



## JOB VACANCIES: 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter 2023

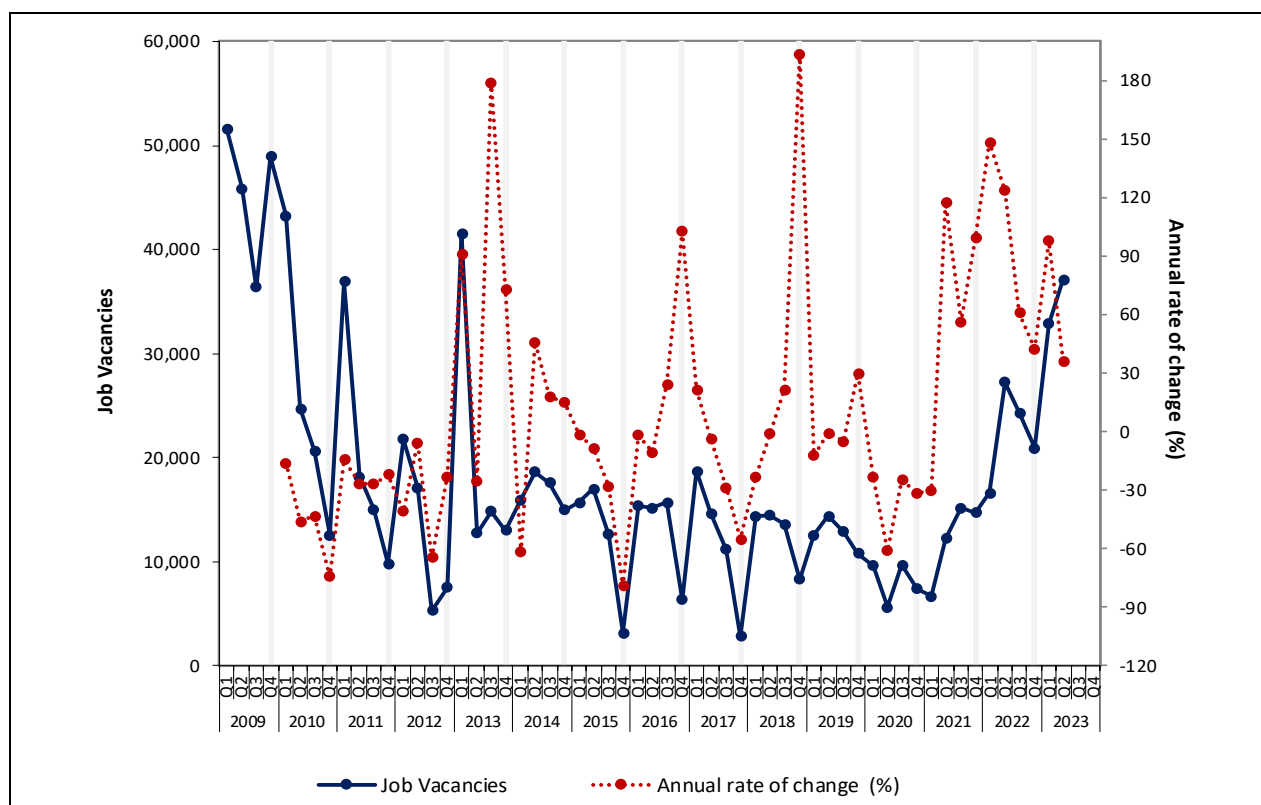
The Hellenic Statistical Authority (ELSTAT) announces the results of the Job Vacancies<sup>1</sup> Survey for the whole economy excluding Primary Sector and Activities of Households, referring to the 2nd quarter 2023.

The number of job vacancies in the 2nd quarter 2023 recorded an increase of 36.2% in comparison with the 2nd quarter 2022 (37,107 and 27,246 respectively), whereas the corresponding number of job vacancies in the 2nd quarter 2022 had recorded an increase of 123.7% in comparison with the 2nd quarter 2021 (Table 1, Graph 2).

Table 1 that follows depicts analytically the evolution of the number of job vacancies from the 1st quarter 2009 to the 2nd quarter 2023.

Also, in Graph 1 that follows, the number of job vacancies and the annual rate of change for each quarter of the period 2009-2023 are presented, whereas in Graph 2 the number of Job Vacancies and the annual rate of change of the 2nd quarter of the same period are depicted.

Graph 1: Evolution of Job Vacancies<sup>1</sup>: 1st quarter 2009 – 2nd quarter 2023



### Information on methodological issues

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<sup>1</sup> The number of Job Vacancies refers to the Job Vacancies to be filled in immediately, that is job vacancies, which are to be filled in within a period not longer than three months and also refers to sections B-S of statistical classification of economic activities NACE Rev. 2. Job Vacancies are recorded on the first day of the third month of each calendar quarter.

**Table 1: Evolution of job vacancies<sup>1</sup>,  
1st quarter 2009 – 2nd quarter 2023**

Not seasonally adjusted data

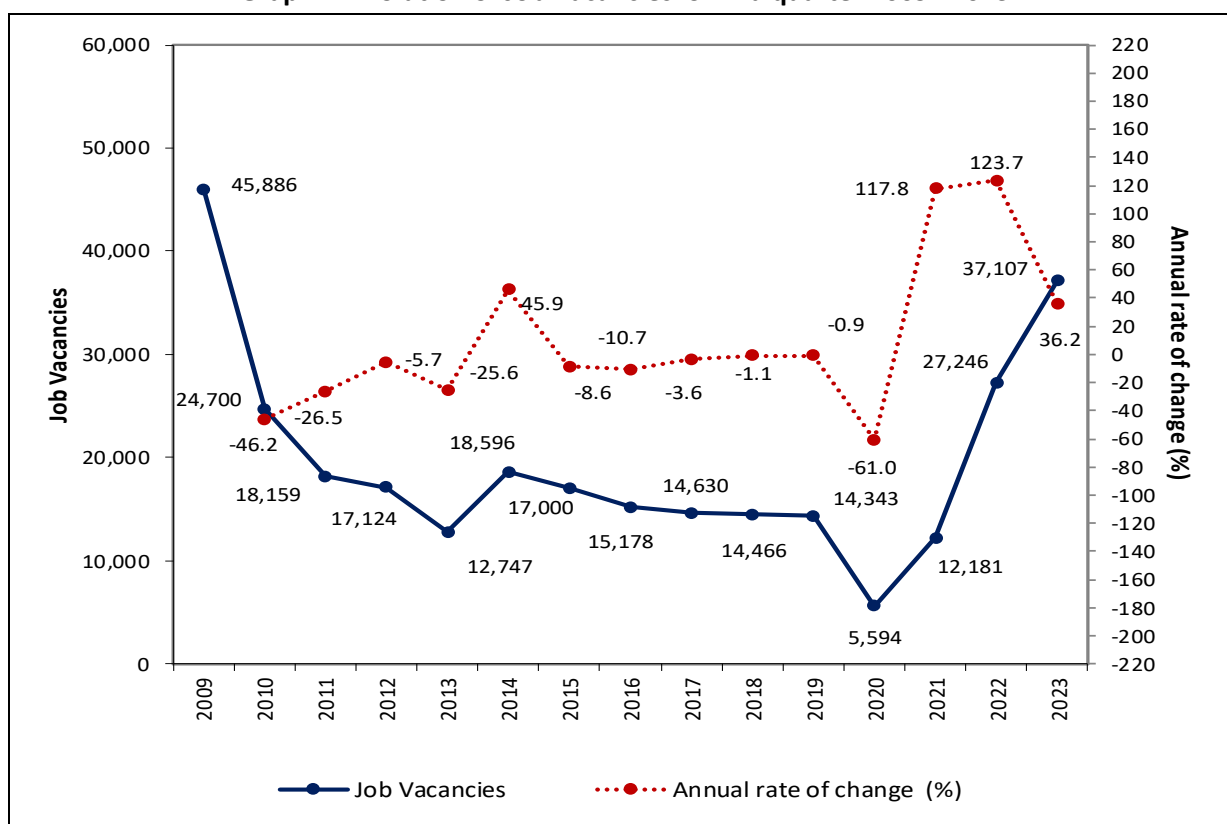
| Year | Quarter | <i>Job Vacancies to be filled in immediately</i> | <i>Quarterly rate of change (%)</i> | <i>Annual rate of change (%)</i> |
|------|---------|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 2009 | Q1      | 51,613   |                                     |                                  |
|      | Q2      | 45,886   | -11.1                               |                                  |
|      | Q3      | 36,356   | -20.8                               |                                  |
|      | Q4      | 48,897   | 34.5                                |                                  |
| 2010 | Q1      | 43,242   | -11.6                               | -16.2                            |
|      | Q2      | 24,700   | -42.9                               | -46.2                            |
|      | Q3      | 20,638   | -16.4                               | -43.2                            |
|      | Q4      | 12,561   | -39.1                               | -74.3                            |
| 2011 | Q1      | 36,935   | 194.0                               | -14.6                            |
|      | Q2      | 18,159   | -50.8                               | -26.5                            |
|      | Q3      | 15,043   | -17.2                               | -27.1                            |
|      | Q4      | 9,775  | -35.0                               | -22.2                            |
| 2012 | Q1      | 21,753   | 122.5                               | -41.1                            |
|      | Q2      | 17,124   | -21.3                               | -5.7                             |
|      | Q3      | 5,325  | -68.9                               | -64.6                            |
|      | Q4      | 7,520  | 41.2                                | -23.1                            |
| 2013 | Q1      | 41,545   | 452.5                               | 91.0                             |
|      | Q2      | 12,747   | -69.3                               | -25.6                            |
|      | Q3      | 14,852   | 16.5                                | 178.9                            |
|      | Q4      | 13,007   | -12.4                               | 73.0                             |
| 2014 | Q1      | 15,921   | 22.4                                | -61.7                            |
|      | Q2      | 18,596   | 16.8                                | 45.9                             |
|      | Q3      | 17,541   | -5.7                                | 18.1                             |
|      | Q4      | 14,930   | -14.9                               | 14.8                             |
| 2015 | Q1      | 15,694   | 5.1                                 | -1.4                             |
|      | Q2      | 17,000   | 8.3                                 | -8.6                             |
|      | Q3      | 12,626   | -25.7                               | -28.0                            |
|      | Q4      | 3,119  | -75.3                               | -79.1                            |
| 2016 | Q1      | 15,367   | 392.7                               | -2.1                             |
|      | Q2      | 15,178   | -1.2                                | -10.7                            |
|      | Q3      | 15,689   | 3.4                                 | 24.3                             |
|      | Q4      | 6,315  | -59.7                               | 102.5                            |
| 2017 | Q1      | 18,666   | 195.6                               | 21.5                             |
|      | Q2      | 14,630   | -21.6                               | -3.6                             |
|      | Q3      | 11,188   | -23.5                               | -28.7                            |
|      | Q4      | 2,825  | -74.7                               | -55.3                            |
| 2018 | Q1      | 14,351   | 408.0                               | -23.1                            |
|      | Q2      | 14,466   | 0.8                                 | -1.1                             |
|      | Q3      | 13,584   | -6.1                                | 21.4                             |
|      | Q4      | 8,288  | -39.0                               | 193.4                            |

<sup>1</sup> The number of Job Vacancies refers to the Job Vacancies *to be filled in immediately*, that is job vacancies, which are to be filled in within a period *not longer* than three months and also refers to sections B-S of statistical classification of economic activities NACE Rev. 2. Job vacancies are recorded on the first day of the third month of each calendar quarter.

(Table 1 – Continued)

| Year | Quarter | Job Vacancies to be filled in immediately | Quarterly rate of change (%) | Annual rate of change (%) |
|------|---------|---|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 2019 | Q1      | 12,570                                    | 51.7                         | -12.4                     |
|      | Q2      | 14,343                                    | 14.1                         | -0.9                      |
|      | Q3      | 12,897                                    | -10.1                        | -5.1                      |
|      | Q4      | 10,767                                    | -16.5                        | 29.9                      |
| 2020 | Q1      | 9,617                                     | -10.7                        | -23.5                     |
|      | Q2      | 5,594                                     | -41.8                        | -61.0                     |
|      | Q3      | 9,685                                     | 73.1                         | -24.9                     |
|      | Q4      | 7,382                                     | -23.8                        | -31.4                     |
| 2021 | Q1      | 6,685                                     | -9.4                         | -30.5                     |
|      | Q2      | 12,181                                    | 82.2                         | 117.8                     |
|      | Q3      | 15,125                                    | 24.2                         | 56.2                      |
|      | Q4      | 14,713                                    | -2.7                         | 99.3                      |
| 2022 | Q1      | 16,603                                    | 12.8                         | 148.4                     |
|      | Q2      | 27,246                                    | 64.1                         | 123.7                     |
|      | Q3      | 24,324                                    | -10.7                        | 60.8                      |
|      | Q4      | 20,927                                    | -14.0                        | 42.2                      |
| 2023 | Q1*     | 32,850                                    | 57.0                         | 97.9                      |
|      | Q2      | 37,107                                    | 13.0                         | 36.2                      |

\*Revised data

Graph 2: Evolution of Job Vacancies<sup>1</sup> of 2nd quarter 2009 –2023

<sup>1</sup> The number of Job Vacancies refers to the Job Vacancies *to be filled in immediately*, that is job vacancies, which are to be filled in within a period *not longer* than three months and also refers to sections B-S of statistical classification of economic activities NACE Rev. 2. Job vacancies are recorded on the first day of the third month of each calendar quarter

## EXPLANATORY NOTES

**Survey on Job Vacancies** The Survey on Job Vacancies is conducted on a quarterly basis in a sample of enterprises, aiming at recording the number of job vacancies in the whole economy excluding Primary Sector and Activities of Households, of NACE Rev. 2.

**Purpose of the survey** The purpose of the survey is to record on a quarterly basis the job vacancies to be filled in immediately, that is job vacancies, which are to be filled in within a period not longer than three months.

**Methodology** Data for the number of job vacancies are collected with the Labour Cost and Job Vacancies survey which is conducted on a quarterly basis.

The statistical population is the total number of enterprises employing at least three (3) employees and belongs to sections B-S of Nace Rev.2. The survey covers the entire Country.

The one-stage stratified sampling method is applied, using the enterprise as a surveyed unit. The strata are derived from the combinations of the 2-digit code of economic activity (NACE Rev.2) and the enterprise size class.

The sampling frame is the current Business Register of ELSTAT.

The survey is conducted by visits on enterprise premises and by means of printed questionnaires (PAPI).

**Legal Framework** Regulations (EC) 453/2008, (EC) 1062/2008 and (EC) 19/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council.

**Reference date** Job vacancies are recorded on the 1<sup>st</sup> day of the 3<sup>rd</sup> month of each calendar quarter.

**Definitions** The **statistical unit** is the enterprise employing at least three (3) employees.

**Job vacancy** is considered a paid post that is newly created, unoccupied, or about to become vacant, for which the employer is taking active steps and is prepared to take further steps to find a suitable candidate from outside the enterprise concerned and which the employer intends to fill either immediately or in the near future. It should be noted that job vacancies refer only to employees.

**A vacant post which is going to be filled by the following categories is not considered as Job Vacancy:**

- an apprentice without remuneration coming either by the employer or through the Social Security Funds
- contractors which are not on the payroll list,
- personnel who is re-hired or returns to the enterprise after a holiday, paid or not, leave
- internal movement of a member of personnel inside the enterprise

**Job Vacancies to be filled in immediately** are job vacancies for full or part-time employment, which are to be filled in within a period not longer than three months.

**Statistical classifications** The European statistical classification of economic activities NACE Rev. 2 is used.

**Coverage of NACE Rev. 2 sections**

- B Mining and quarrying
- C Manufacturing
- D Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- E Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities
- F Construction
- G Wholesale and Retail Trade, Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles
- H Transportation and Storage
- I Accommodation and Food Services Activities
- J Information and Communication
- K Financial and insurance activities
- L Real Estate activities
- M Professional, scientific and technical activities
- N Administrative and support service activities
- O Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security
- P Education
- Q Human Health and Social Work Activities
- R Arts, Entertainment and Recreation
- S Other Service Activities