



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX: December 2023, annual inflation 3.5%

2016

- - - CPI annual rates of change

2017

2018

The evolution of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) of December 2023 (reference year 2020=100.0) is depicted as follows:

The CPI in December 2023 compared with December 2022, increased by 3.5%. In December 2022, the annual rate of change of the CPI was 7.2% (Table 2).

The CPI in December 2023 compared with November 2023, decreased by 0.1%. In December 2022, the monthly rate of change of the CPI was -0.5% (Table 1).

The average CPI for the twelve - month period from January 2023 to December 2023, compared with the corresponding index for the period January 2022 to December 2022 increased by 3.5%. The annual rate of change of the average CPI between the twelve - month period January 2022 to December 2022 in comparison to the period January 2021 to December 2021 was 9.6% (Table 3).

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Graph 1. Annual and annual average rates of change (%) of CPI

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2

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2020

2021

CPI annual average rates of change

2022

2019

Analysis of changes of the CPI: December 2023

I. Monthly rates of change: December 2023 compared with November 2023 (Tables 1, 4)

The 0.1% decrease of the Overall CPI in December 2023, compared with the corresponding index in November 2023 is, mainly, due to the changes in the groups of goods and services as follows:

1. A decrease of:

- 1.2% in the group <u>Alcoholic beverages and tobacco</u>, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *alcoholic beverages* (not served).
- 0.7% in the group <u>Housing</u>, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *heating oil*. This decrease was partly offset by the increase, mainly, in the prices of *electricity*.
- 1.6% in the group <u>Transport</u>, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of: *fuels and lubricants, tickets for passenger transport by air*.
- 0.2% in the group <u>Miscellaneous goods and services</u>, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *other appliances and articles for personal care*.

2. An increase of:

- 0.3% in the group <u>Food and non-alcoholic beverages</u> due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *poultry, fresh fish, olive oil, fresh vegetables, preserved or processed vegetables.* This increase was partly offset by the decrease, mainly, in the prices of: *pork, dried salted or smoked meat, fresh fruit, frozen vegetables, coffee.*
- 1.3% in the group Clothing and footwear, due to the increase in the prices of clothing and footwear.
- 0.9% in the group <u>Household equipment</u>, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *household appliances and repair, non-durable household articles*.
- 0.4% in the group <u>Recreation and culture</u>, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of *audiovisual and information processing* equipment.
- 0.7% in the group <u>Hotel-Cafés-Restaurants</u>, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *restaurants-confectioneries-cafes-buffets*, *hotels-motels-inns*.

II. Annual rates of change: December 2023 compared with December 2022 (Tables 2, 5)

The 3.5% increase of the Overall CPI in December 2023, compared with the corresponding index in December 2022 is, mainly, due to the changes in the groups of goods and services as follows:

1. An increase of:

- 8.9% in the group <u>Food and non-alcoholic beverages</u> due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *bread and cereals, meat, fish, milk-cheese and eggs, olive oil, fruit, vegetables, sugar-chocolates-sweets-ice creams, food n.e.c., coffee-cocoa-tea, mineral water-refreshments-fruit juices.*
- 2.2% in the group Alcoholic beverages and tobacco, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of alcoholic beverages (not served).
- 2.8% in the group <u>Clothing and footwear</u>, due to the increase in the prices of clothing and footwear.
- 1.9% in the group <u>Household equipment</u>, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *furnishing and other floor coverings*, *non-durable household articles, domestic services*.
- 5.5% in the group <u>Health</u>, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *pharmaceutical products, medical-dental and paramedical services*, *hospital care*.
- 0.3% in the group <u>Transport</u>, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: new motor cars, second hand motor cars, spare parts and accessories for motor cars, maintenance and repair of: motor cars-motor cycles, tickets for passenger transport by air. This increase was partly offset by the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *fuels and lubricants*.
- 2.6% in the group <u>Recreation and culture</u>, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *major durables for recreation, small recreational items-flowers-pets, cinemas-theatres, package holidays.* This increase was partly offset by the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *equipment for the reception recording and reproduction of sound and vision*.
- 3.5% in the group <u>Education</u>, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *fees of pre-primary and primary education, fees of secondary education, fees of tertiary education.*
- 5.9% in the group <u>Hotel-Cafés-Restaurants</u>, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *restaurants-confectioneries-cafes-buffets*, *hotels-motels-inns*.
- 1.7% in the group Miscellaneous goods and services, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: hairdressing salons and personal grooming establishments, other appliances and articles for personal care, private insurance connected with health, motor vehicle insurance.

2. A decrease of:

- 0.5% in the group <u>Housing</u>, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of natural gas. This decrease was partly offset by the
 increase, mainly, in the prices of: rentals for dwellings, services for the repair and maintenance of the dwelling, heating oil,
 solid fuels.
- 3.2% in the group <u>Communication</u>, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *telephone services*.

Table 1. Monthly rates of change of CPI (Reference year: 2020=100.0)

	Main groups	Weights 2023	2023	2023	Rate of change	2022	2022	Rate of change
	of goods and services	(‰)	December	November	%	December	November	%
1.	Food & non-alcoholic beverages	216.27	130.56	130.15	0.3	119.85	119.41	0.4
2.	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	35.53	103.80	105.11	-1.2	101.56	102.44	-0.9
3.	Clothing and footwear	51.86	122.21	120.67	1.3	118.89	113.39	4.8
4.	Housing	136.85	120.41	121.20	-0.7	121.06	122.72	-1.4
5.	Household equipment	46.94	114.94	113.93	0.9	112.75	112.27	0.4
6.	Health	73.28	107.84	107.82	0.0	102.22	102.22	0.0
7.	Transport	136.96	118.27	120.19	-1.6	117.94	123.58	-4.6
8.	Communication	42.29	91.72	91.91	-0.2	94.80	94.95	-0.2
9.	Recreation and culture	37.91	105.20	104.74	0.4	102.53	101.93	0.6
10.	Education	36.66	106.73	106.73	0.0	103.12	103.10	0.0
11.	Hotels-Cafés-Restaurants	115.24	114.54	113.71	0.7	108.17	108.61	-0.4
12.	Miscellaneous goods and services	70.21	104.82	105.03	-0.2	103.09	103.04	0.0
	Overall Index	1000.00	116.47	116.57	-0.1	112.53	113.15	-0.5

Note: The indices are rounded up to two decimal figures when published and percentage changes up to one decimal figure when published.

Graph 2. Annual and monthly rates of change (%) of CPI

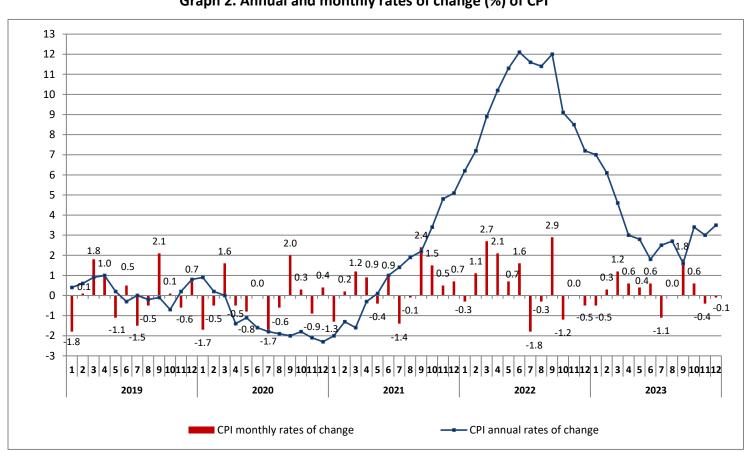


Table 2. Inflation – Annual rates of change of CPI

(Reference year: 2020=100.0)

I: December 2023/2022

	Main groups of goods and services	Decer	December		Impact
	iviain groups of goods and services	2023	2022	change (%)	
1.	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	130.56	119.85	8.9	1.9326
2.	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	103.80	101.56	2.2	0.0785
3.	Clothing and footwear	122.21	118.89	2.8	0.1451
4.	Housing	120.41	121.06	-0.5	-0.0735
5.	Household equipment	114.94	112.75	1.9	0.0910
6.	Health	107.84	102.22	5.5	0.4027
7.	Transport	118.27	117.94	0.3	0.0385
8.	Communication	91.72	94.80	-3.2	-0.1373
9.	Recreation and culture	105.20	102.53	2.6	0.0986
10.	Education	106.73	103.12	3.5	0.1284
11.	Hotels-Cafés-Restaurants	114.54	108.17	5.9	0.6791
12.	Miscellaneous goods and services	104.82	103.09	1.7	0.1175
	Overall Index	116.47	112.53	3.5	

II: December 2022/2021

	Main groups of goods and sorvings	Decer	December		Impact
	Main groups of goods and services	2022	2021	change (%)	
1.	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	119.85	103.79	15.5	3.2596
2.	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	101.56	99.11	2.5	0.0920
3.	Clothing and footwear	118.89	112.78	5.4	0.3406
4.	Housing	121.06	118.07	2.5	0.4080
5.	Household equipment	112.75	101.30	11.3	0.5084
6.	Health	102.22	99.41	2.8	0.2292
7.	Transport	117.94	108.23	9.0	1.2351
8.	Communication	94.80	96.81	-2.1	-0.0823
9.	Recreation and culture	102.53	99.37	3.2	0.1070
10.	Education	103.12	100.93	2.2	0.0662
11.	Hotels-Cafés-Restaurants	108.17	100.55	7.6	0.7230
12.	Miscellaneous goods and services	103.09	98.01	5.2	0.3372
	Overall Index	112.53	104.95	7.2	

Note: The indices are rounded up to two decimal figures when published and percentage changes up to one decimal figure when published.

Table 3. Comparisons of the overall CPI (Reference year: 2020=100.0)

Year and month	Overall Index	Monthly rates of change %	Annual rates of change Inflation %	Annual average index (moving average)	Annual average rates of change %
2020 : 1	100.49	-1.7	0.9	101.34	0.3
2	99.99	-0.5	0.2	101.35	0.3
3	101.57	1.6	0.0	101.35	0.2
4	101.11	-0.5	-1.4	101.23	0.0
5	100.29	-0.8	-1.1	101.13	-0.1
6	100.33	0.0	-1.6	101.00	-0.3
7	98.63	-1.7	-1.8	100.85	-0.4
8	97.99	-0.6	-1.9	100.69	-0.5
9	99.98	2.0	-2.0	100.52	-0.7
10	100.33	0.3	-1.8	100.37	-0.8
11	99.45	-0.9	-2.1	100.20	-1.0
12	99.84	0.4	-2.3	100.00	-1.2
Annual average	100.00	-	-	100.00	-1.2
2021 : 1	98.52	-1.3	-2.0	99.84	-1.5
2	98.72	0.2	-1.3	99.73	-1.6
3	99.91	1.2	-1.6	99.59	-1.7
4	100.82	0.9	-0.3	99.57	-1.6
5	100.43	-0.4	0.1	99.58	-1.5
6	101.36	0.9	1.0	99.66	-1.3
7	99.96	-1.4	1.4	99.78	-1.1
8	99.83	-0.1	1.9	99.93	-0.8
9	102.19	2.4	2.2	100.11	-0.4
10	103.75	1.5	3.4	100.40	0.0
11	104.24	0.5	4.8	100.40	0.6
12	104.95	0.7	5.1	101.22	1.2
Annual average	104.93 101.22	-	-	101.22	1.2
2022 : 1	104.68	-0.3	6.2	101.74	1.9
2	105.84	1.1	7.2	101.74	2.6
	103.84	2.7	8.9	103.07	
3 4	111.08	2.7	10.2	103.07	3.5 4.4
5	111.80	0.7	11.3	103.92	5.3
	113.62	1.6	12.1	105.89	6.2
6					
7 8	111.54 111.21	-1.8 -0.3	11.6 11.4	106.86	7.1 7.9
				107.81	
9	114.48	2.9	12.0	108.83	8.7
10	113.16	-1.2	9.1	109.61	9.2
11 12	113.15 112.53	0.0 -0.5	8.5	110.36	9.5 9.6
			7.2	110.99	
Annual average	110.99	-	- 7.0	110.99	9.6
2023: 1	111.99	-0.5	7.0	111.60	9.7
2	112.33	0.3	6.1	112.14	9.6
3	113.73	1.2	4.6	112.55	9.2
4	114.45	0.6	3.0	112.83	8.6
5	114.91	0.4	2.8	113.09	7.8
6	115.62	0.6	1.8	113.26	7.0
7	114.30	-1.1	2.5	113.49	6.2
8	114.26	0.0	2.7	113.74	5.5
9	116.34	1.8	1.6	113.90	4.7
10	117.00	0.6	3.4	114.22	4.2
11	116.57	-0.4	3.0	114.50	3.8
12	116.47	-0.1	3.5	114.83	3.5
Annual average	114.83	-	-	114.83	3.5

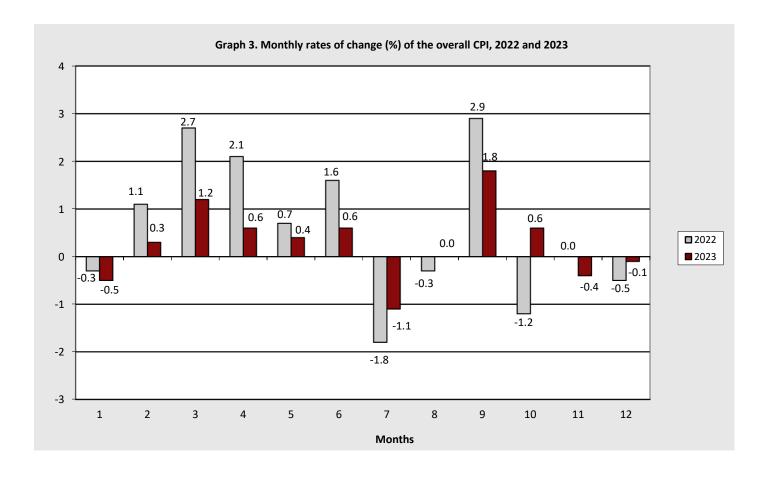
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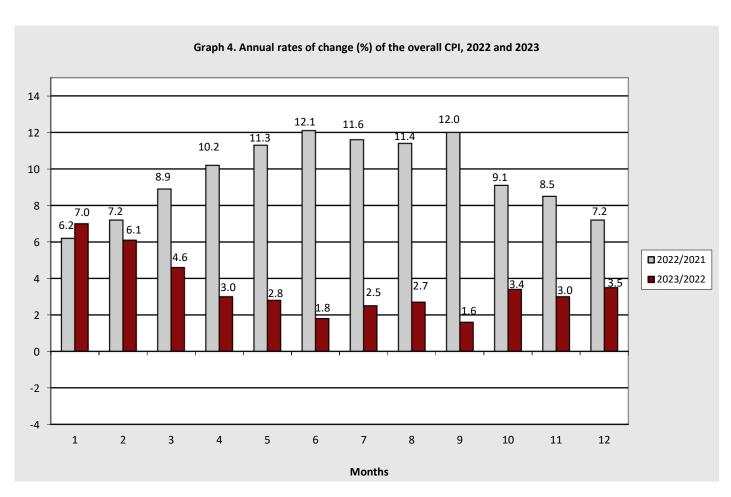
Table 4. Major price changes from index comparison between December 2023 and November 2023 and their impact on the Overall CPI

Goods and services	Rate of change (%)	Impact
Poultry	1.2	0.01
Fresh fish	2.2	0.02
Olive oil	4.7	0.06
Fresh vegetables	5.7	0.08
Preserved or processed vegetables	1.5	0.01
Pork	-1.2	-0.01
Dried salted or smoked meat	-3.3	-0.02
Fresh fruit	-3.1	-0.05
Frozen vegetables	-3.1	-0.01
Coffee	-2.5	-0.01
Alcoholic beverages (not served)	-2.9	-0.04
Clothing and footwear	1.3	0.07
Heating oil	-5.5	-0.11
Electricity	0.5	0.02
Household appliances and repair	2.7	0.02
Non-durable household articles	0.9	0.02
Fuels and lubricants	-2.9	-0.15
Passenger transport by air	-6.9	-0.06
Audiovisual and information processing equipment	1.7	0.01
Restaurants-confectioneries-cafes-buffets	0.6	0.07
Hotels-motels-inns	2.9	0.02
Other appliances and articles for personal care	-0.7	-0.02

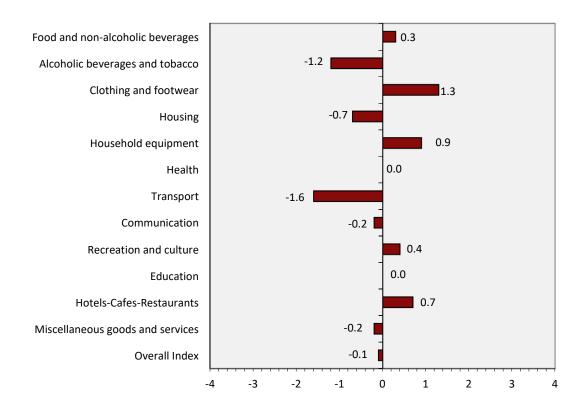
Table 5. Major price changes from index comparison between December 2023 and December 2022 and their impact on the Overall CPI

Goods and services	Rate of change (%)	Impact
Bread and cereals	2.6	0.09
Meat	6.5	0.31
Fish	8.4	0.13
Milk cheese and eggs	3.8	0.14
Olive oil	58.5	0.47
Fruit	15.0	0.24
Vegetables	14.0	0.39
Sugar-chocolates-sweets-ice creams	7.7	0.08
Food n.e.c.	7.0	0.03
Coffee-cocoa-tea	3.7	0.02
Mineral water-refreshments-fruit juices	12.6	0.08
Alcoholic beverages (not served)	5.2	0.08
Clothing and footwear	2.8	0.15
Natural gas	-52.9	-0.53
Rentals for dwellings	4.0	0.14
Services for the repair and maintenance of the dwelling	2.3	0.02
Heating oil	13.7	0.24
Solid fuels	9.2	0.07
Furnishings and other floor coverings	2.4	0.01
Non-durable household articles	2.7	0.05
Domestic services	1.9	0.02
Pharmaceutical products	11.8	0.28
Medical-dental and paramedical services	5.4	0.10
Hospital care	0.9	0.02
New motor cars	0.5	0.01
Second hand motor cars	4.5	0.07
Spare parts and accessories of motor cars	5.6	0.02
Maintenance and repair of motor cars-motor cycles	4.2	0.03
Passenger transport by air	10.2	0.08
Fuels and lubricants	-3.3	-0.18
Telephone services	-3.5	-0.14
Major durables for recreation	3.1	0.02
Small recreational items-flowers-pets	4.4	0.04
Cinemas-theatres	10.0	0.02
Package holidays	9.3	0.02
Equipment for the reception recording and reproduction of sound and vision	-5.1	-0.01
Pre-primary and primary education	4.0	0.04
Secondary education	3.6	0.07
Tertiary education	2.8	0.01
Restaurants-confectioneries-cafes-buffets	5.9	0.65
Hotels-motels-inns	5.7	0.03
Hairdressing salons and personal grooming establishments	3.1	0.04
Other appliances and articles for personal care	0.5	0.02
Private insurance connected with health	5.7	0.03
Motor vehicle insurance	2.1	0.03

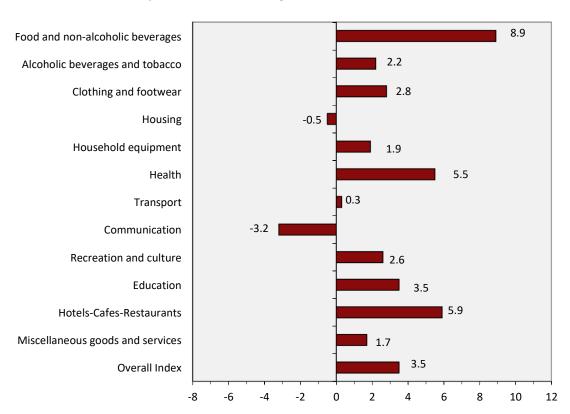


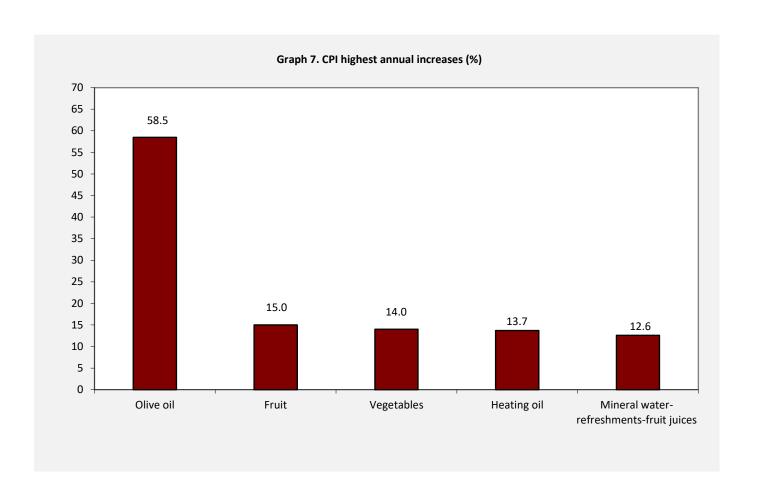


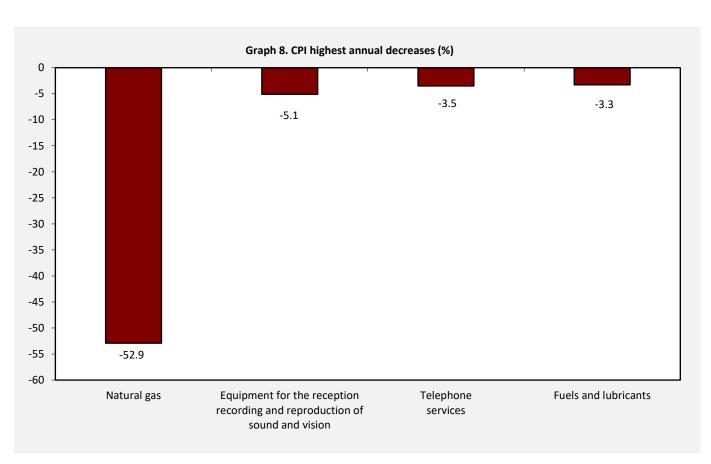
Graph 5. Monthly rates of change (%) of CPI between December 2023 and November 2023



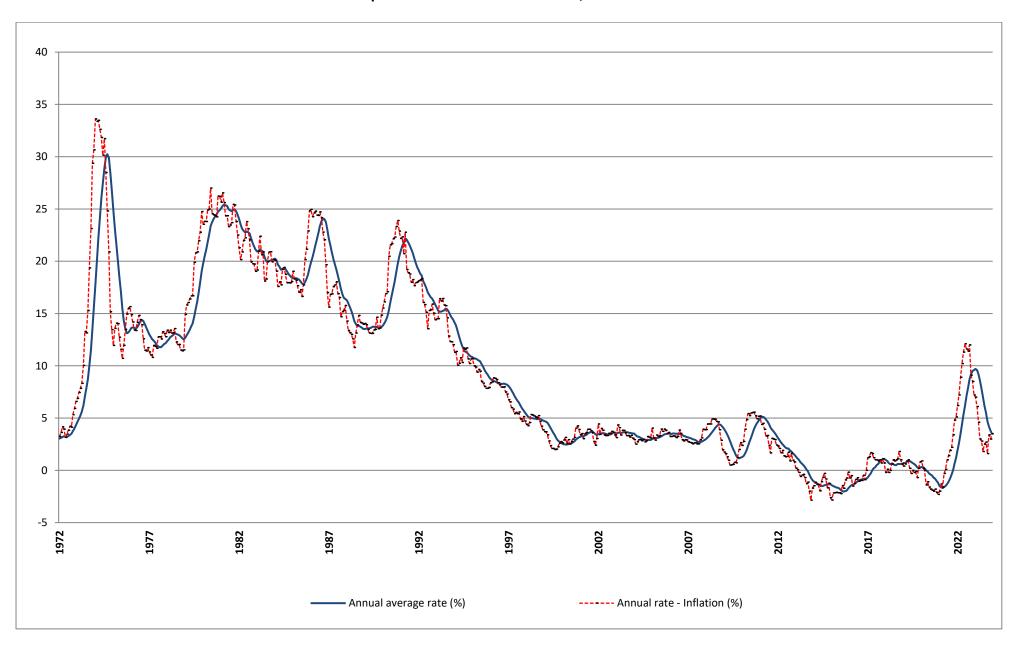
Graph 6. Annual rates of change (%) of CPI between December 2023 and December 2022







Graph 9. Historical evolution of CPI, 1972 – 2023



METHODOLOGICAL NOTES

Generally The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is compiled by the Hellenic Statistical Authority (ELSTAT) since 1959. Until the year

2000, the CPI referred to the urban areas of the Country, while from 2001 onwards it refers to the whole Country covering urban, semi-urban and rural areas.

The purpose of the CPI is to measure the general level of prices of goods and services purchased by the average Greek Purpose of the index

household.

Law 3832/2010. **Legal basis**

Reference period Month.

> December of the previous year. Base

2020=100.0. Reference year

The CPI index follows the chain linking method, introducing new weights annually and having as a base the December **Chain linking Index**

of the previous year. The weights are estimated on the basis of the most recent available data of the Household Budget Survey (HBS), extrapolated to the prices of December. The CPI, adjusted on an annual basis to the most recent consumption expenditure pattern of the private households of the Country, ensures the representativeness of goods

and services, which compose the "basket" of purchases of the average household.

Geographical and The CPI refers to the whole Country and covers the resident households of the territory excluding collective households population coverage of

the CPI

(hospitals, homes for the elderly, boarding houses, prisons, etc.) and non-resident households (tourists) in the Country.

Classification of items The classification of the CPI items (goods and services) is based on the international classification COICOP (Classification

of Individual Consumption by Purpose) as this has been adapted to the needs of the HICPs of the EU Member States

with the COICOP5/HICP classification.

Weights of items The weights of CPI items are updated every year, on the basis of the most recent available data of HBS. The weights

are calculated as the share (‰) of the expenditures for each group, subgroup and item (good or service) to the total

household expenditure of the average household.

Price collection Cities The CPI prices are collected in 27 cities with representative markets for the coverage of the 13 Regions of the Country.

The selection criteria of the price collection cities are the size and the particularities of their markets, the possibility of

continuous price collection, the comparability of the index and the cost of price collection.

Population weights The calculation of the population weights by regions is based on the population data of the 2011 General Population

Census and the expenditure data of the latest available HBS by regions.

Selection of items

The composition of the "household basket" i.e. the selection of goods and services which are included in the calculation of CPI is updated annually, using the results of the latest available HBS, other market research, etc. The chain linking methodology allows the change of items of the household basket on an annual basis, in order to ensure the

representativeness of the items involved in the calculation of groups and subgroups of CPI.

Price collection-Outlets The prices collection outlets are retail stores, enterprises providing services, street markets etc. which are considered

> representative of the branches of shops, where the households make their purchases in the 27 selected cities. The methodology allows the renewal of price collection sources, annually, in order to maintain their representativeness in the calculation of CPI. Prices are collected by employees of ELSTAT as well as by external price collectors, hired on a temporary basis. They pay a visit to the selected outlets within a specific time period of a month (monthly prices) or on a specific day of the week (weekly prices). The collected prices correspond to the prices actually faced by the

> All the collected items are defined by the specification, that is the particular characteristics which determine the

consumer.

Specification-

Substitution of items quality, the trade show and the identity, in general, of good products (such as brand, weight, package etc), in order to avoid any price variations attributable to differences in the specification. Once a specified item (good or service) is no longer available in the market or has ceased to be important, as regards consumption, it is substituted by a newly

specified item, which has taken its place in the market.

Calculation of the Consumer Price Index

The Consumer Price Index is a Laspeyres-type index and it is calculated based on December of the previous year.

Implementation of formula in five-digit level of COICOP5

Specifically, if the five-digit item h includes q price collected items, then its index in month t of year T, $R_h^{t,T}$, is given by the following formula:

$$R_{h}^{t,T} = R_{h}^{12,T-1} \left[\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{q} w_{i}^{T} R_{i}^{t,T} / R_{i}^{12,T-1}}{\sum_{i=1}^{q} w_{i}^{T}} \right],$$

where:

 $R^{12,T-1}$ = the index of the five-digit item h, in December of year T-1.

 \mathbf{W}^T = the weight of the price collected item I, in year T.

 $R_{\cdot}^{t,T}$ = the index of the price collected item I, in month t of year T.

 $R_{:}^{12,T-1}$ = the index of the price collected item I, in December of year T-1.

A similar methodology is followed for the calculation of indices in the upper levels (two-digit, three-digit and four-digit) of COICOP5 and the calculation of the overall CPI as well.

Publication of data

The published CPI time series (reference year 2020=100.0), covers the period from January 1959 onwards. The CPI data are released each month as scheduled, in accordance with the Releases Calendar of ELSTAT, with the Release and the tables.

References

Further information concerning the methodology and the compilation of the CPI is available in the <u>Methodological Publication CPI (2009=100.0)</u> and the <u>Single Integrated Metadata Structure (SIMS)</u>.