



Conseil national
de l'information statistique

The CNIS medium term agenda 2024-2028: a collaborative approach

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The French official statistical system



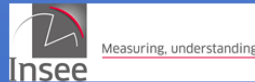
The CNIS
(national council
for statistical
information)



Organises
dialogue
between users
and producers of
Official statistics

The public statistical service

Insee
National institute for
statistics and economic
studies



The Insee and the 16 ministries statistical
services collect data needed to compile
statistics, produce and disseminate statistical
information

Other national
authorities



The ASP (public
statistics
authority)

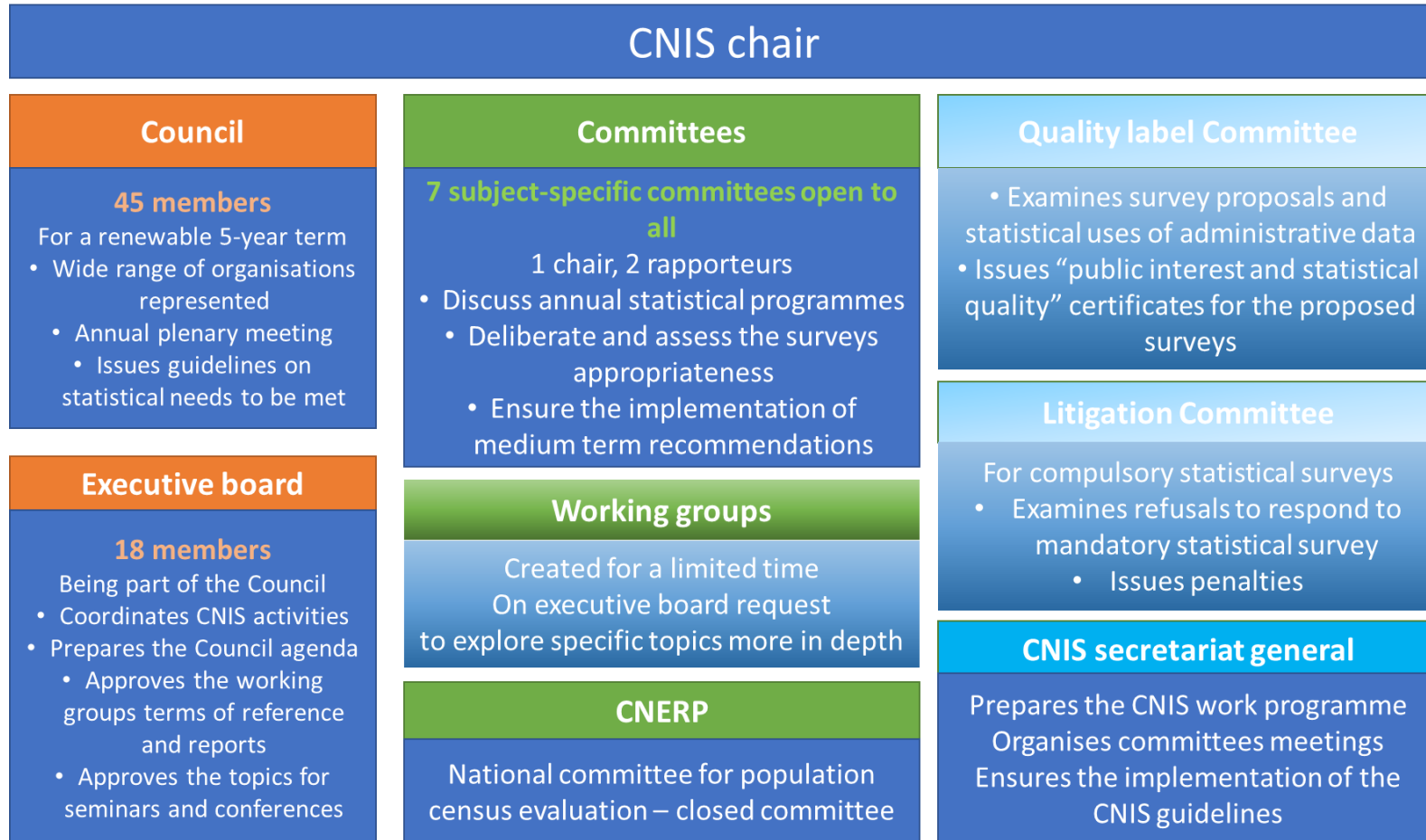


Ensures
application of
principles
governing EU
statistics

The CNIS organisation and bodies



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8 CNIS thematic committees (permanent)

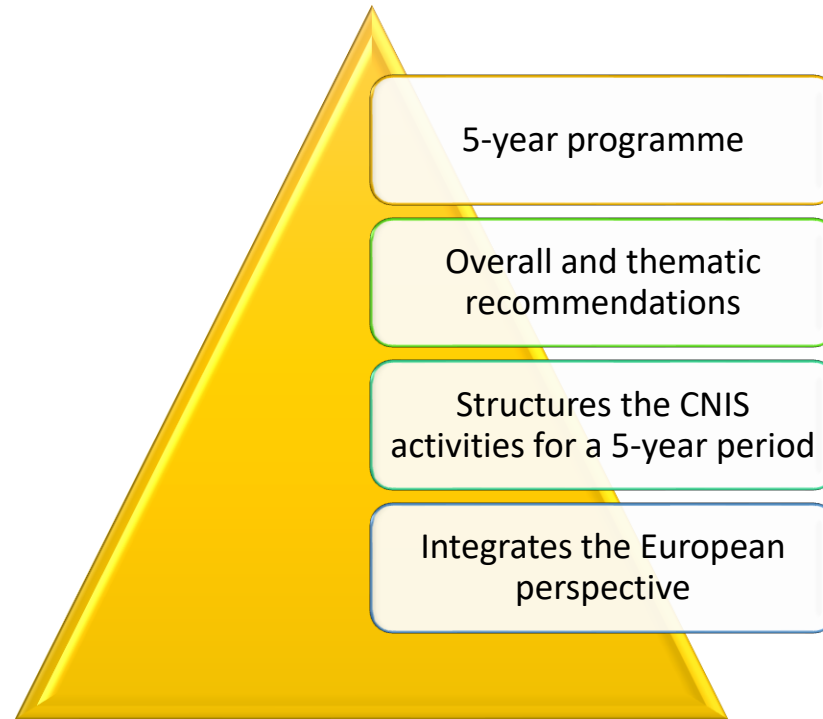
- Demography and social issues
- Employment, skills, and earned incomes
- Public services and services to public
- Businesses and market strategies
- Financial system and financing of the economy
- Environment and sustainable development
- Regional and local statistics

• National Population Census Assessment Committee (Cnerp)

The CNIS medium term agenda



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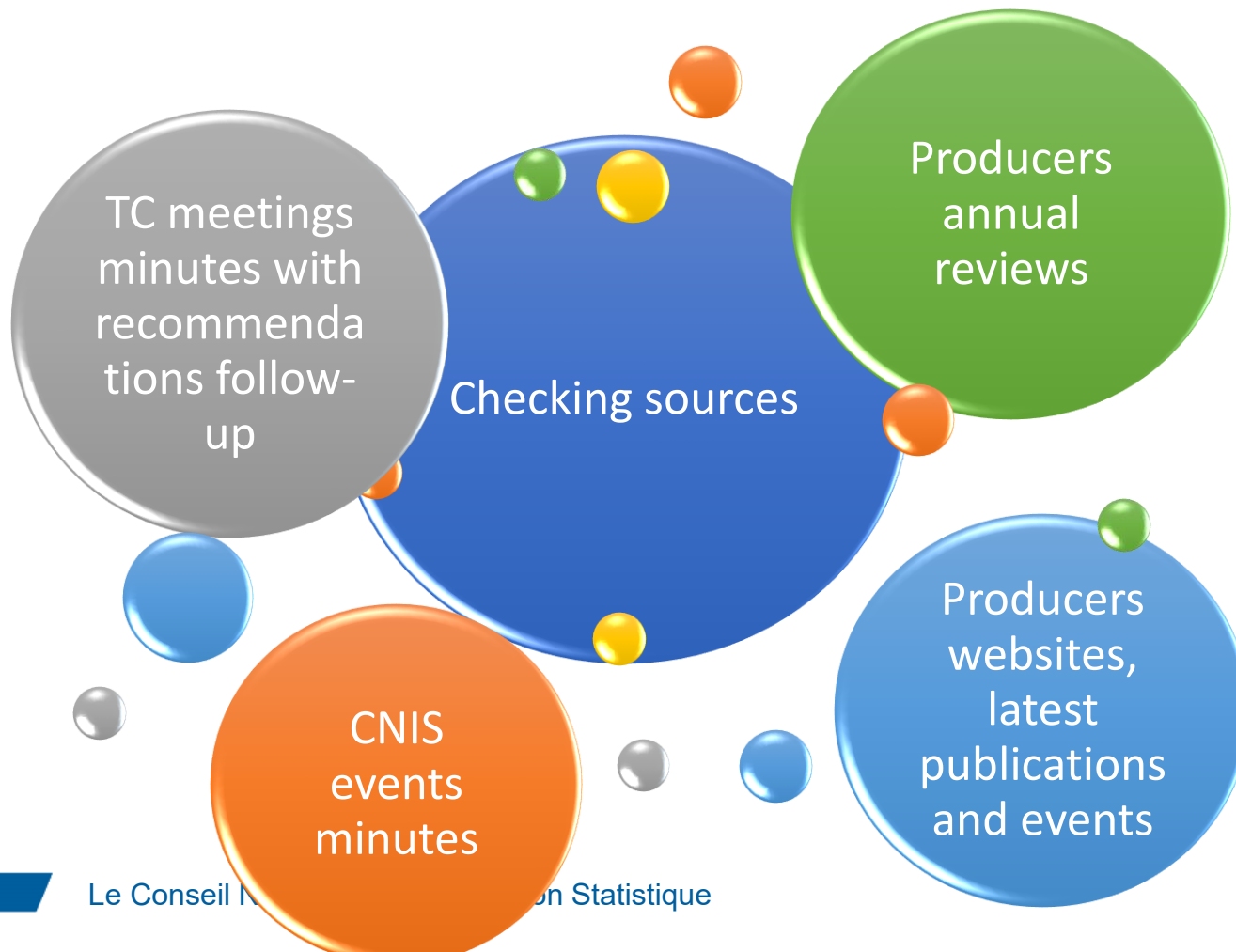
MTA elaboration: a collaborative approach



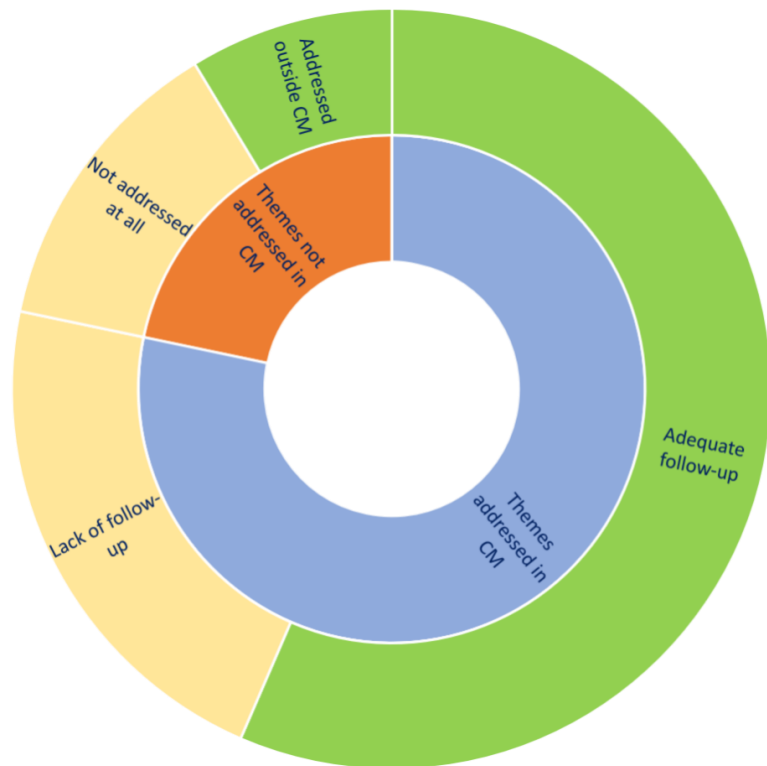
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The assessment of an MTA



Assessment of the 2019-2023 MTA



69 thematic recommendations

78% covered in TC meetings

22% not covered in TC meetings

65% well addressed

35% lack of follow-up

45% of themes included in the 2024-2028 MTA

Assessment of the 2019-2023 MTA



Topics that
lost interest
along time

Banking
professions

Impact of
COVID
crisis on
statistics

Topics that
needed to be
treated in
priority



MTA preparation: a collaborative approach

44 Interviews

22 users

Council members

Institutional users
(public authorities, high
level advisory councils)

Organised users (trade
unions, non-profit,
academia)

Local public authorities

22
producers

Insee

ONAs

Eurostat

Public consultation

150 answers

76 (only) users

74 producers and users

2 focus group
meetings

Ecological transition

Social statistics

Needs gathering

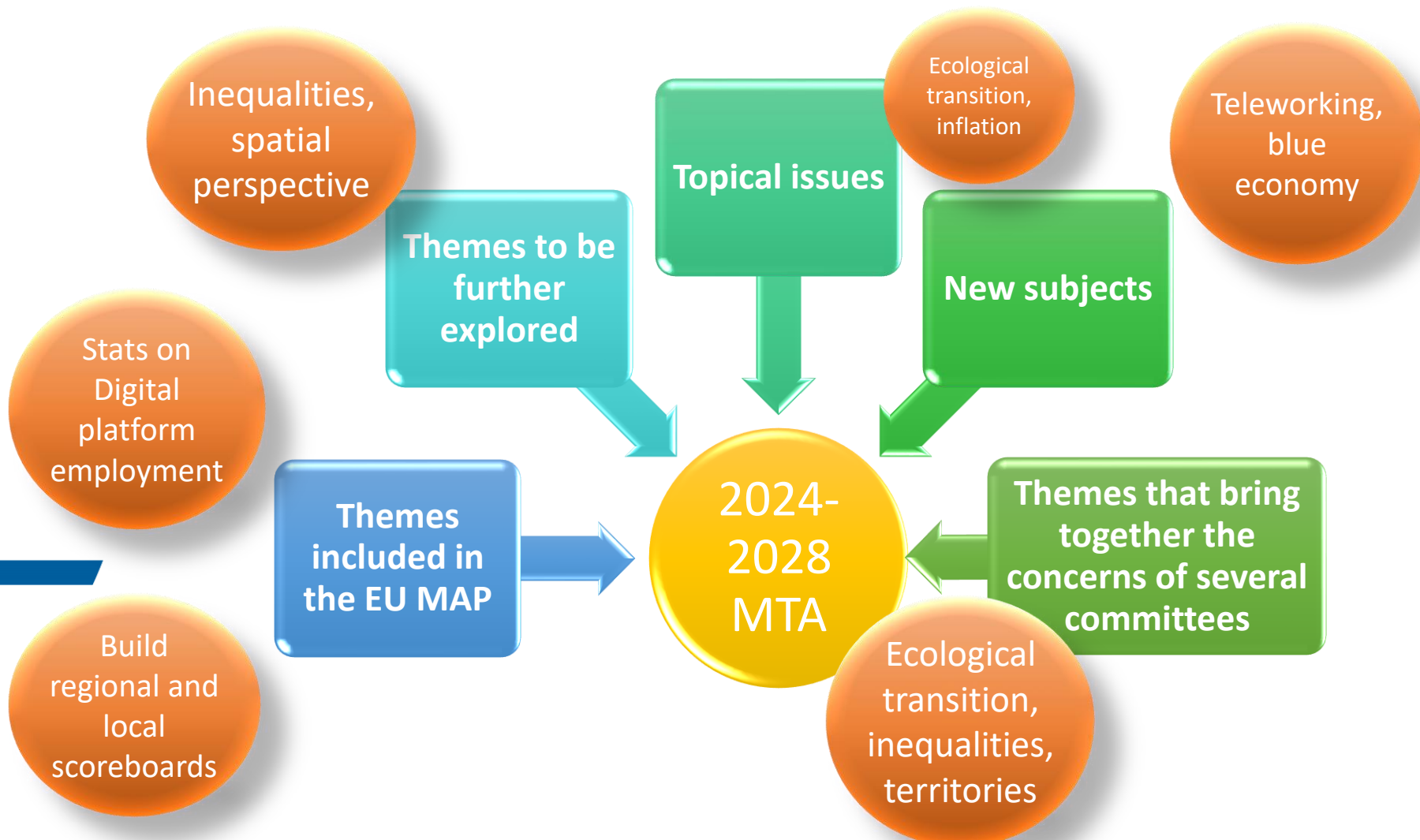
Selection of themes



Needs expressed in the public consultation



How the 2024-2028 MTA has been structured



How the 2024-2028 MTA will be implemented

In thematic committees meeting



- 2 recommendations yearly
- Overview of data sources (producers)
- Recent works and methodological challenges (producers)
- Users share their experience in using the data
- Users express further needs
- Next steps on the specific theme

In working groups



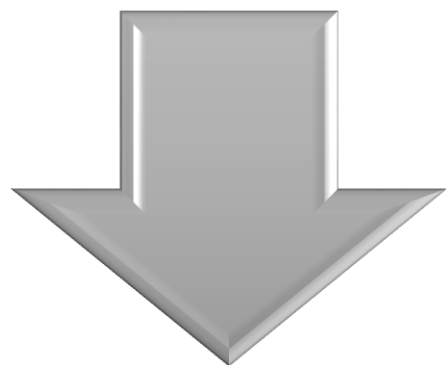
- Focused approach on a short time period
- Explore a new topic
- Engage various well-informed users and data producers
- Conclusive recommendations to be incorporated in MTA implementation
- 2 new working groups: on abuse of vulnerable persons and impact of France travail creation

In conferences, seminars



- One or two events per year
- To present the conclusions and recommendations of working groups
- To take stock of a major topics
- Open to the public
- Users can voice their opinions
- Conclusive recommendations to be incorporated in MTA implementation

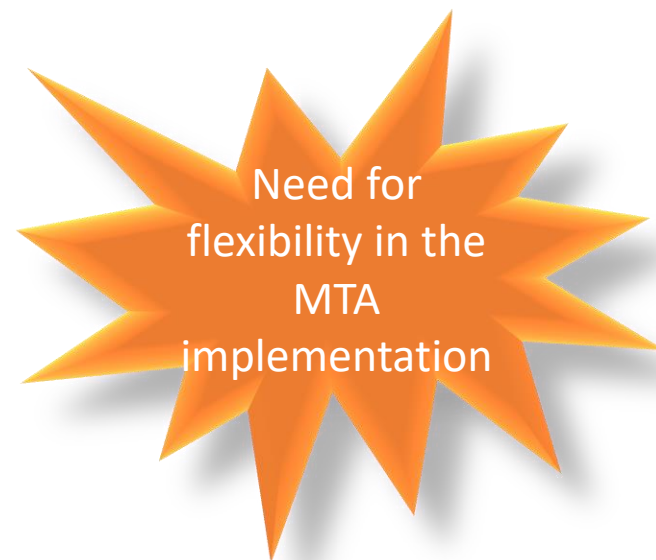
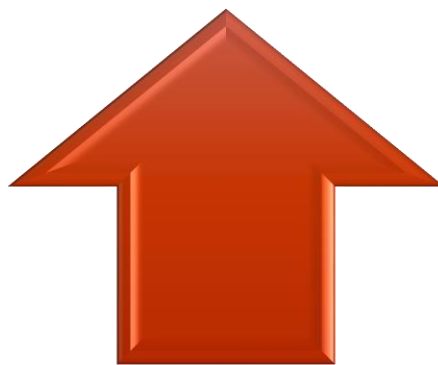
How far the MTA influences the Official statistics works



Consider the
long-period
nature of
statistics

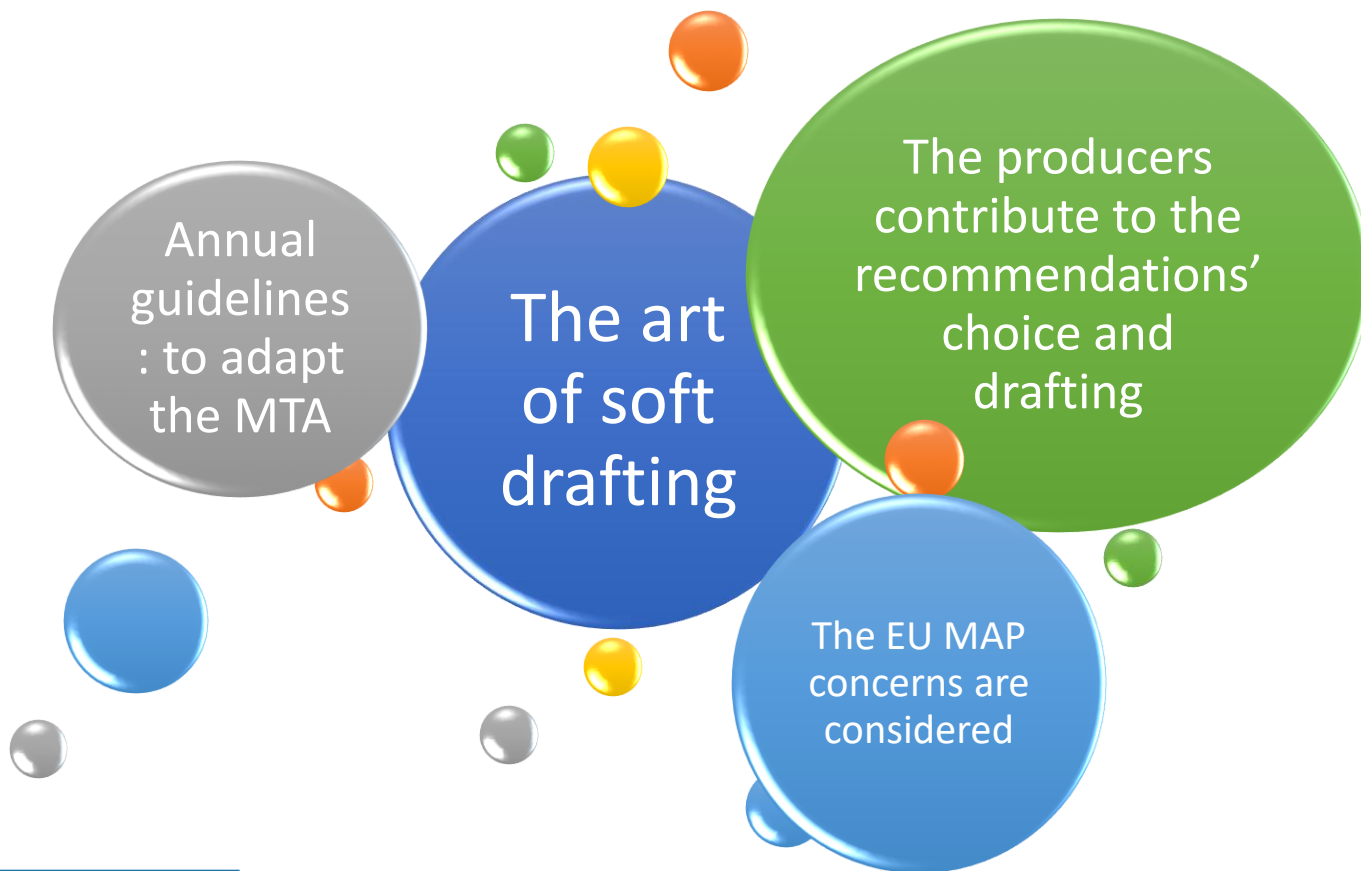


Shed light on
new
phenomena as
fast as possible



Need for
flexibility in the
MTA
implementation

How far the MTA influences the Official statistics works



General recommendations

Reporting on a changing world

1. Measuring the ecological transition and reporting on its economic and social challenges

The Council welcomes the work carried out by official statistics to monitor the ecological transition and the measures taken to limit the effects of global warming. It stresses the need to continue this work and to supplement current statistics with a systemic approach.

The Council calls for macroeconomic statistics to take greater account of environmental damage, over and above economic performance, within a conceptual framework consistent with national accounts. It recommends enhancing environmental economic accounts.

It also wishes public statistics to shed light on the differences in the situation and behaviour of economic agents (companies, households, public players) and territories with regard to the ecological transition (CO₂ emissions, cost and benefits of the transition, etc.) and provide permanent benchmarks to inform public and private choices.

General recommendations

Innovating to better meet needs

Recommendation 10. Develop a reference framework and a code of ethics adapted to the matching of individual data

Encouraged for a long time by the CNIS, the use of information from administrative sources and the matching of individual data is now a way of developing and enriching the statistical information system, with multiple benefits for knowledge (cross-referencing of themes, longitudinal monitoring, increased accuracy, etc.).

The Council calls for matching methods to be harmonised and standardised with a view to improving quality.

Against a backdrop of increasing technical ease in matching exhaustive sources, which can present risks for the security of personal data, it recommends defining and implementing a reference framework and a code of ethics adapted to such data processing, to ensure a high level of security and good public information, following on from the recommendations of the RESIL (Statistical register of individuals and housing) consultation group.

Environment and Sustainable Development Committee Recommendations

Environmental accounting and the carbon footprint

- 1 Measuring the carbon footprint at different scales
- 2 Improving environmental economic accounts

State of the environment

- 3 Monitor the state of biodiversity
- 4 Document trends in water resources

Human activities and climate change

- 5 How can we measure sobriety?
- 6 Measuring energy renovation in buildings
- 7 Monitor developments in freight transport
- 8 Monitor passenger mobility and its impact on CO2 emissions
- 9 Socio-economic inequalities, climate change and biodiversity
- 10 Health and the environment

Public Services and Services to the Public Committee Recommendations

Health and social care

- 1 Assessing inequalities in health in relation to the supply and quality of the healthcare system
- 2 Tracking the pathways of the elderly and their care through public policies

Young people

- 3 Monitoring young people's progress through the education system and their transition to the working world
- 4 Tracking the trajectories of young people in trouble with the law

Justice and security

- 5 Consolidate the information system relating to people's criminal record
- 6 Consolidate the information system on crime

Access to and quality of public services

- 7 Harmonise and consolidate statistics on local public services
- 8 Monitoring inequalities in access to public services
- 9 Consolidate data on working conditions for public service staff
- 10 Defining quality indicators for public services (from the point of view of users)

Financial System and Financing of the Economy

Committee recommendations

Economy, ecological transition and digital transformation

- 1 Taking the environment into account in macroeconomic statistics
- 2 Monitoring the financing of the ecological transition
- 3 What type of green investment?
- 4 Measuring the financial risks of climate change
- 5 Measuring the contribution of digital technology to growth
- 6 Monitor the development of fintech

Observing a globalised economy

- 7 Measuring the impact of the internationalisation of the economy on the measurement of growth
- 8 Improving the comparability of macroeconomic statistics at international level and over time

Measuring inequality

- 9 Distributing household income and wealth accounts

Analysing the economic situation

- 10 Facilitating the use of alternative data to improve economic forecasts and diagnoses

Territories

Committee recommendations

Observing the diversity and specific characteristics of territories

- 1 Monitor the vulnerability of regions to the consequences of climate and environmental change
- 2 Improve the analysis of disparities between types of territory
- 3 Improving statistical information on French overseas territories, particularly on issues specific to these territories
- 4 Observe border territories and conduct cross-border comparisons

Knowledge of local and regional authorities

- 5 Improve knowledge of the initiatives undertaken by local and regional authorities

Living and travelling in the regions

- 6 Estimate the population present in the territory
- 7 Documenting people's mobility and the issues for regions
- 8 Monitor changes in the residential trajectories of households

Better understanding of local economies

- 9 Gain a better understanding of prices and consumption at sub-national levels
- 10 Describing local property markets

A role ... to be discovered on www.cnis.fr

- **How the MTA will be implemented**
 - One recommendation treated during each committee meeting
 - Setting up working or consultation groups
 - Organising conferences, meetings or seminars

TC meeting, conferences and seminar are open to public
Institutional and “organised” users contribute to working groups

- **To which extent the Medium-term agenda influences the official statistics works**
 - A mutual interaction process...that also includes European concerns
 - An agenda designed to evolve over time
 - The committee's follow-up throughout the medium term
 - A systematic review of the previous MTA

A role ... to be discovered on www.cnis.fr

The challenge for the CNIS medium-term agenda and its recommendations for the Official statistical service, in the current climate of mistrust of information in general, is to **maintain and strengthen confidence in high quality statistical production** that can properly inform public debate



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A role ... to be discovered on www.cnis.fr

**Thank you for your
attention**

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Demographic and social issues committee

Recommendation 3. Monitoring social inequalities in health

Social inequalities in health are "systematic, avoidable and significant differences in health" between social groups. They result from the unequal distribution of a multitude of socio-demographic determinants such as gender, country of birth, social origin, socio-professional category, income, place of residence, etc.

The Council welcomes the statistical work carried out to measure the influence of social, family and regional determinants on health on the one hand, and to monitor changes in health inequalities on the other, and recommends this work to be continued.

The Council will discuss the potential of matching existing sources to produce more frequent data on a sub-national scale, as well as putting this work into a European or international context.

The Council will examine the possibilities of clarifying morbidity and mortality statistics, particularly with regard to avoidable mortality or morbidity and mortality by occupation.

Cnis – examples of recommendation (medium term programme)



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Employment, skills and incomes committee

Ecological transition, digital transformation, employment and training

Recommendation 6. Identify the digital and environmental skills linked to the transformation of occupations

The digital and ecological transformations are having an impact on the content of occupations.

The Council would like to see the development of a cross-sectoral statistical approach to monitor changes in digital and environmental skills in all occupations, including those that are specifically digital or environmental. It urges that the scope of these occupations be better defined.