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SURVEY ON THE LABOUR MARKET SITUATION OF MIGRANTS AND THEIR IMMEDIATE DESCENDANTS

LABOUR FORCE SURVEY – AD HOC MODULE 2014

The Hellenic Statistical Authority announces the results of the ad hoc survey on the labour market situation of migrants and their immediate descendants (Labour Force Survey ad hoc module 2014). The survey was conducted during the 2nd quarter of 2014 together with the Labour Force Survey.

The main targets of the survey were to:

- estimate the number of migrants and their immediate descendants;
- investigate the social, economic, educational and migration history background of migrants;
- analyse the differences between the labour market situation of migrants and their immediate descendants and that of natives;
- identify the main obstacles faced by migrants and their descendants in participating in the labour market.

The target population of the survey was persons aged 15 – 64 years. The response rate of the ad hoc survey was 91.2%. For the purposes of the survey the persons that were born abroad or had, at least, one parent born abroad were considered as persons with migrant background.

Number of migrants and migrant background

9.2% of all the persons aged 15 – 64 years who responded to the survey stated that were born abroad. The percentage of persons born in Greece but having, at least, one parent born abroad amounts to 1.9%. Table 1 presents all reported combinations of place of birth of the respondents and their parents.

Table 1. Migrant background

	N	%
Born in Greece, both parents born in Greece	5.875.636	83,4
Born in Greece, one parent born abroad	67.455	1,0
Born in Greece, both parents born abroad	61.061	0,9
Born in Greece, unknown country of birth of parents	383.202	5,4
Born abroad, both parents born in Greece	13.266	0,2
Born abroad, one parent born abroad	14.087	0,2
Born abroad, both parents born abroad	511.377	7,3
Born abroad, unknown country of birth of parents	108.785	1,5
Did not answer	12.202	0,2
Total	7.047.071	100,0

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As regards the breakdown of data by gender, the proportion of women is slightly higher among persons with a migrant background. The differences in the age structure of the two groups (persons with migrant background and natives) are bigger: the share of persons aged 15-35 is bigger for persons with a migrant background and specifically for persons who were born abroad or whose, at least, one parent was born abroad.

Furthermore, on the basis of available survey data, it is concluded that the average age of persons with a migrant background is considerably lower than the average age of natives: 37.4 and 40.6 years, respectively (Table 2).

Table 2. Persons aged 15-64 years by country of birth, parents' country of birth, gender and age group

		Total	Country of birth of respondent and respondent's parents							
			Persons born in Greece and also both parents born in Greece		Persons either born abroad or with at least one parent born abroad		Persons born abroad and have both parents born abroad		No answer	
			N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Gender	Males	3.482.951	2.933.427	49,9	121.689	46,0	248.850	48,7	178.984	45,3
	Females	3.564.120	2.942.210	50,1	142.964	54,0	262.526	51,3	216.421	54,7
Age groups	15-24	1.093.971	921.736	15,7	69.881	26,4	72.659	14,2	29.695	7,5
	25-34	1.422.865	1.168.527	19,9	60.448	22,8	132.558	25,9	61.332	15,5
	35-44	1.643.319	1.329.972	22,6	58.049	21,9	150.397	29,4	104.901	26,5
	45-54	1.556.618	1.309.557	22,3	41.376	15,6	107.602	21,0	98.084	24,8
	55-64	1.330.298	1.145.845	19,5	34.900	13,2	48.161	9,4	101.392	25,6
Total		7.047.071	5.875.636	100,0	264.653	100,0	511.377	100,0	395.405	100,0

Educational attainment and employment status

It seems that the migrant background is negatively correlated with the level of educational attainment: persons with a migrant background tend to have lower educational level than persons born in Greece. For example, the highest percentage of tertiary education graduates and the lowest percentage of primary and secondary education graduates are observed among persons who are born in Greece and have both parents born in Greece, while the contrary is recorded for persons who are born abroad and have both parents born abroad (Table 3).

There are also important differences concerning the employment status. Unemployment rate is much lower for persons who are born in Greece and have both parents born in Greece (Table 3).

Table 3. Persons aged 15-64 by country of birth, parents' country of birth, educational level and employment status

		Total	Country of birth of respondent and respondent's parents							
			Persons born in Greece and also both parents born in Greece		Persons either born abroad or with at least one parent born abroad		Persons born abroad and have both parents born abroad		No answer	
			N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Employment status	Employed	3.482.309	2.916.156	49,6	108.159	40,9	254.124	49,7	203.870	51,6
	Unemployed	1.273.647	1.019.679	17,4	53.764	20,3	141.059	27,6	59.146	15,0
	Inactive	2.291.115	1.939.802	33,0	102.730	38,8	116.194	22,7	132.388	33,5
Education level	Did not attend school/did not complete primary education	65.395	52.797	0,9	3.083	1,2	8.166	1,6	1.349	0,3
	Primary Education	2.290.118	1.833.211	31,2	106.255	40,1	229.646	44,9	121.006	30,6
	Secondary Education	2.972.056	2.486.417	42,3	106.717	40,3	213.233	41,7	165.689	41,9
	Tertiary Education	1.719.502	1.503.212	25,6	48.599	18,4	60.331	11,8	107.360	27,2
Total		7.047.071	5.875.636	100,0	264.653	100,0	511.377	100,0	395.405	100,0

Only 1.3% of persons aged 15-64 reported having worked abroad during the last 10 years. The majority of persons that have worked abroad reported that they worked in an EU country or in another non-EU European country (Table 4).

Table 4. Working abroad during the last 10 years

		Total		Country of birth of respondent and respondent's parents							
				Persons born in Greece and also both parents born in Greece		Persons either born abroad or with at least one parent born abroad		Persons born abroad and have both parents born abroad		No answer	
				N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Worked and lived abroad in the last 10 years		88.219	1,3	30.064	0,5	8.504	3,2	47.750	9,3	1.902	0,5
Period of time worked abroad	1 – 5 months	13.209	15,0	6.757	22,5	1.952	23,0	4.430	9,3	71	3,7
	6 months or longer	68.929	78,1	21.741	72,3	6.304	74,1	39.052	81,8	1.831	96,3
	Did not answer	6.081	6,9	1.566	5,2	247	2,9	4.268	8,9	0	0,0
Last country of work abroad	EU countries	36.407	41,3	19.236	64,0	3.767	44,3	13.226	27,7	179	9,4
	Other European countries	28.864	32,7	2.022	6,7	2.939	34,6	23.424	49,1	479	25,2
	Countries of Africa	1.767	2,0	430	1,4	414	4,9	923	1,9	0	0,0
	Countries of Asia	10.005	11,3	998	3,3	0	0,0	9.007	18,9	0	0,0
	Countries of America	6.793	7,7	3.997	13,3	701	8,2	851	1,8	1.244	65,4
	Rest / Unspecified countries	4.382	5,0	3.381	11,2	682	8,0	319	0,7	0	0,0
No		6.312.382	89,6	5.665.868	96,4	176.457	66,7	450.581	88,1	19.476	4,9
Did not answer		646.470	9,2	179.705	3,1	79.693	30,1	13.046	2,6	374.027	94,6
Total		7.047.071	100,0	5.875.636	100,0	264.653	100,0	511.377	100,0	395.405	100,0

Command of the Greek language

10.8% of the respondents that were born abroad reported the Greek language as their mother tongue, while the majority (43.6%) reported having a very good command of the Greek language. A significantly high percentage is recorded for persons born in non-EU European countries. A lower degree of command of the Greek language is observed for persons born in Asia. The highest degree of command of the Greek language is observed among persons aged 15-24 years old. Finally, it appears that there is no significant correlation between employment status and the degree of command of speaking the Greek language (Table 5).

Table 5. Command of the Greek language for persons born abroad by gender, age group, educational level, employment status and country of birth

		Total		Degree of command of speaking Greek									
				It is mother tongue		Very well		Simple knowledge of the language		Just started to learn the language		Did not answer	
				N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Gender	Males	314.026	29.972	9,5	133.379	42,5	97.998	31,2	10.538	3,4	42.139	13,4	
	Females	345.690	41.418	12,0	154.515	44,7	91.457	26,5	12.040	3,5	46.260	13,4	
Age groups	15-24	80.033	7.163	8,9	43.750	54,7	13.737	17,2	4.999	6,2	10.384	13,0	
	25-34	173.532	11.524	6,6	67.015	38,6	54.217	31,2	9.700	5,6	31.075	17,9	
	35-44	197.768	22.857	11,6	82.485	41,7	64.360	32,5	4.641	2,3	23.425	11,8	
	45-54	143.106	18.769	13,1	63.571	44,4	43.112	30,1	2.475	1,7	15.179	10,6	
	55-64	65.278	11.077	17,0	31.073	47,6	14.029	21,5	762	1,2	8.336	12,8	
Education level	Did not attend school/did not complete primary education	9.935	815	8,2	1.017	10,2	5.446	54,8	1.069	10,8	1.588	16,0	
	Primary Education	282.657	15.290	5,4	104.378	36,9	106.328	37,6	13.551	4,8	43.109	15,3	
	Secondary Education	278.633	35.840	12,9	140.151	50,3	61.203	22,0	6.227	2,2	35.212	12,6	
	Tertiary Education	88.491	19.446	22,0	42.348	47,9	16.477	18,6	1.731	2,0	8.489	9,6	
Employment status	Employed	333.021	37.449	11,2	141.065	42,4	100.018	30,0	9.029	2,7	45.459	13,7	
	Unemployed	176.876	15.447	8,7	79.015	44,7	54.982	31,1	6.335	3,6	21.097	11,9	
	Inactive	149.819	18.495	12,3	67.814	45,3	34.455	23,0	7.214	4,8	21.843	14,6	
Country of birth	EU countries	135.911	30.101	22,1	45.254	33,3	36.998	27,2	3.515	2,6	20.044	14,7	
	Other European countries	432.069	27.046	6,3	221.879	51,4	123.798	28,7	9.510	2,2	49.835	11,5	
	Countries of Africa	15.965	2.101	13,2	5.230	32,8	4.207	26,4	872	5,5	3.555	22,3	
	Countries of Asia	61.496	5.128	8,3	13.440	21,9	24.093	39,2	8.255	13,4	10.579	17,2	
	Countries of America / Oceania	14.276	7.014	49,1	2.092	14,7	359	2,5	426	3,0	4.385	30,7	
Total		659.716	71.391	10,8	287.894	43,6	189.465	28,7	22.578	3,4	88.399	13,4	

15.6% of the persons aged 15-64 who were born abroad and whose mother tongue is not Greek participated in Greek language courses. The majority of them are young persons and persons that were born in non-EU European countries (Table 6).

Table 6. Participation of persons born abroad in Greek language courses by gender, age group, educational level, employment status and country of birth

		Total	Attendance at a host country language course since arrival in Greece							
			Yes		No, was not necessary		No, for other reasons		Did not answer	
			N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Gender	Males	284.054	42.756	15,1	78.176	27,5	116.556	41,0	46.566	16,4
	Females	304.271	49.214	16,2	84.226	27,7	118.234	38,9	52.597	17,3
Age groups	15-24	72.870	29.792	40,9	13.800	18,9	16.367	22,5	12.911	17,7
	25-34	162.007	24.228	15,0	40.840	25,2	63.842	39,4	33.098	20,4
	35-44	174.911	18.218	10,4	51.712	29,6	80.270	45,9	24.712	14,1
	45-54	124.337	14.271	11,5	39.952	32,1	51.507	41,4	18.606	15,0
	55-64	54.200	5.462	10,1	16.098	29,7	22.805	42,1	9.836	18,1
Education level	Did not attend school/did not complete primary education	9.121	94	1,0	2.623	28,8	4.576	50,2	1.828	20,0
	Primary Education	267.367	29.942	11,2	71.280	26,7	119.153	44,6	46.991	17,6
	Secondary Education	242.793	47.665	19,6	65.896	27,1	89.248	36,8	39.984	16,5
	Tertiary Education	69.045	14.269	20,7	22.604	32,7	21.812	31,6	10.360	15,0
Employment status	Employed	295.572	35.883	12,1	83.967	28,4	124.939	42,3	50.783	17,2
	Unemployed	161.429	27.114	16,8	45.096	27,9	65.756	40,7	23.462	14,5
	Inactive	131.325	28.973	22,1	33.340	25,4	44.094	33,6	24.917	19,0
Country of birth	EU countries	105.810	9.864	9,3	33.575	31,7	40.158	38,0	22.214	21,0
	Other European countries	405.023	75.854	18,7	110.508	27,3	161.526	39,9	57.134	14,1
	Countries of Africa	13.864	1.637	11,8	4.410	31,8	4.262	30,7	3.555	25,6
	Countries of Asia	56.367	3.611	6,4	12.445	22,1	28.437	50,4	11.875	21,1
	Countries of America / Oceania	7.262	1.004	13,8	1.465	20,2	408	5,6	4.385	60,4
Total		588.326	91.970	15,6	162.403	27,6	234.790	39,9	99.163	16,9

Reasons for migration into Greece

The most frequently reported reason for migrating to Greece is “job search” (48.0%). “Family reasons” is the second most frequently reported reason of migration (27.6%). The reasons vary significantly depending on gender and age groups: work-related reasons are reported mainly by men and older age groups of respondents, while family reasons are reported more often by women and younger age groups (Table 7).

Table 7. Reasons for migration into Greece by gender, age group, educational level, employment status and country of birth

		Total	Reason for coming in Greece													
			Had found a job and came to work in Greece		To find a job		For family reasons		To study		International protection or asylum		Other		Did not answer	
			N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Gender	Males	284.054	12.060	4,2	169.209	59,6	43.904	15,5	4.663	1,6	1.216	0,4	16.610	5,8	36.392	12,8
	Females	304.271	7.690	2,5	113.040	37,2	118.502	38,9	2.670	0,9	350	0,1	22.813	7,5	39.206	12,9
Age groups	15-24	72.870	1.223	1,7	11.916	16,4	43.423	59,6	3.339	4,6	174	0,2	3.727	5,1	9.070	12,4
	25-34	162.007	4.871	3,0	70.124	43,3	50.714	31,3	1.987	1,2	240	0,1	6.614	4,1	27.457	16,9
	35-44	174.911	4.775	2,7	101.204	57,9	35.491	20,3	1.036	0,6	652	0,4	13.192	7,5	18.560	10,6
	45-54	124.337	5.406	4,3	73.322	59,0	21.564	17,3	971	0,8	499	0,4	8.503	6,8	14.071	11,3
	55-64	54.200	3.477	6,4	25.682	47,4	11.215	20,7	0	0,0	0	0,0	7.387	13,6	6.439	11,9
Education level	Did not attend school/did not complete primary education	9.121	155	1,7	5.655	62,0	795	8,7	0	0,0	797	8,7	268	2,9	1.452	15,9
	Primary Education	267.367	6.838	2,6	146.693	54,9	63.023	23,6	1.040	0,4	109	0,0	12.450	4,7	37.215	13,9
	Secondary Education	242.793	8.962	3,7	102.374	42,2	77.642	32,0	4.296	1,8	660	0,3	18.511	7,6	30.347	12,5
	Tertiary Education	69.045	3.796	5,5	27.527	39,9	20.947	30,3	1.997	2,9	0	0,0	8.194	11,9	6.584	9,5
Employment status	Employed	295.572	10.097	3,4	173.117	58,6	51.388	17,4	2.924	1,0	918	0,3	18.176	6,1	38.953	13,2
	Unemployed	161.429	6.514	4,0	79.659	49,3	45.586	28,2	1.068	0,7	298	0,2	10.660	6,6	17.866	10,9
	Inactive	131.325	3.140	2,4	29.473	22,4	65.452	49,8	3.343	2,5	350	0,3	10.588	8,1	18.979	14,5
Country of birth	EU countries	105.810	3.934	3,7	46.375	43,8	24.115	22,8	2.070	2,0	93	0,1	11.892	11,0	17.532	16,6
	Other European countries	405.023	14.453	3,6	196.757	48,6	127.609	31,5	3.335	0,8	378	0,1	19.751	4,9	42.739	10,6
	Countries of Africa	13.864	301	2,2	6.443	46,5	2.473	17,8	525	3,8	0	0,0	970	7,0	3.152	22,7
	Countries of Asia	56.367	938	1,7	31.873	56,5	6.559	11,6	1.403	2,5	1.095	1,9	4.516	8,0	9.983	17,7
	Countries of America / Oceania	7.262	126	1,7	801	11,0	1.651	22,7	0	0,0	0	0,0	2.494	34,3	2.191	30,2
Total		588.326	19.751	3,4	282.249	48,0	162.407	27,6	7.333	1,2	1.566	0,3	39.424	6,7	75.598	12,8

Methods used to find work and obstacles to labour market participation

On the basis of the survey results, the methods used by employed persons to find their current job vary significantly depending on the migrant background of the respondents. 58.3% of the respondents who were born abroad and whose both parents were born abroad report having found their current job through relatives or friends, while the corresponding percentage for persons born in Greece having their parents born in Greece is 29.4% (Table 8).

Table 8. Professional status and method used to find the current job by country of birth of the respondent and the respondent's parents

		Country of birth of respondent and respondent's parents									
		Total		Persons born in Greece and also both parents born in Greece		Persons either born abroad or with at least one parent born abroad		Persons born abroad and have both parents born abroad		No answer	
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Professional status	Self-employed with employees	209.882	6,0	187.471	6,4	5.558	5,1	5.910	2,3	10.943	5,4
	Self-employed without employees	847.362	24,3	754.183	25,9	13.805	12,8	25.639	10,1	53.735	26,4
	Employee	2.274.398	65,3	1.838.950	63,1	84.230	77,9	218.688	86,1	132.530	65,0
	Working in the family business	150.666	4,3	135.553	4,6	4.565	4,2	3.887	1,5	6.661	3,3
Way of finding current job	Did not answer	276.962	8,0	44.827	1,5	39.059	36,1	771	0,3	192.306	94,3
	Advertisements, via any channel	343.664	9,9	316.363	10,8	5.682	5,3	20.627	8,1	992	0,5
	Relatives, friends or acquaintances	1.022.261	29,4	841.653	28,9	27.750	25,7	148.044	58,3	4.814	2,4
	Public employment office	45.723	1,3	40.723	1,4	1.559	1,4	2.448	1,0	993	0,5
	Private employment agency	9.313	0,3	5.528	0,2	361	0,3	3.423	1,3	0	0,0
	Education or training institution	129.392	3,7	126.546	4,3	1.485	1,4	1.361	0,5	0	0,0
	Contacted employer directly	335.521	9,6	287.012	9,8	7.715	7,1	40.263	15,8	532	0,3
	Employer contacted person directly	72.077	2,1	65.037	2,2	1.607	1,5	5.305	2,1	128	0,1
	Other method	1.247.396	35,8	1.188.468	40,8	22.942	21,2	31.882	12,5	4.105	2,0
	Total		3.482.309	100,0	2.916.156	100,0	108.159	100,0	254.124	100,0	203.870

11.6% of the surveyed persons believe that they are overqualified for their current job. This percentage is higher for persons who are born abroad and have their parents born abroad (15.0%) and in particular for tertiary education graduates (46.1%) (Table 9).

Table 9. Persons who consider themselves overqualified for their current job by gender, age group, educational level, occupation and country of birth

		Total employed	Persons who consider that are overqualified for their current job		of which:							
			N	%	Persons born in Greece and also both parents born in Greece		Persons either born abroad or with at least one parent born abroad		Persons born abroad and have both parents born abroad		No answer	
					N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Gender	Males	2.022.265	219.658	10,9	195.569	11,4	6.752	11,7	16.645	11,4	692	0,6
	Females	1.460.044	185.380	12,7	157.217	13,0	6.160	12,3	21.579	19,9	424	0,4
Age groups	15-24	146.856	29.794	20,3	28.331	23,2	385	7,8	1.078	6,9	0	0,0
	25-34	817.587	127.998	15,7	115.263	17,1	4.794	14,1	7.644	10,6	296	0,8
	35-44	1.101.550	128.383	11,7	111.360	12,4	4.429	12,7	12.155	13,4	440	0,6
	45-54	964.234	89.782	9,3	74.429	9,0	2.711	11,7	12.262	22,0	380	0,6
	55-64	452.083	29.081	6,4	23.403	6,0	593	5,3	5.085	25,7	0	0,0
Education level	Did not attend school/did not complete primary education	17.005	709	4,2	709	5,9	0	0,0	0	0,0	0	0,0
	Primary Education	889.115	50.885	5,7	41.540	6,0	860	2,6	8.485	7,2	0	0,0
	Secondary Education	1.406.379	189.744	13,5	168.455	14,3	4.727	10,7	15.954	15,6	608	0,8
	Tertiary Education	1.169.810	163.700	14,0	142.081	13,7	7.325	24,1	13.786	46,1	508	0,7
Occupation	Legislators, senior officials and managers	133.331	13.055	9,8	11.957	10,0	970	40,7	0	0,0	128	1,3
	Professionals	664.984	42.966	6,5	39.995	6,8	1.828	12,1	1.143	13,0	0	0,0
	Technicians and associate professionals	281.449	29.656	10,5	27.255	10,9	1.779	19,3	242	6,5	380	2,2
	Clerks	337.457	45.175	13,4	42.105	13,6	2.043	26,4	1.027	17,8	0	0,0
	Service workers and shop and market sale workers	766.379	128.024	16,7	114.086	18,1	2.384	8,2	11.258	18,5	296	0,7
	Skilled agricultural and fishery workers	419.911	51.072	12,2	49.615	12,9	311	7,1	1.145	10,5	0	0,0
	Craft and related trade workers	346.608	26.063	7,5	19.356	7,5	443	3,1	5.952	10,6	312	1,6
	Plant and machine operators and assembler	226.113	22.885	10,1	20.680	10,9	614	11,1	1.590	10,6	0	0,0
	Elementary occupations	246.966	43.830	17,7	25.424	19,9	2.539	12,7	15.867	17,5	0	0,0
	Other unclassified persons	59.111	2.313	3,9	2.313	4,2	0	0,0	0	0,0	0	0,0
Total		3.482.309	405.038	11,6	352.786	12,1	12.911	11,9	38.225	15,0	1.117	0,5

Discrimination due to origin, religion or social background is the most frequently reported obstacle by the respondents with a migrant background to find a suitable job (37.0%). Insufficient knowledge of the Greek language is the second most frequently reported obstacle (27.2%), followed by limitations due to citizenship or residence permit (17.8%). In many cases, the reported obstacles vary among the different respondents groups. For example, non-recognition of qualifications is the obstacle reported most frequently by tertiary education graduates and discrimination due to origin, religion or social background is the obstacle most frequently reported by persons aged 25-34 years. The category "other", reported more frequently by all groups of respondents, is linked to the economic crisis (Table 10).

Table 10. Main obstacles to get a job corresponding to the respondent's qualifications, by gender, age group, educational level, employment status, and migrant background

		Total	Obstacles to get a job corresponding to the person's qualifications											
			Do not know well the Greek language		Qualifications obtained abroad are not recognized		Restrictions due to nationality or residence permit		Restrictions due to origin, religion or social factors		Other		Do not answer	
			N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Gender	Males	69.197	16.230	23,5	7.877	11,4	11.125	16,1	27.088	39,1	41.894	60,5	2.845	4,1
	Females	89.799	27.069	30,1	13.034	14,5	17.246	19,2	31.722	35,3	52.294	58,2	4.003	4,5
Age groups	15-24	23.467	4.209	17,9	396	1,7	4.733	20,2	8.234	35,1	14.968	63,8	1.944	8,3
	25-34	37.980	13.918	36,6	3.498	9,2	8.094	21,3	15.435	40,6	21.833	57,5	797	2,1
	35-44	41.761	12.054	28,9	6.926	16,6	7.679	18,4	16.096	38,5	23.491	56,3	1.774	4,2
	45-54	38.593	9.475	24,5	6.657	17,3	5.272	13,7	14.880	38,6	24.046	62,3	1.268	3,3
	55-64	17.195	3.644	21,2	3.433	20,0	2.592	15,1	4.164	24,2	9.850	57,3	1.064	6,2
Education level	Did not attend school/did not complete primary education	24.157	8.023	33,2	99	0,4	4.573	18,9	10.977	45,4	14.500	60,0	1.083	4,5
	Primary Education	33.739	9.305	27,6	1.589	4,7	7.130	21,1	15.238	45,2	19.365	57,4	1.601	4,7
	Secondary Education	67.661	15.188	22,4	4.662	6,9	12.037	17,8	24.094	35,6	44.699	66,1	3.736	5,5
	Tertiary Education	33.439	10.783	32,2	14.561	43,5	4.630	13,8	8.501	25,4	15.623	46,7	428	1,3
Employment status	Employed	36.160	9.522	26,3	10.441	28,9	7.578	21,0	12.405	34,3	18.011	49,8	508	1,4
	Unemployed	81.272	20.715	25,5	7.373	9,1	13.676	16,8	32.161	39,6	50.333	61,9	5.146	6,3
	Inactive	41.565	13.062	31,4	3.098	7,5	7.116	17,1	14.244	34,3	25.844	62,2	1.194	2,9
Migrant background	Persons either born abroad or with at least one parent born abroad	22.787	1.109	4,9	1.831	8,0	1.795	7,9	5.701	25,0	17.807	78,1	1.843	8,1
	Persons born abroad and have both parents born abroad	136.209	42.190	31,0	19.080	14,0	26.575	19,5	53.109	39,0	76.381	56,1	5.005	3,7
Total		158.996	43.299	27,2	20.911	13,2	28.370	17,8	58.810	37,0	94.188	59,2	6.848	4,3

* Row percentages sum over 100% as respondents can give up to two answers

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Survey on the labour market situation of migrants and their immediate descendants	The ad-hoc survey on “the labour market situation of migrants and their immediate descendants” was conducted in the 2 nd quarter of 2014 together with Labour Force Survey. Its main objective was to estimate the number of migrants and their immediate descendants, to investigate the social, economic, educational and migration background of migrants, to investigate in what extent does the labour market situation of specific groups of migrants and their descendants differ from that of natives and to identify the main obstacles that migrants and their descendants face in participating in the labour market.
Legislation	The specifications of the survey –period of the survey conduct, main objectives and surveyed variables- were laid down in an ESS agreement between Member States and Eurostat.
Reference Period	The reference period is the reference week, as defined in the Labour Force Survey (LFS).
Coverage	The target population of the Quarterly LFS comprises of all persons that are living in private households. The ad hoc module on “the labour market situation of migrants and their immediate descendants” addressed a subset of that population, and in particular, persons aged 15 – 64 years.
Methodology	The ad-hoc 2014 survey estimates are produced by means of a suitable unbiased estimator which takes into account a) the probability of selection of every sampled household, b) the response rate in every primary sampling unit, c) the estimated population, allocated by NUTS II region, gender and age group.
References	More information (tables, methodology) about the ad-hoc module can be found on the website of ELSTAT (www.statistics.gr), Statistical Themes> Labour Market> Special surveys (Labour force), at the link: http://www.statistics.gr/statistics/-/publication/SJO27/