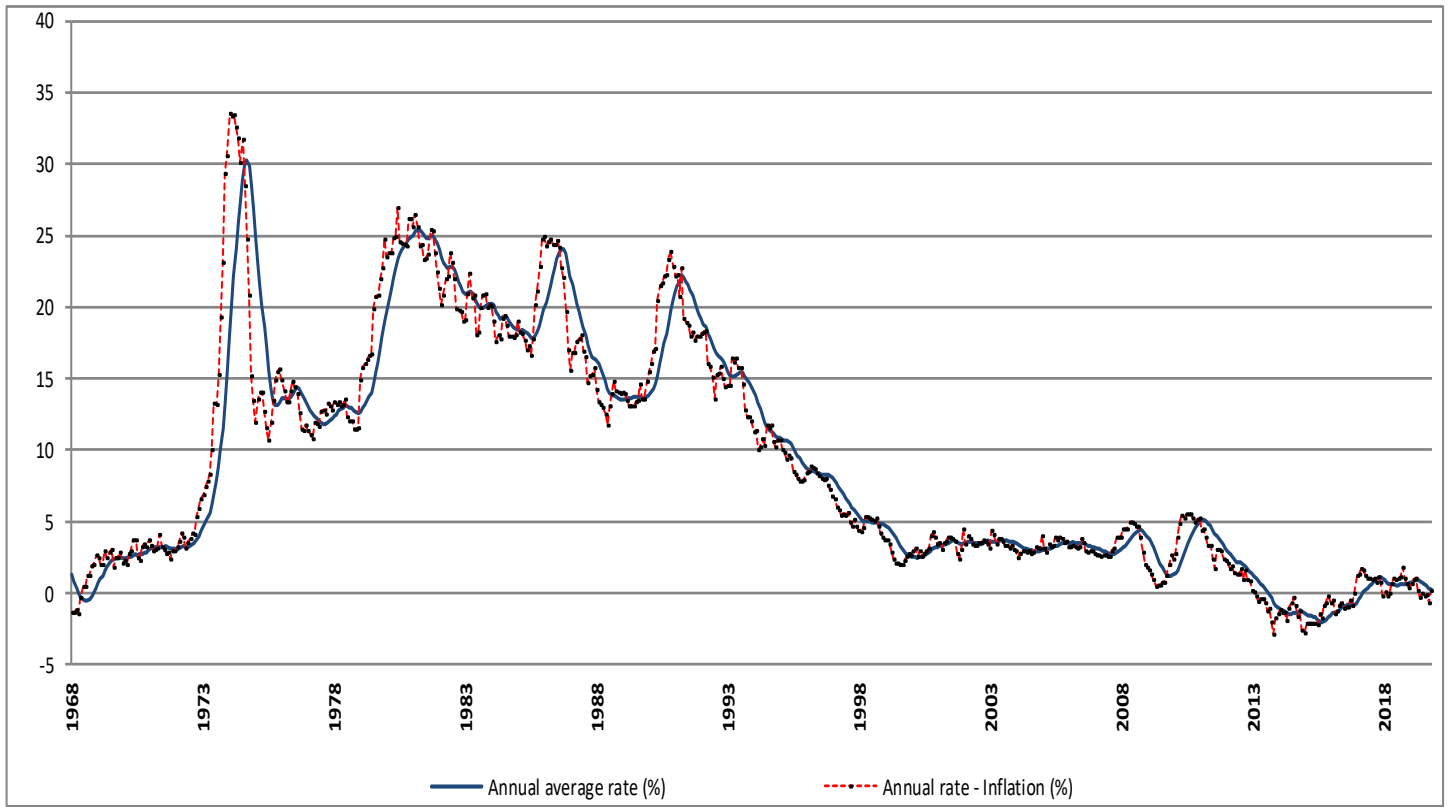
Graph 7. CPI highest annual increases (%)



Graph 8. CPI highest annual decreases (%)



Graph 9. Historical evolution of CPI. 1968 – 2019



METHODOLOGICAL NOTES

| | |
|--|--|
| Generally | The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is compiled by the Hellenic Statistical Authority (ELSTAT) since 1959. Until the year 2000, the CPI referred to the urban areas of the Country, while from 2001 onwards it refers to the whole Country covering urban, semi-urban and rural areas. |
| Purpose of the index | The purpose of the CPI is to measure the general level of prices of goods and services purchased by the average Greek household. |
| Legal basis | Law 3832/2010 . |
| Reference period | Month. |
| Base | December of the previous year. |
| Reference year | 2009=100.0. |
| Chain linking Index | The CPI index follows the chain linking method, introducing new weights annually and having as a base the December of the previous year. The weights are estimated on the basis of the most recent available data of the Household Budget Survey (HBS), extrapolated to the prices of December. The CPI, adjusted on an annual basis to the most recent consumption expenditure pattern of the private households of the Country, ensures the representativeness of goods and services, which compose the “basket” of purchases of the average household. |
| Geographical and population coverage of the CPI | The CPI refers to the whole Country and covers the resident households of the territory excluding collective households (hospitals, homes for the elderly, boarding houses, prisons, etc.) and non-resident households (tourists) in the Country. |
| Classification of items | The classification of the CPI items (goods and services) is based on the international classification COICOP (Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose) as this has been adapted to the needs of the HICPs of the EU Member States with the COICOP5/HICP classification. |
| Weights of items | The weights of CPI items are updated every year, on the basis of the most recent available data of HBS. The weights are calculated as the share (%) of the expenditures for each group, subgroup and item (good or service) to the total household expenditure of the average household. |
| Price collection Cities | The CPI prices are collected in 27 cities with representative markets for the coverage of the 13 Regions of the Country. The selection criteria of the price collection cities are the size and the particularities of their markets, the possibility of continuous price collection, the comparability of the index and the cost of price collection. |
| Population weights | The calculation of the population weights by regions is based on the population data of the 2011 General Population Census and the expenditure data of the latest available HBS by regions. |
| Selection of items | The composition of the "household basket" i.e. the selection of goods and services which are included in the calculation of CPI is updated annually, using the results of the latest available HBS, other market research, etc. The chain linking methodology allows the change of items of the household basket on an annual basis, in order to ensure the representativeness of the items involved in the calculation of groups and subgroups of CPI. |
| Price collection-Outlets | The prices collection outlets are retail stores, enterprises providing services, street markets etc. which are considered representative of the branches of shops, where the households make their purchases in the 27 selected cities. The methodology allows the renewal of price collection sources, annually, in order to maintain their representativeness in the calculation of CPI. Prices are collected by employees of ELSTAT as well as by external price collectors, hired on a temporary basis. They pay a visit to the selected outlets within a specific time period of a month (monthly prices) or on a specific day of the week (weekly prices). The collected prices correspond to the prices actually faced by the consumer. |
| Specification-Substitution of items | All the collected items are defined by the specification, that is the particular characteristics which determine the quality, the trade show and the identity, in general, of good products (such as brand, weight, package etc), in order to avoid any price variations attributable to differences in the specification. Once a specified item (good or service) is no longer available in the market or has ceased to be important, as regards consumption, it is substituted by a newly specified item, which has taken its place in the market. |

Calculation of the Consumer Price Index

The Consumer Price Index is a Laspeyres-type index and it is calculated based on December of the previous year.

Implementation of formula in five-digit level of COICOP5

Specifically, if the five-digit item h includes q price collected items, then its index in month t of year T, $R_h^{t,T}$, is given by the following formula:

$$R_h^{t,T} = R_h^{12,T-1} \left[\frac{\sum_{i=1}^q w_i^T R_i^{t,T} / R_i^{12,T-1}}{\sum_{i=1}^q w_i^T} \right],$$

where:

$R_h^{12,T-1}$ = the index of the five-digit item h, in December of year T-1.

w_i^T = the weight of the price collected item i, in year T.

$R_i^{t,T}$ = the index of the price collected item i, in month t of year T.

$R_i^{12,T-1}$ = the index of the price collected item i, in December of year T-1.

A similar methodology is followed for the calculation of indices in the upper levels (two-digit, three-digit and four-digit) of COICOP5 and the calculation of the overall CPI as well.

Publication of data The published CPI time series (reference year 2009=100.0), covers the period from January 1959 onwards. The CPI data are released each month as scheduled, in accordance with the Press Releases Calendar of ELSTAT, with the [Press Release and the tables](#).

References Further information concerning the methodology and the compilation of the CPI is available in the [Methodological Publication CPI \(2009=100.0\)](#) and the [Single Integrated Metadata Structure \(SIMS\)](#).