### Greece: Sustainable Development Goals 2030

INDICATORS AND STATISTICS

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT



HELLENIC STATISTICAL AUTHORITY PIRAEUS 2023



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PIRAEUS 2023

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#### Dear reader.

The publication "Greece: Sustainable Development Goals 2030" presents the most recent statistical data for Greece concerning specific indicators on sustainable development. These indicators are primarily compiled by the Hellenic Statistical Authority (ELSTAT) within the framework of the United Nations 2030 Agenda.

The significance of the 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) for 2030 is multifaceted, as they cover a wide range of challenges. These challenges include eradicating extreme poverty and hunger, promoting quality education, health, gender equality, sustainable use of natural resources and environmental protection. Furthermore, the SDGs respond to the need for development that respects the environment, promotes sustainable use of resources and ensures the protection of our ecosystems.

The most critical factor for achieving the SDGs is the collection and analysis of reliable statistical data from the global statistical community and, primarily, from the statistical systems of all countries. Reliable statistical information provides the basis for assessing progress, monitoring inequalities, identifying issues and shaping policies that will lead to improvements, ensuring that "no one is left behind."

The publication "Greece: Sustainable Development Goals 2030" will be updated on the first Wednesday of each June with the latest available data. For more information, you can contact the Division of Statistical Information and Publications of ELSTAT (telephone: +30 213 135 2301, 213 135 2183, email: data.dissem@statistics.gr).

Suggestions and proposals for the content of the publication are welcome.



Athanasios C. Thanopoulos President of the Hellenic Statistical Authority

### Introduction

The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) for 2030 are a set of 17 goals adopted in 2015 with Resolution 70/1 of the United Nations General Assembly titled "Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development". They aim to promote global sustainable development. Through the resolution, UN member states committed to monitoring and evaluating the progress made in implementing the SDGs using a set of national, regional and global indicators. An ambitious agenda was adopted to promote integrated and sustainable development with the contribution of all countries and stakeholders.

The 2030 Agenda for the SDGs stipulates that progress reports are based on individual targets and indicators, using data primarily generated by National Statistical Systems. The 17 SDGs are broken down into a group of 169 targets for all countries and 231 indicators. The discussion on the availability of methodology, as well as the usefulness and effectiveness of statistical data for these indicators, is ongoing.

Furthermore, the United Nations Statistical Commission decided that the indicators should be based, to the maximum extent possible, on comparable and standardized official statistics provided by countries in international statistical systems. When other sources and methodologies are used, they should be reviewed and agreed upon transparently by national statistical authorities. Indicators should be disaggregated, as appropriate, by income, sex, age, race, ethnicity, migration status, disability, geographical location, or other characteristics, following the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics of the United Nations.

At European (regional) level, in December 2016, the Statistical Office of the European Union (Eurostat) proposed, in line with the 17 Sustainable Development Goals, a complementary set of indicators based on statistics already produced by the European Statistical System in full accordance with the Code of Practice for European Statistics. The EU set of indicators consists of 100 indicators and is open to annual reviews for the incorporation of indicators from new data sources, as well as for the consideration of new goals according to the priorities of the European Commission, such as the European Green Deal and other initiatives.

ELSTAT, as the coordinator of the Hellenic Statistical System (ELSS) and responsible for statistical coordination of the SDGs, has the mission to develop, produce and disseminate official statistics of Greece. Official statistics cover all sectors of public and private activity, support decision-making and are submitted to international organizations in accordance with national obligations.

ELSTAT actively participates in all methodological meetings of the statistical community and maintains continuous communication with the Custodian Agencies responsible for monitoring the indicators of the SDGs. Through this collaboration, in addition to providing statistical data, new statistical surveys and new data sources (administrative, geospatial, etc.) are explored, and new variables are added to existing statistical surveys.

Moreover, ELSTAT played a crucial role in shaping, in 2019, the National Set of Indicators for Greece, where the selection of the included indicators took into account national priorities and data availability. In addition, ELSTAT prepared the statistical annexes for the Voluntary National Reports presented at the UN High-Level Political Forum (HLPF) in 2018 and 2022. Additionally, the website of ELSTAT contains a section dedicated to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) as the National Reporting Platform (http://www.statistics.gr/en/sdgs), where users can have direct access to data for each goal and find publications and visualization tools related to the SDGs in Greece and abroad.



































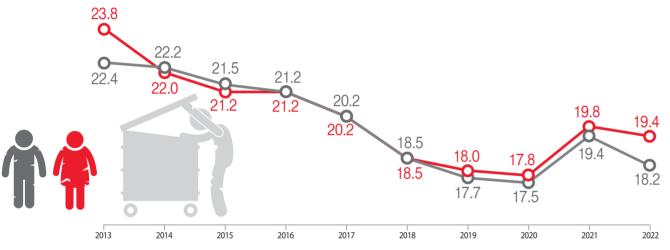
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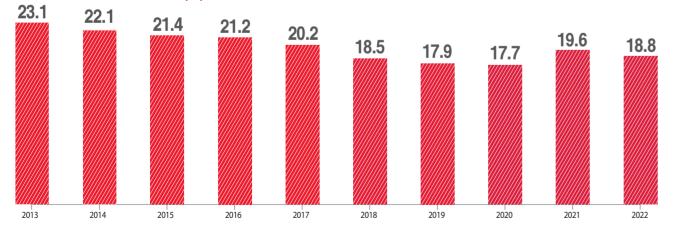
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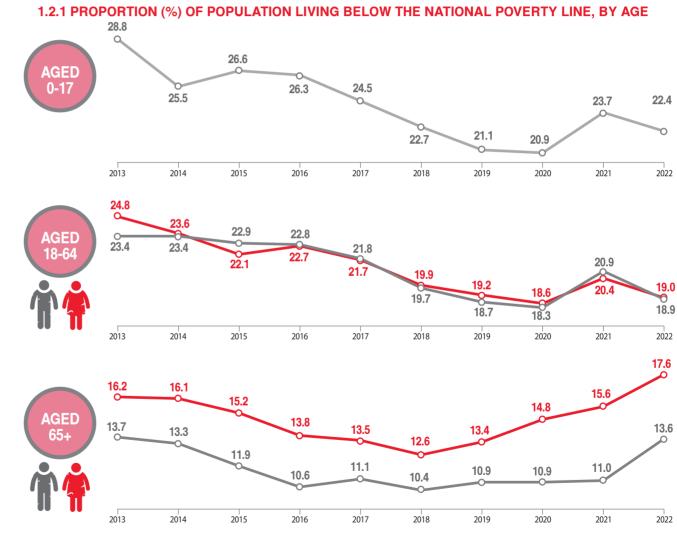
# **1. No poverty**

#### 1.2.1 PROPORTION (%) OF POPULATION LIVING BELOW THE NATIONAL POVERTY LINE, BY SEX



1.2.1 PROPORTION (%) OF POPULATION LIVING BELOW THE NATIONAL POVERTY LINE







#### **GOAL 1. END POVERTY IN ALL**

UNSD Indicator code	Target	Indicator
C010201		1.2.1 Proportion (%) of population living below the national poverty line, by sex and age <sup>(1)</sup>
C010202	- 1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national defi- nitions	1.2.2 Proportion (%) of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to na- tional definitions <sup>(1)</sup>
C010401	1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance	1.4.1 Proportion (%) of population living in households with access to basic services <sup>(1)</sup>
C010a01	1.a Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, in- cluding through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions	1.a.2 Proportion (%) of total government spending on es- sential services (education, health and social protec- tion) <sup>(2)</sup>

Indicator codes were developed by UNSD (United Nations Statistical Division) for data transfer, tracking and other statistical purposes.

(1) Source: ELSTAT. SILC (Survey on Income and Living Conditions).

(2) Source: ELSTAT. COFOG (Classification of Functions of Government).

#### 1.4.1 PROPORTION (%) OF POPULATION LIVING IN HOUSEHOLDS WITH ACCESS TO BASIC SERVICES, 2022





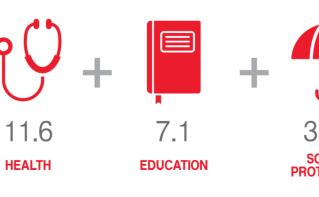




#### **ITS FORMS EVERYWHERE**

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total	23.1	22.1	21.4	21.2	20.2	18.5	17.9	17.7	19.6	18.8
Male	22.4	22.2	21.5	21.2	20.2	18.5	17.7	17.5	19.4	18.2
Female	23.8	22.0	21.2	21.2	20.2	18.5	18.0	17.8	19.8	19.4
18-64	24.1	23.5	22.5	22.7	21.7	19.8	18.9	18.4	20.6	18.9
Male	23.4	23.4	22.9	22.8	21.8	19.7	18.7	18.3	20.9	18.9
Female	24.8	23.6	22.1	22.7	21.7	19.9	19.2	18.6	20.4	19.0
65+	15.1	14.9	13.7	12.4	12.4	11.6	12.2	13.0	13.5	15.8
Male	13.7	13.3	11.9	10.6	11.1	10.4	10.9	10.9	11.0	13.6
Female	16.2	16.1	15.2	13.8	13.5	12.6	13.4	14.8	15.6	17.6
0-17	28.8	25.5	26.6	26.3	24.5	22.7	21.1	20.9	23.7	22.4
Capacity to afford a meal with meat, chicken,										
fish (or vegetarian equivalent) every second day	87.5	87.0	88.1	87.1	88.2	88.2	88.5	87.6	88.4	90.0
Telephone (including mobile phone) <sup>(3)</sup>	99.3	99.2	99.3	99.3	98.3	98.8	99.1	99.6		
Personal safety - Vandalism and crime <sup>(3)</sup>	79.6	85.9	87.0	87.8	86.1	86.3	82.7	81.9		
Replace worn out clothes by some new	97.1	97.1	95.9	95.3	95.2	94.2	93.9	93.8	93.2	92.8
Internet connection for personal use at home	57.8	64.2	64.6	67.2	69.8	75.8	78.6	79.4	82.9	83.7
Get-together with friends / family (relatives) for										
a drink / meal at least once a month	65.6	63.3	64.7	64.6	66.8	67.9	73.1	74.9	74.4	77.4
Use public transportation	55.5	55.9	53.1	53.1						
% COFOG <sup>(2)</sup> Category 07 - Health	8.6	9.4	9.2	10.7	11.3	11.5	12.0	11.3	11.6	
% COFOG <sup>(2)</sup> Category 09 - Education	7.2	8.5	7.7	8.0	8.0	8.4	8.3	7.5	7.1	
% COFOG <sup>(2)</sup> Category 10 - Social Protection	31.3	40.1	37.7	41.4	41.2	40.8	41.4	37.7	35.9	
% COFOG <sup>(2)</sup> Category/ Total Expenditure	47.1	58.1	54.6	60.1	60.5	60.7	61.8	56.5	54.6	

(3) From 2020 onwards, data are collected every three years.



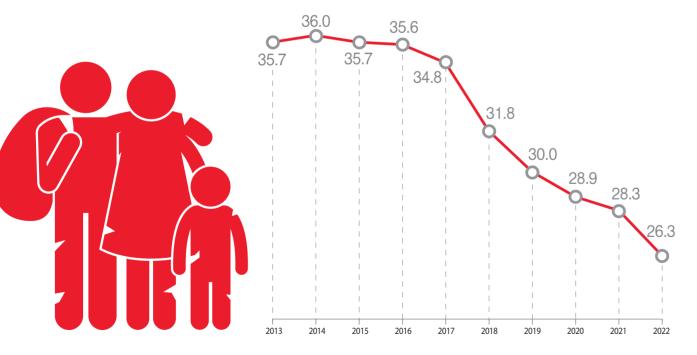
1.a.2 PROPORTION (%) OF TOTAL GOVERNMENT SPENDING ON ESSENTIAL SERVICES, 2021



EUROSTAT Indicator code - No poverty	Indicator
sdg_01_10	People at risk of poverty or social exclusion (%) <sup>(1)</sup>
sdg_01_20	People at risk of income poverty after social transfers (%) <sup>(1)</sup>
sdg_01_31	Severely material and social deprivation rate (%) <sup>(1)</sup>
sdg_01_40	People living in households with very low work intensity (%) <sup>(1)</sup>
sdg_03_60	Self-reported unmet need for medical care (%) <sup>(1)</sup>
sdg_07_60	Population unable to keep home adequately warm by poverty status $(\%)^{(1)}$
sdg_11_10	Overcrowding rate by poverty status (%) <sup>(1)</sup>

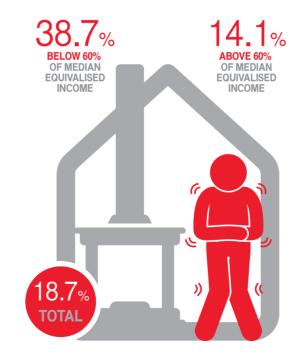
Data from Eurostat's database (source: ELSTAT and Hellenic Statistical System). (1) Source: ELSTAT. SILC (Survey on Income and Living Conditions).

### 01\_10 PEOPLE AT RISK OF POVERTY OR SOCIAL EXCLUSION (%)

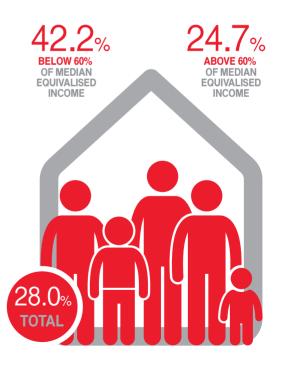


	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	35.7	36.0	35.7	35.6	34.8	31.8	30.0	28.9	28.3	26.3
	23.1	22.1	21.4	21.2	20.2	18.5	17.9	17.7	19.6	18.8
			17.6	18.4	18.3	16.1	15.8	14.9	13.9	13.9
			15.3	15.7	14.3	13.6	12.7	11.8	12.1	9.5
	9.0	10.9	12.3	13.1	10.0	8.8	8.1	11.2	12.3	13.1
Total Below 60% of median equivalised income Above 60% of median equivalised income	<b>29.5</b> 48.4 23.9	<b>32.9</b> 52.6 27.4	<b>29.2</b> 50.9 23.3	<b>29.1</b> 52.5 22.8	<b>25.7</b> 45.3 20.8	<b>22.7</b> 41.2 18.5	<b>17.9</b> 34.1 14.3	<b>17.1</b> 39.9 12.4	<b>17.5</b> 36.7 12.8	<b>18.7</b> 38.7 14.1
Total Below 60% of median equivalised income Above 60% of median equivalised income	<b>27.3</b> 42.0 22.9	<b>27.4</b> 43.1 22.9	<b>28.1</b> 42.0 24.3	<b>28.7</b> 42.2 25.0	<b>29.0</b> 43.7 25.3	<b>29.2</b> 44.2 25.7	<b>28.7</b> 45.7 25.0	<b>29.0</b> 43.9 25.8	<b>28.5</b> 42.7 25.1	<b>28.0</b> 42.2 24.7

#### 07\_60 POPULATION UNABLE TO KEEP HOME ADEQUATELY WARM by poverty status, 2022



#### 11\_10 OVERCROWDING RATE by poverty status, 2022



# 2. Zero hunger

#### GOAL 2. END HUNGER, ACHIEVE FOOD SECURITY AND IMPROVED

UNSD Indicator code	Target	Indicator
C020301	2.3 By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, mar- kets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment	2.3.2 Average income (in euro) of small-scale food producers, by $\mbox{sex}^{(1)}$
C02041	2.4 By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement re- silient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to cli- mate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality	2.4.1 Proportion (%) of agricultural area under productive and sustainable agriculture <sup>(1)</sup>

EUROSTAT Indicator code - Zero hunger	Indicator
sdg_02_30	Government support to agricultural research and development (in million euro)
sdg_02_40	Area under organic farming (%)
sdg_02_60	Ammonia emissions from agriculture in tonnes <sup>(2)</sup>

Indicator codes were developed by UNSD (United Nations Statistical Division) for data transfer, tracking and other statistical purposes. Data from Eurostat's database (source: ELSTAT and Hellenic Statistical System).

(1) Source: ELSTAT. Farm Structure Survey for the years 2013 and 2016 and Census of Agricultural and Livestock Holdings for the year 2020.

(2) Source: EEA (European Environment Agency).

#### 2.3.2 AVERAGE INCOME OF SMALL-SCALE FOOD PRODUCERS, BY SEX, 2020





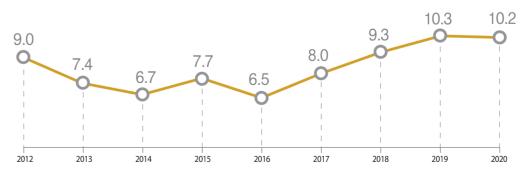


### NUTRITION AND PROMOTE SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Male		1,856.6			1,862.6				1,946.5	
Female		1,763.2			1,832.3				1,914.0	
		86.9			86.5				*90.5	

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
27.5	28.1	29.6	30.0	33.0	18.7	32.0	56.7	43.7	51.1
9.0	7.4	6.7	7.7	6.5	8.0	9.3	10.3	10.2	
60,950	61,764	58,655	57,367	57,567	57,005	56,813	56,776	57,651	

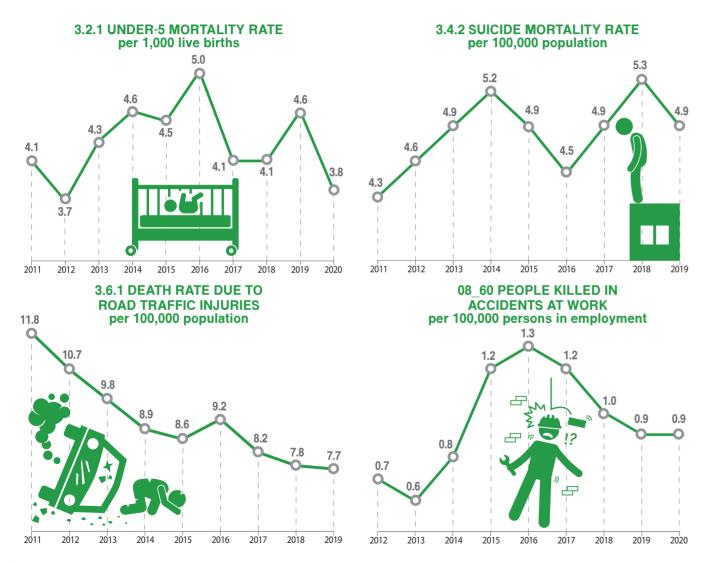
#### 02\_40 AREA UNDER ORGANIC FARMING (%)

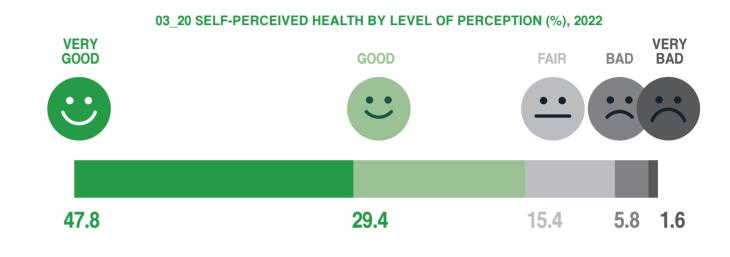


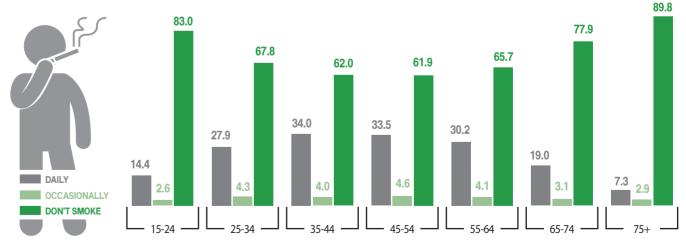




# 3. Good health and well-being











#### Goal 3. ENSURE HEALTHY LIVES AND PROMOTE

UNSD Indicator code	Target	Indicator
C030201	3.2 By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as	3.2.1 Mortality rate under-5 <sup>(1)</sup> (per 1,000 live births)
C030202	low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births	3.2.2 Neonatal mortality rate <sup>(1)</sup> (per 1,000 live births)
C030401	3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being	3.4.2 Suicide mortality rate <sup>(2)</sup> (per 100,000 population)
C030601	3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents	3.6.1 Death rate due to road traffic injuries (per 100,000 population)
C030a01	3.a Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Frame- work Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate	3.a.1 Age-standardized prevalence of current tobacco use among persons aged 15 years and older <sup>(3)</sup> (%)

Indicator codes were developed by UNSD (United Nations Statistical Division) for data transfer, tracking and other statistical purposes. (1) Source: ELSTAT. Deaths.

EUROSTAT Indicator code - Good health and well-being	Indicator
sdg_03_20	Self-perceived health by level of perception <sup>(4)</sup>
sdg_03_41	Standardized death rate due to tuberculosis, HIV and hepatitis
sdg_03_60	Self-reported unmet need for medical care <sup>(4)</sup>
sdg_08_60	People killed in accidents at work (per 100,000 persons in employment) <sup>(5)</sup>
sdg_11_20	Population living in households considering that they suffer from noise, by poverty status <sup>(4)</sup>
sdg_11_40	People killed in road accidents
sdg_11_52	Premature deaths due to particulate matters (PM) 2.5 exposure (particulates < 2.5µm)

\*= Provisional data.

Data from Eurostat's database (source ELSTAT and Hellenic Statistical System).

(4) Source: ELSTAT. SILC (Survey on Income and Living Conditions). From 2020 onwards, data are collected every three years.

#### WELL-BEING FOR ALL AT ALL AGES

2015	2016	2017	2018			2019		2020	2021	2022
4.5	5.0	4.1	4.1	4.6			3.8			
2.8	2.8	2.4	2.4	2.6			2.3			
4.9	4.5	4.9	5.3			4.9				
8.6	9.2	8.2	7.8	Daily Occasionally Don't smoke <b>24.9 3.7 71.4</b> 15-24 14.4 2.6 83.0   25-34 27.9 4.3 67.8   35-44 34.0 4.0 62.0   45-54 33.5 4.6 61.9   55-64 30.2 4.1 65.7   65-74 19.0 3.1 77.9   75+ 7.3 2.9 89.8						

(2) Source: ELSTAT. Causes of death.(3) Source: ELSTAT. Health interview Survey (HIS).

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Very good	44.3	45.0	45.2	46.3	46.7	46.5	46.9	47.8
Good	29.7	29.0	29.0	30.1	32.7	32.0	31.4	29.4
Fair	15.6	15.6	15.5	14.4	14.1	14.7	15.3	15.4
Bad	7.5	7.5	8.0	7.1	5.0	5.0	4.8	5.8
Very bad	2.9	2.8	2.3	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6
	1.4	1.5	1.6	*1.5	*1.3	1.2		
	12.3	13.1	10.0	8.8	8.1	11.2	12.3	13.1
%	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.0	0.9	<sup>(6)</sup> 0.9		
number of people	28	33	32	37	35	<sup>(6)</sup> 33		
Total	19.2	19.9	20.1	19.3	19.7	20.1		
Below 60% of median equivalised income	17.1	16.0	16.9	17.1	17.7	19.2		
Above 60% of median equivalised income	19.8	20.9	21.0	19.8	20.2	20.3		
%	7.3	7.6	6.8	6.5	6.4	5.5	5.9	
number of people	793	824	731	700	688	584	624	*637
	12,500	12,161	20,684	11,149	9,482	8,843		

(5) Source: ESAW (European Statistics on Accidents at Work).

(6) Break in time series.

# 4. Quality education

#### 4.3.1 PARTICIPATION RATE OF YOUTH AND ADULTS IN FORMAL AND NON-FORMAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS, BY SEX (%)

# 17.5 15.9 13.1 10.3 2012 2016 2012 2016

### 4.4.1 PROPORTION OF YOUTH AND ADULTS WITH INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (ICT) SKILLS, BY TYPE OF SKILL (%), 2021

### INDIVIDUALS AND E-SKILLS





#### **GOAL 4. ENSURE INCLUSIVE AND EQUITABLE QUALITY EDUCATION AND**

UNSD Indicator Code	Target	Indicator
C040301	4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university	4.3.1 Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months, by sex $(\%)^{(1)}$
C040401	4.4 By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship	

#### 4.4.1. PROPORTION OF YOUTH AND ADULTS<sup>(2)</sup> WITH INFORMATION AND

Type of digital skills			2019 POPULATION AGE	- D		
	16 - 74	%	16 - 24	%	25 - 74	%
Total population aged 16 - 74	7,678,149	100.0	900,128	100.0	6,778,021	100.0
Information skills						
Individuals with no information skills	266,776	3.5	0	0.0	266,776	3.9
Individuals with basic information skills	385,394	5.0	19,214	2.1	366,179	5.4
Individuals with above basic information skills	5,157,978	67.2	870,267	96.7	4,287,711	63.3
Communication skills						
Individuals with no information skills	529,562	6.9	16,136	1.8	513,425	7.6
Individuals with basic information skills	847,847	11.0	50,359	5.6	797,488	11.8
Individuals with above basic information skills	4,432,739	57.7	822,986	91.4	3,609,753	53.3
Problem solving skills						
Individuals with no information skills	1,083,486	14.1	23,702	2.6	1,059,785	15.6
Individuals with basic information skills	1,566,547	20.4	277,605	30.8	1,288,941	19.0
Individuals with above basic information skills	3,160,115	41.2	588,174	65.3	2,571.940	37.9
Software skills						
Individuals with no information skills	1,517,979	19.8	34,282	3.8	1,483,696	21.9
Individuals with basic information skills	1,786,418	23.3	310,345	34.5	1,476,073	21.8
Individuals with above basic information skills	2,505,751	32.6	544,854	60.5	1,960,897	28.9
Not applicable (individuals with no internet access during the 1rst quarter of the year)	1,868,001	24.3	10,647	1.2	1,857,355	27.4

Indicator codes were developed by UNSD (United Nations Statistical Division) for data transfer, tracking and other statistical purposes.

(1) Source: ELSTAT. Adult Education Survey (from 25 to 64 years).

(2) For the needs of ICT survey, young are people aged 16-24 years and adults are people aged 25-74 years. The ICT survey collects data for individuals aged 16-74 years.

(3) Source: ELSTAT. Survey on the Use of Information and Communication Technologies by households and individuals.

#### PROMOTE LIFELONG LEARNING OPPORTUNITIES FOR ALL

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Male	10.3				15.9					
Female	13.1				17.5					

See below

#### COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (ICT) SKILLS, BY TYPE OF SKILL

			<b>2021</b> <sup>(4)</sup>						
Type of digital skills	POPULATION AGED								
	16 - 74	%	16 - 24	%	25 - 74	%			
Fotal population aged 16 - 74	7,617,550	100.0	760,619	100.0	6,856,931	100.			
ndividuals with no e-skills	157,415	2.1	2,053	0.3	155,362	2.			
ndividuals with limited e-skills	414,786	5.4	0	0.0	414,786	6.			
ndividuals with narrow e-skills	598,947	7.9	11,012	1.4	587,935	8.			
ndividuals with low e-skills	810,537	10.6	71,210	9.4	739,327	10.			
ndividuals with basic e-skills	2,344,693	30.8	358,404	47.1	1,986,289	29.			
ndividuals with above basic e-skills	1,652,961	21.7	309,956	40.8	1,343,005	19			
Not applicable (population not having accessed he internet during the 1rst quarter of 2021)	1,638,211	21.5	7,984	1.0	1,630,227	23			

(4) The indicators for measuring digital skills for the year 2021 are calculated with different criteria compared to those used in the years 2015 - 2017 and 2019. The process of finalizing the methodology for calculating the indicators is ongoing. The index listed for the year 2021 is an overall population skills index, derived from 5 sub-categories and therefore cannot be compared with the individual indicators (for the 4 sub-categories) of the previous years. Also, the population classification categories per skill category were 3 and in 2021 they became 6.

EUROSTAT Indicator code - Quality education	Indicator
sdg_04_10	Early leavers from education and training by sex $(\%)^{(5)}$
sdg_04_20	Tertiary educational attainment by sex (%) <sup>(6)</sup>
sdg_04_31	Participation in early childhood education (children 3 years and over) <sup>(9)</sup> (%)
sdg_04_50	Employment rates of recent graduates by sex (%) <sup>(7)</sup>
sdg_04_60	Adult participation in learning by sex (%) <sup>(1)</sup>
sdg_08_20	Young people neither in employment nor in education and training by sex (%) <sup>(8)</sup>

Data from Eurostat's database (source ELSTAT and Hellenic Statistical System).

(1) Source: ELSTAT. Adult Education Survey (from 25 to 64 years).

(5) Source: ELSTAT. LFS (Labour Force Survey) (from 18 to 24 years).

(6) Source: ELSTAT. LFS (from 30 to 34 years).

(7) Source: ELSTAT. LFS graduates of upper secondary, post-secondary non-tertiary and tertiary education (International Standard Classification of Education - ISCED levels 3-8), from 20 to 34 years.

(8) Source: ELSTAT. LFS from 15 to 29 years.

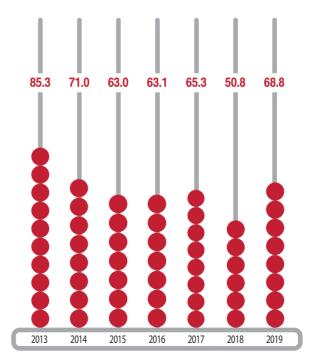
(9) Source: Eurostat.



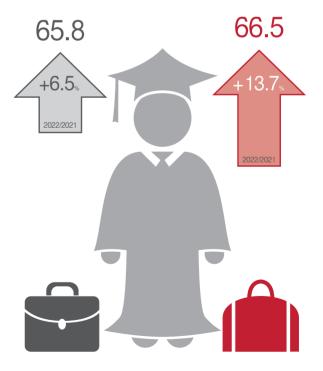


	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Male	12.7	11.5	9.4	7.1	7.1	5.7	4.9	4.4	3.4	3.8
Female	7.5	6.6	6.4	5.3	4.9	3.6	3.2	3.1	2.9	4.5
Male Female	30.8 39.0	32.9 41.6	35.3 45.5	36.2 48.8	37.0 50.5	37.5 51.3	36.7 49.3	36.7 51.0	39.4 48.6	38.0 51.3
	85.3	71.0	63.0	63.1	65.3	50.8	68.8			
Male	42.7	46.9	46.4	51.9	52.5	58.1	58.9	53.4	61.8	65.8
Female	37.9	42.2	44.1	46.8	51.6	53.0	59.8	56.0	58.5	66.5
Male	3.3	3.4	3.3	4.0	4.7	4.5	3.7	4.3	3.5	3.2
Female	3.1	3.1	3.3	4.0	4.4	4.5	4.2	4.0	3.4	3.8
Male	26.8	24.8	22.2	19.8	18.1	17.2	16.4	17.8	16.6	14.1
Female	30.3	28.5	26.1	24.8	24.6	21.9	19.1	19.7	18.0	16.6

#### 04\_31 PARTICIPATION (%) IN EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION

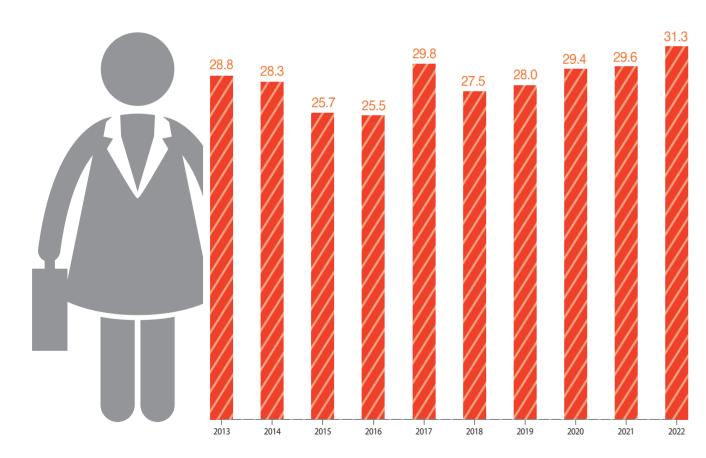


#### 04\_50 EMPLOYMENT RATES OF RECENT GRADUATES, BY SEX, 2022 (%)



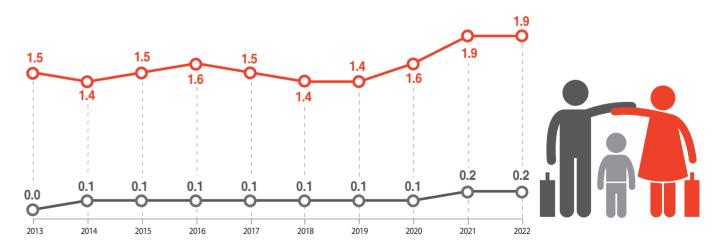
# 5. Gender equality

#### 5.5.2 PROPORTION OF WOMEN IN MANAGERIAL POSITIONS (%)





### 05\_40 INACTIVE POPULATION DUE TO CARING RESPONSIBILITIES BY SEX (%)





#### **GOAL 5. ACHIEVE GENDER EQUALITY AND**

UNSD Indicator Code	Target	Indicator
C050502	5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life	

EUROSTAT Indicator code - Quality education	Indicator
sdg_05_30	Gender Employment Gap (%)
sdg_05_40	Inactive population due to caring responsibilities by sex (%) <sup>(2)</sup>
sdg_04_10	Early leavers from education and training by sex (%) <sup>(3)</sup>
sdg_04_20	Tertiary educational attainment by sex (%) <sup>(4)</sup>
sdg_04_50	Employment rates of recent graduates by sex (%) <sup>(5)</sup>

Indicator codes were developed by UNSD (United Nations Statistical Division) for data transfer, tracking and other statistical purposes. Data from Eurostat's database (source ELSTAT and Hellenic Statistical System).

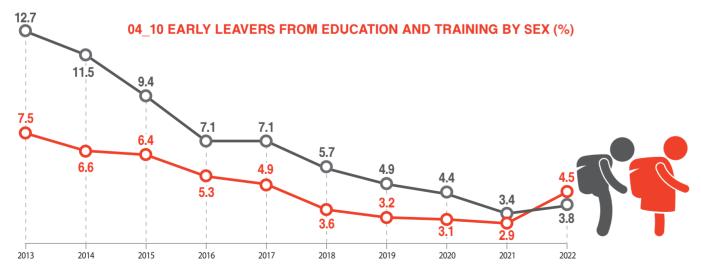
(1) Women in ISCO (International Standard Classification of Occupations) Major group 1 "Managers" of ISCO 08 classification.

(2) Source: ELSTAT. LFS (Labour Force Survey) (from 20 to 64 years).

(3) Source: ELSTAT. LFS (from 18 to 24 years).

(4) Source: ELSTAT. LFS (from 30 to 34 years).

(5) Source: ELSTAT. LFS: Graduates of upper secondary, post-secondary non-tertiary and tertiary education (International Standard Classification of Education - ISCED levels 3-8), from 20 to 34 years.

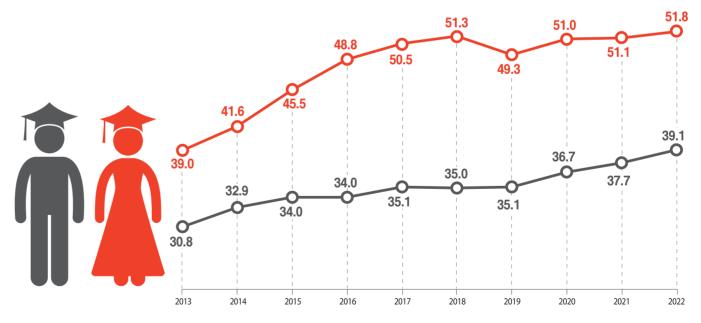


#### **EMPOWER ALL WOMEN AND GIRLS**

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
28.8	28.3	25.7	25.5	29.8	27.5	28.0	29.4	29.6	31.3

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	19.5	18.8	18.6	19.5	20.2	21.6	20.7	19.4	19.8	21.0
Male	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Female	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.9	1.9
Male	12.7	11.5	9.4	7.1	7.1	5.7	4.9	4.4	3.4	3.8
Female	7.5	6.6	6.4	5.3	4.9	3.6	3.2	3.1	2.9	4.5
Male	30.8	32.9	34.0	34.0	35.1	35.0	35.1	36.7	37.7	39.1
Female	39.0	41.6	45.5	48.8	50.5	51.3	49.3	51.0	51.1	51.8
Male	42.7	46.9	46.4	51.9	52.5	58.1	58.9	53.4	61.8	65.8
Female	37.9	42.2	44.1	46.8	51.6	53.0	59.8	56.0	58.5	66.5

### 04\_20 TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT BY SEX (%)



# 6. Clean water and sanitation

#### **GOAL 6. ENSURE AVAILABILITY AND SUSTAINABLE**

EUROSTAT Indicator code - Clean water and sanitat	ion Indicator			
sdg_06_60	Water exploitation index +(WEI+) (%)			
sdg_14_40	Bathing sites with excellent water quality <sup>(1)</sup>			

Data from Eurostat's database (source ELSTAT and Hellenic Statistical System).

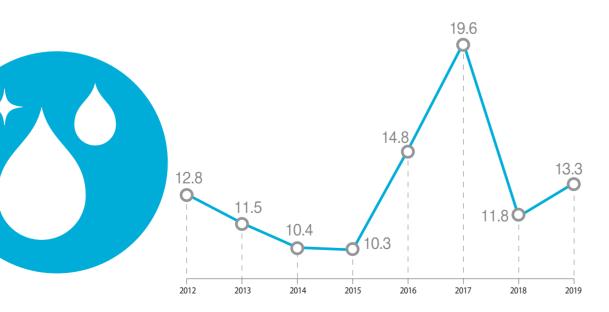
(1) Source: European Environment Agency (EEA).

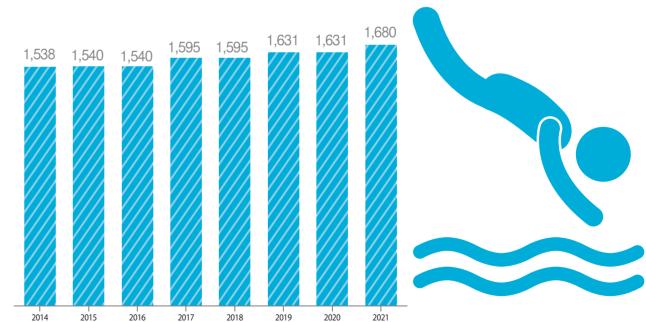
#### MANAGEMENT OF WATER AND SANITATION FOR ALL

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
10.4	10.3	14.8	19.6	11.8	13.3		
1,538	1,540	1,540	1,595	1,595	1,631	1,631	1,680

### 14 40 BATHING SITES WITH EXCELLENT WATER QUALITY









### 7. Affordable and clean energy

#### **GOAL 7. ENSURE ACCESS TO AFFORDABLE,**

EUROSTAT Indicator code - Clean water and sanitati	on Indicator
sdg_07_10	Primary energy consumption (in million tonnes of oil equivalent)
sdg_07_20	Final energy consumption in households per capita (kilogram of oil equivalent)
sdg_07_30	Energy productivity (in euro per kilogram of oil equivalent)
sdg_07_40	Share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%)
sdg_07_50	Energy dependence (%)
sdg_07_60	Population unable to keep home adequately warm by poverty status $(\%)^{(1)}$
sdg_13_21	Net greenhouse gas emissions of the Land use, Land use change and Forestry (LULUCF) sector (in thousand tonnes) $^{\scriptscriptstyle (2)}$

#### RELIABLE, SUSTAINABLE AND MODERN ENERGY FOR ALL

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	23.4	23.3	23.4	23.1	23.2	22.6	22.3	19.2	20.3	
	348	353	412	403	409	364	382	400	405	
	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.2	6.9	7.2	7.3	7.9	8.1	
	15.3	15.7	15.7	15.4	17.3	18.0	19.6	21.7	21.9	
	61.8	65.5	71.0	72.9	71.3	70.7	74.1	81.4	73.8	
Total	29,5	32.9	29,2	29.1	25.7	22.7	17.9	17.1	17.5	18.7
Below 60% of median equivalised income	48.4	52.6	50.9	52.5	45.3	41.2	34.1	39.9	36.7	38.7
Above 60% of median equivalised income	23.9	27.4	23.3	22.8	20.8	18.5	14.3	12.4	12.8	14.1
	-2,022.4	-607.5	-4,253.3	-4,072.7	-4,110.6	-4,945.2	-5,400.7	-5,416.2	-5,476.2	

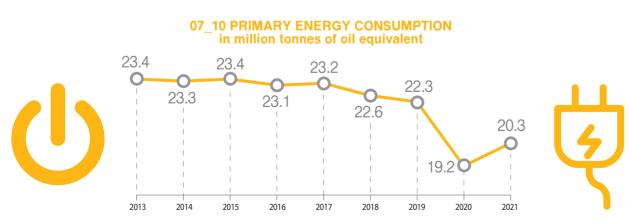
#### 07 40 SHARE OF RENEWABLE ENERGY IN GROSS FINAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION (%)



Data from Eurostat's database (source ELSTAT and Hellenic Statistical System).

(1) Source: ELSTAT. SILC (Survey on Income and Living Conditions).

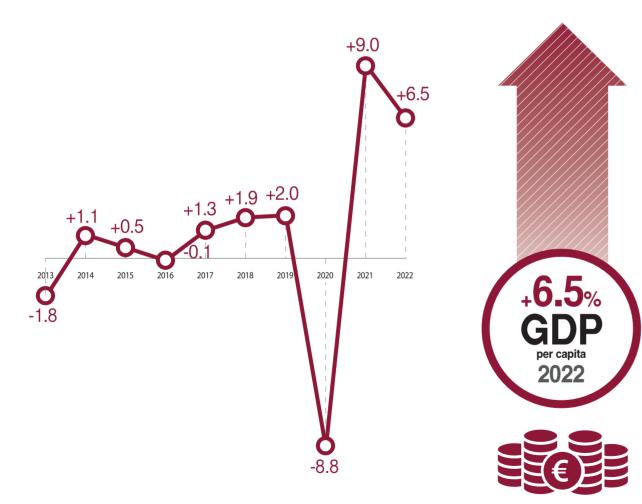
(2) Source: Eurostat and European Environment Agency - EEA.



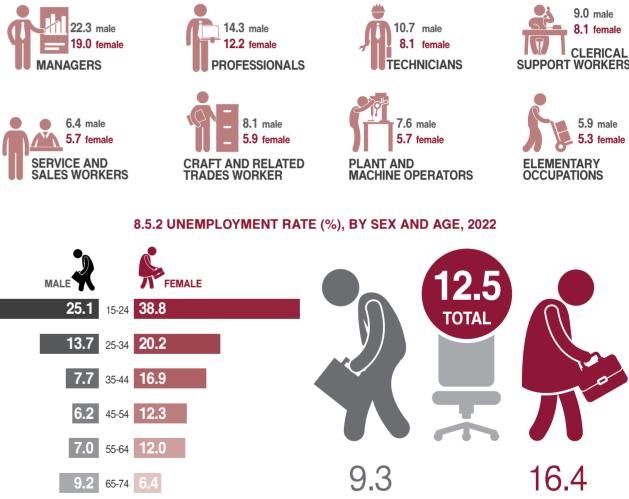
7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY

# 8. Decent work and economic growth

#### 8.1.1 ANNUAL GROWTH RATE (%) OF REAL GDP PER CAPITA



#### 8.5.1 AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS (in €) OF FEMALE AND MALE EMPLOYEES, BY OCCUPATION, 2018













#### GOAL 8. PROMOTE SUSTAINED, INCLUSIVE AND SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC GROWTH,

UNSD Indicator Code	Target	Indicator		
C080101	8.1 Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circum- stances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries	8.1.1 Annual growth rate (%) of real GDP per capita		
			OC1 - Managers	Male Fema
			OC2 - Professionals	Male Fema
			OC3 - Technicians and associate profes- sionals	- Male Fema
			OC4 - Clerical support workers	Male Fema
C080501		8.5.1 Average hourly earnings of female and male employ- ees, by occupation, age and persons with disabilities (in €) <sup>(1)</sup>	OC5 - Service and sales workers	Male Fema
		(	OC6 - Skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers <sup>(3)</sup>	l Male Fema
	8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value		OC7 - Craft and related trades workers	Male Fema
			OC8 - Plant and machine operators and assemblers	I Male Fema
			OC9 - Elementary occupations	Male Fema
			<b>Total 15-74</b> 15-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-64 65-74	
C080502		8.5.2 Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities $(\%)^{\scriptscriptstyle (2)}$	Male 15-74 15-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-64 65-74	
			Female 15-74 15-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-64 65-74	
C080601	8.6 By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training	8.6.1 Proportion of youth (aged 15-24 years) not in educa- tion, employment or training (%)		

\*= Provisional data.

Indicator codes were developed by UNSD (United Nations Statistical Division) for data transfer, tracking and other statistical purposes.

(1) Major groups of ISCO 08 (International Standard Classification of Occupations). Data not available for persons with disabilities.

(2) Source: ELSTAT. LFS (Labour Force Survey). Data not available for persons with disabilities.

(3) For 2018, the Structure of Earnings Survey contacted for sections B-S (excluding O- Public Administration and Defense, Compulsory

Social Security) of Statistical Classification of Economic Activities in the European Community (NACE Rev. 2). Therefore, there is no data on earnings of employees in the primary sector of the economy.

#### 36

#### FULL AND PRODUCTIVE EMPLOYMENT AND DECENT WORK FOR ALL

2013

-1.8

2014

1.1

20.2

16.3

13.9

12.1 11.3

9.5

9.1

8.0

6.9

6.2 6.8

5.9

9.2

6.7

8.8

6.8

6.3

5.6

26.5

52.4

34.8

23.1 20.5

17.2

10.8

23.6

47.4

32.7

19.3

17.7

17.7

12.4

30.2

58.1

37.3

27.8

24.0

16.4

6.7

19.1

27.5

58.3 36.0

23.9

20.6

16.2

9.1

24.5

53.8

32.8

20.3

18.4 16.4 10.4

31.3

63.8

39.8

28.5

23.5

15.9

5.7

20.4

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
0.5	-0.1	1.3	1.9	2.0	*-8.8	*9.0	*6.5
			22.3 19.0 14.3 12.2 10.7 8.1 9.0 8.1 6.4 5.7				
			8.1 5.9 7.6 5.7 5.9 5.3				
<b>24.9</b> 49.8 31.9 22.2 19.9 17.5 10.0	<b>23.5</b> 47.3 30.0 20.2 19.4 19.2 12.8	<b>21.5</b> 43.6 27.1 19.2 17.0 18.1 11.7	<b>19.3</b> 39.9 24.4 17.5 15.8 15.3 10.6	<b>17.3</b> 35.2 23.3 15.3 14.2 13.4 9.8	<b>16.3</b> 35.0 23.0 14.5 12.9 12.2 9.1	<b>14.7</b> 35.5 21.0 13.6 10.7 11.1 8.2	<b>12.5</b> 31.4 16.7 11.8 9.0 9.1 8.2
<b>21.7</b> 45.2 29.0 17.8 17.0 18.1 12.3	<b>19.9</b> 44.3 25.0 15.2 16.3 19.3 14.3	<b>17.8</b> 39.3 22.8 14.6 13.8 17.2 11.7	<b>15.4</b> 36.4 19.2 12.9 12.8 13.1 11.0	<b>14.0</b> 33.5 19.2 11.2 11.0 12.1 9.7	<b>13.5</b> 31.4 19.9 11.1 10.2 11.6 8.8	<b>11.4</b> 31.1 16.3 10.4 7.6 8.8 8.2	<b>9.3</b> 25.1 13.7 7.7 6.2 7.0 9.2
<b>28.9</b> 55.0 35.2 27.6 23.6 16.5 6.3	<b>28.1</b> 50.7 35.8 26.1 23.1 19.0 10.4	<b>26.1</b> 48.2 32.4 24.7 20.9 19.7 11.6	<b>24.2</b> 43.9 30.7 23.1 19.7 18.5 9.8	<b>21.5</b> 37.1 28.1 20.3 18.0 15.4 9.9	<b>19.8</b> 39.3 26.6 18.9 16.1 13.0 9.5	<b>18.9</b> 40.9 26.6 17.6 14.3 14.4 8.1	<b>16.4</b> 38.8 20.2 16.9 12.3 12.0 6.4
17.2	15.8	15.3	14.1	12.5	13.2	11.0	10.6

EUROSTAT Indicator code - Decent work and economic gro	wth Indicator
sdg_08_10	Real GDP per capita (in €)
sdg_08_11	Investment share of GDP by institutional sectors (%)
sdg_08_20	Young people neither in employment nor in education and training by sex $(\%)^{(4)}$
sdg_08_40	Long-term unemployment rate by sex (%) <sup>(5)</sup>
sdg_08_60	People killed in accidents at work <sup>(6)</sup>
sdg_05_40	Inactive population due to caring responsibilities by sex $(\%)^{(7)}$

\*= Provisional data.

Data from Eurostat's database (source: ELSTAT and Hellenic Statistical System).

(4) Source: ELSTAT. LFS from 15 to 29 years.

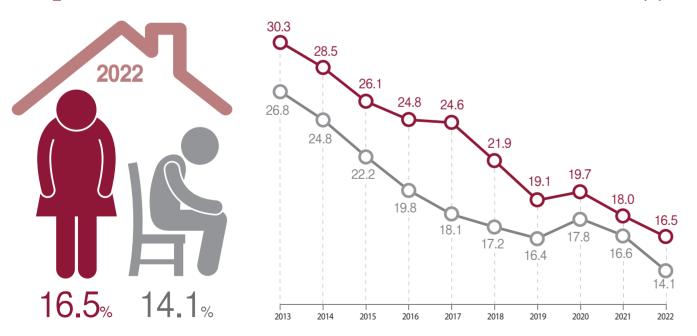
(5) Source: ELSTAT. LFS. Active population.

(6) Source: ESAW (European Statistics on Accidents at Work).

(7) Source: ELSTAT. LFS (Labour Force Survey) from 20 to 64 years.

(8) Break in time series.

#### 08\_20 YOUNG PEOPLE NEITHER IN EMPLOYMENT NOR IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING BY SEX (%)



	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	16,630	16,830	16,900	16,890	17,110	17,430	17,780	*16,210	*17,670	*18,830
	11.2	10.8	10.8	11.0	11.8	11.2	10.7	12.0	13.3	13.7
Male Female	26.8 30.3	24.8 28.5	22.2 26.1	19.8 24.8	18.1 24.6	17.2 21.9	16.4 19.1	17.8 19.7	16.6 18.0	14.1 16.5
Male Female	16.2 21.4	17.2 22.4	15.8 21.2	14.1 20.5	12.6 19.4	10.5 17.5	9.6 15.4	8.8 13.5	6.7 12.3	5.5 10.5
% number of people	0.6 22	<sup>(8)</sup> 0.8 28	1.2 28	1.3 33	1.2 32	1.0 37	0.9 35	<sup>(8)</sup> 0.9 <sup>(8)</sup> 33		
Male Female	0.0 1.5	0.1 1.4	0.1 1.5	0.1 1.6	0.1 1.5	0.1 1.4	0.1 1.4	0.1 1.6	0.2 1.9	0.2 1.9

08\_40 LONG-TERM UNEMPLOYMENT RATE BY SEX (%), 2022

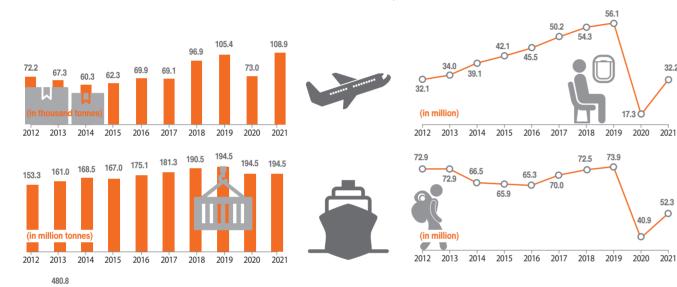


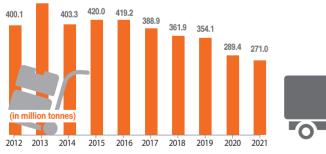
#### 05\_40 INACTIVE POPULATION DUE TO CARING RESPONSIBILITIES BY SEX (%), 2022

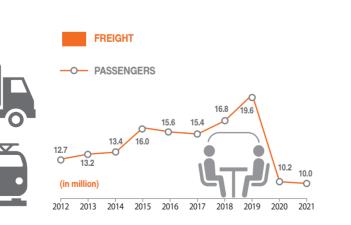


# 9. Industry, innovation and infrastructure

#### 9.1.2 PASSENGER AND FREIGHT VOLUMES, BY MODE OF TRANSPORT







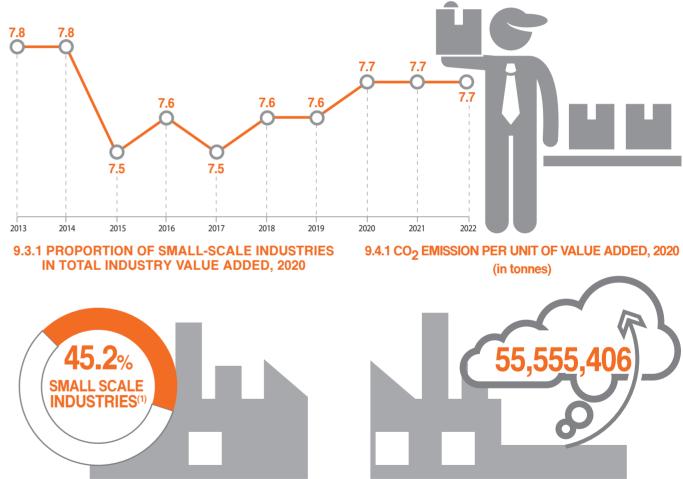
32.2

0

52.3 Q 40.9

72.5 73.9

#### 9.2.2 MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT AS A PROPORTION (%) OF TOTAL EMPLOYMENT





(1) Sections G-N (excl. K) plus S95.



#### **GOAL 9. BUILD RESILIENT INFRASTRUCTURE, PROMOTE INCLUSIVE**

UNSD Indicator code	Target	Indicator
C090101	9.1 Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and trans-border infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all	
C090201	9.2 Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialisation and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product.	9.2.1 Manufacturing value added as a proportion of GDP and per capita (%)
C090202	in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries	9.2.2 Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment (%)
C090301	9.3 Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in par- ticular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets	9.3.1 Proportion of small-scale industries in total industry value added (%) <sup>(2)</sup>
C090401	9.4 By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sus- tainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabil- ities	
C090501	9.5 Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of in- dustrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending	9.5.1 Research and development expenditure as a propor- tion of GDP <sup>(4)</sup>

\*= Provisional data.

Indicator codes were developed by UNSD (United Statistical Nations Division) for data transfer, tracking and other statistical purposes.

(1) Number for road transport passengers is not available.

(2) First row data correspond to sections B-F of Nace Rev.2 (Statistical Classification of Economic Activities in the European Community) classification, while the second row data correspond to sections G-N (excluding section K) plus division S95 of the same classification. Data source is SBS (Structural Business Statistics). In year 2014 there is a break in the time series due to the application of a new methodology with the use of administrative data.

(3) Carbon dioxide emissions. Total - all NACE activities. Source: ELSTAT and Ministry of Environment and Energy.

(4) Source: ELSTAT. National Accounts.

(5) Eurostat estimation.

(6) The data is available but has been classified as confidential. They arise from the railway freight activity of 2 companies, one of which does not wish to publish its data.

#### AND SUSTAINABLE INDUSTRIALISATION AND FOSTER INNOVATION

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
AIR FREIGHT										
Tonnes	67,262	60,324	62,332	69,949	69,074	96,889	105,403	72,990	108,850	
Passengers	34,023,934	39,117,833	42,096,402	45,543,371	50,170,728	54,258,826	56,088,527	17,341,192	32,245,559	
RAIL FREIGHT										
Thousand tonnes	1,980	2,143	1,404	1,094	1,328	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	
Passengers	13,195,451	13,398,826	16,040,000	15,581,646	15,358,650	16,794,731	19,598,632	10,219,865	10,028,642	
MARITIME FREIGHT	160,986	168,501	166,980	175,100	181,261	190,523	194,468	178,339	178,205	
Thousand tonnes	72,917,783	66,533,427	65,885,701	65,248,139	70,023,230	72,519,800	73,930,351	40,895,410	52,260,561	
Passengers	12,511,100	00,000,427	00,000,701	00,240,100	10,020,200	72,010,000	10,000,001	40,000,410	02,200,001	
ROAD FREIGHT Thousand tonnes	480.802	402 220	400.005	410.061	200 012	261.047	254 090	000.055	070.004	
Thousand tornes	480,803	403,330	420,005	410,261	388,913	361,947	354,082	289,355	270,994	
		0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4	*0.0	*0.0	*0.0	*10.0
	8.6	8.6	9.4	9.3	9.3	9.4	*9.0	*9.9	*9.9	*10.0
	7.8	7.8	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.6	*7.6	*7.7	*7.7	*7.7
	39.2	34.4	33.4	28.2	29.9	29.9	39.2	34.0		
	62.6	49.5	48.6	43.7	44.1	42.4	44.5	45.2		
	76.715.948	73,951,927	70,297,532	68,399,836	73,703,671	73,374,291	67,964,274	57,492,192	(5)58,982,000	
	1 0,1 10,0 10	10,001,021	. 0,201,002	00,000,000	,,		01,001,211	01,102,102	00,002,000	
	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.5	*1.5	

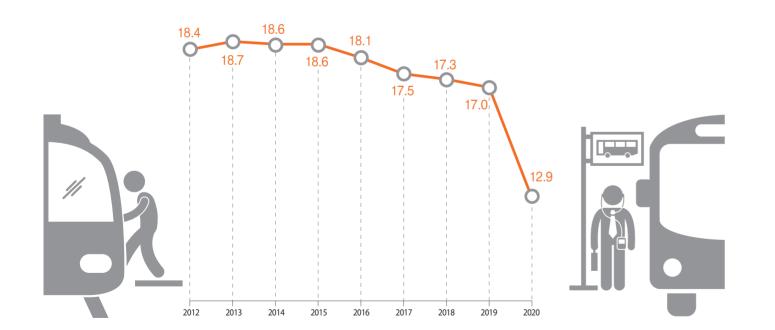
EUROSTAT Indicator code Industry, innovation and infrastructure	Indicator		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
sdg_09_30	R&D personnel - of active population (numerator in Full Time Equivalent-FTE)		0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9
sdg_09_50	Share of busses and trains in total passenger transport (%)	-	<sup>(1)</sup> 18.4	<sup>(1)</sup> 18.7	<sup>(1)</sup> 18.6	<sup>(1)</sup> 18.6	(1)18.1

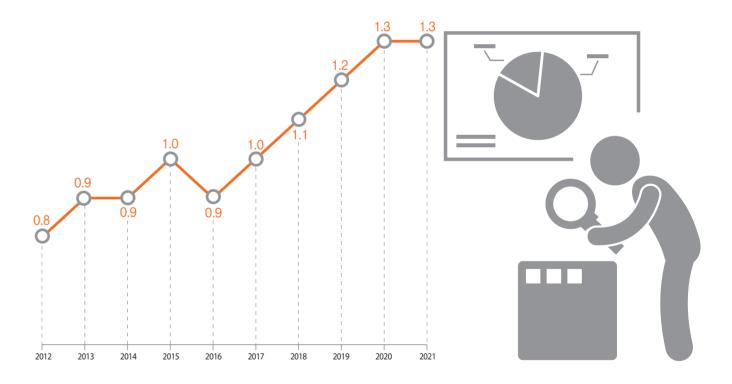
\*= Provisional data.

Data from Eurostat's database (source: ELSTAT and Hellenic Statistical System).

(1) Estimates.

#### 09\_50 SHARE OF BUSSES AND TRAINS IN TOTAL PASSENGER TRANSPORT (%)





2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	*1.3
<sup>(1)</sup> 17.5	<sup>(1)</sup> 17.3	<sup>(1)</sup> 17.0	<sup>(1)</sup> 12.9	

#### 09 30 R&D PERSONNEL - % OF ACTIVE POPULATION

# **10. Reduced inequalities**

#### **GOAL 10. REDUCE INEQUALITY WITHIN**

UNSD Indicator Code	Target	Indicator
C100101	<ul><li>10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average</li></ul>	10.1.1 Growth rates of household expenditure or income per capita among the bottom 40 per cent of the population and the total population (%) <sup>(1)</sup>

EUROSTAT Indicator code - Reduced inequalities	Indicator
sdg_10_10	Purchasing power adjusted GDP per capita (in purchasing power standards - pps)
sdg_10_20	Adjusted gross disposable income of households per capita (in purchasing power standards - pps)
sdg_10_30	Relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap - % distance to poverty threshold <sup>(1)</sup>
sdg_10_41	Income distribution <sup>(1)</sup>
sdg_10_50	Income share of the bottom 40 % of the population - % of income <sup>(1)</sup>

\*= Provisional data.

Indicator codes were developed by UNSD (United Nations Statistical Division) for data transfer, tracking and other statistical purposes. Data from Eurostat's database (source ELSTAT and Hellenic Statistical System).

(1) Source: ELSTAT. SILC (Survey on Income and Living Conditions).

(2) The income quintile share ratio (S80/S20 ratio) measures relative inequality in income distribution, compares the total of equivalised disposable income received by the 20% of the country's population with the highest equivalised disposable income to that received by the 20% of the country's population with the lowest equivalised disposable income and is affected by the extreme values of income distribution.

### 10\_10 PURCHASING POWER ADJUSTED GDP PER CAPITA (in pps)



#### AND AMONG COUNTRIES

 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
18.5	18.7	18.7	18.7	19.4	20.2	20.7	20.6	19.9	20.5

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	18,800	19,100	19,200	19,100	19,600	20,100	20,600	18,600	20,700	*23,900
	13,693	14,107	14,349	14,354	14,554	14,789	*15,624	*15,018	*16,343	
	32.7	31.3	30.6	31.9	30.3	29.1	27.0	27.3	26.4	23.8
S80/S20 <sup>(2)</sup> GINI coefficient <sup>(3)</sup>	6.6 34.4	6.5 34.5	6.5 34.2	6.6 34.3	6.1 33.4	5.5 32.3	5.1 31.0	5.2 31.4	5.8 32.4	5.3 31.4
	18.5	18.7	18.7	18.7	19.4	20.2	20.7	20.6	19.9	20.5

(3) In order to depict income inequality more accurately, the Gini coefficient is complementarily used, which is not affected by the extreme values of income distribution and is defined as the relationship of cumulative shares of the population arranged according to the level of equivalised disposable income, to the cumulative share of the equivalised total disposable income received by them.

#### 10\_41 INCOME DISTRIBUTION (GINI coefficient)



10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES

# **11. Sustainable cities** and communities

#### **GOAL 11. MAKE CITIES AND HUMAN SETTLEMENTS**

EUROSTAT Indicator code - Sustainable cities and commun	ities Indicator
sdg_11_10	Overcrowding rate by poverty status (%) <sup>(1)</sup>
sdg_11_20	Population living in households considering that they suffer from noise, by poverty status <sup>(1)(2)</sup>
sdg_11_40	People killed in road accidents <sup>(3)</sup>
sdg_11_52	Premature deaths due to particulate matters (PM) 2.5 exposure (particulates < $2.5 \mu m$ ) <sup>(4)</sup>
sdg_11_60	Recycling rate of municipal waste (%)

\*= Provisional data.

Data from Eurostat's database (source: ELSTAT and Hellenic Statistical System). (1) Source: ELSTAT. SILC (Survey on Income and Living Conditions).

#### **11 40 PEOPLE KILLED IN ROAD ACCIDENTS**





#### **INCLUSIVE, SAFE, RESILIENT AND SUSTAINABLE**

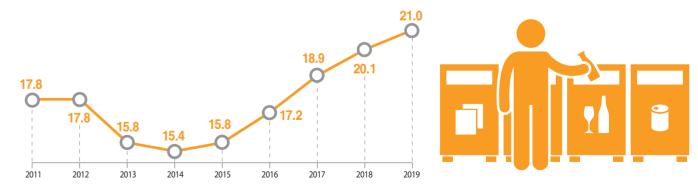
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total	27.3	27.4	28.1	28.7	29.0	29.2	28.7	29.0	28.5	28.0
Below 60% of median equivalised income	42.0	43.1	42.0	42.2	43.7	44.2	45.7	43.9	42.7	42.2
Above 60% of median equivalised income	22.9	22.9	24.3	25.0	25.3	25.7	25.0	25.8	25.1	24.7
Total	24.2	19.7	19.2	19.9	20.1	19.3	19.7	20.1		
Below 60% of median equivalised income	23.7	15.8	17.1	16.0	16.9	17.1	17.7	19.2		
Above 60% of median equivalised income	24.4	20.8	19.8	20.9	21.0	19.8	20.2	20.3		
% number of people	8.0 879	7.3 795	7.3 793	7.6 824	6.8 731	6.5 700	6.4 688	5.5 584	5.9 624	*637
	11,471	9,652	12,500	12,161	20,684	11,149	9,482	8,843		
	15.8	15.4	15.8	17.2	18.9	20.1	21.0			

(2) From 2020 onwards, data are collected every three years.

(3) Source: ELSTAT. Road Traffic Accidents (for the second row).

(4) Source: EEA (European Environment Agency).

#### 11 60 RECYCLING RATE OF MUNICIPAL WASTE (%)





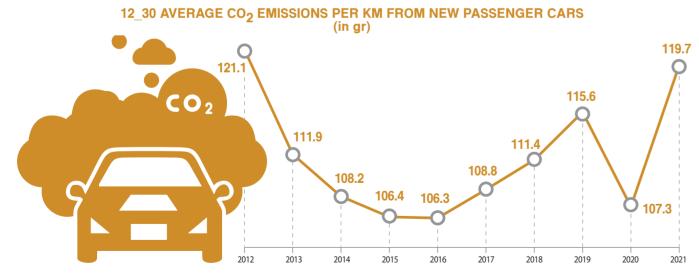
# 12. Responsible consumption and production

#### **GOAL 12. ENSURE SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION**

UNSD Indicator code		Target	Indicator		
C200203	12.2 By 2030, achieve the sustance ral resources	ainable management and efficient use of natu-	12.2.2 Domestic material consumption, domestic material consumption per capita and domestic material sumption per GDP <sup>(1)</sup>		
EUROSTAT Indicator code - I	Responsible consumption and produ	iction	Indicator		
sdg_12_30		Average CO <sub>2</sub> emissions per km from new pas	ssenger cars (in gr)		
sd	g_12_51	Generation of waste (in kilograms per capita)			

\*= Provisional data.

Indicator codes were developed by UNSD (United Nations Statistical Division) for data transfer, tracking and other statistical purposes. Data from Eurostat's database (source: ELSTAT and Hellenic Statistical System).



#### **AND PRODUCTION PATTERNS**

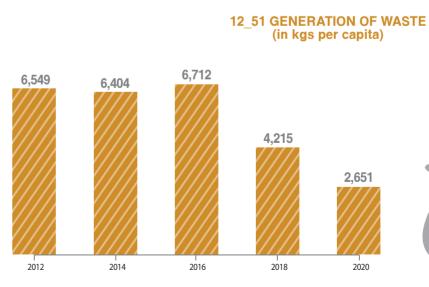
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
156,297.0	145,664.0	151,938.9	144,776.5	136,930.5	134,907.9	130,711.4	124,218.7	* <sup>(2)</sup> 105,385.6	* <sup>(2)</sup> 104,852.7
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
121.1	111.9	108.2	106.4	106.3	108.8	111.4	115.6	107.3	* <sup>(3)</sup> 119.7
6,549		6,404		6,712		4,215		*2,651	

(1) Source: Eurostat. Domestic material consumption in thousand tonnes.

(2) Eurostat estimates.

(3) Break in time series.











2020

### **13. Climate action**

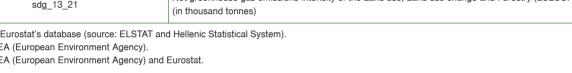
#### **GOAL 13. TAKE URGENT ACTION TO COMBAT**

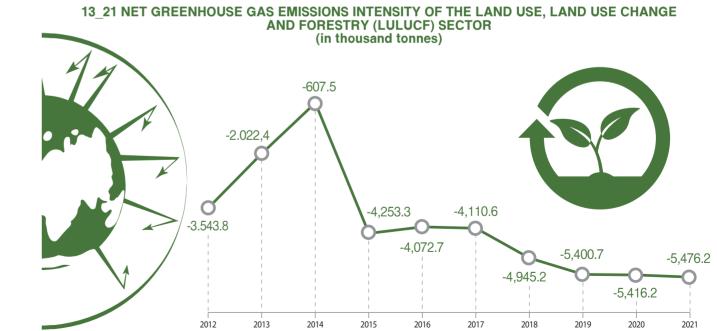
EUROSTAT Indicator code - Climate change	Indicator
sdg_13_10	Net greenhouse gas emissions (Index, 1990=100.0) <sup>(1)</sup>
sdg_13_21	Net greenhouse gas emissions intensity of the Land use, Land use change and Forestry (LULUCF) sector <sup>(2)</sup> (in thousand tonnes)

Data from Eurostat's database (source: ELSTAT and Hellenic Statistical System).

(1) Source: EEA (European Environment Agency).

(2) Source: EEA (European Environment Agency) and Eurostat.





CLIMATE CHANGE AND ITS IMPACTS

99.5

-2,022.4

2014

97.9

-607.5

2015

90.8

-4,253.3

2016

87.6

-4,072.7

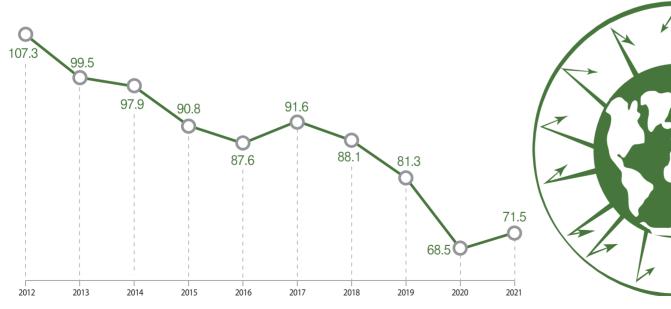
2013

2012

107.3

-3,543.8





#### 52



2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
91.6	88.1	81.3	68.5	71.5
-4,110.6	-4,945.2	-5,400.7	-5,416.2	-5,476.2

# 14. Life below water

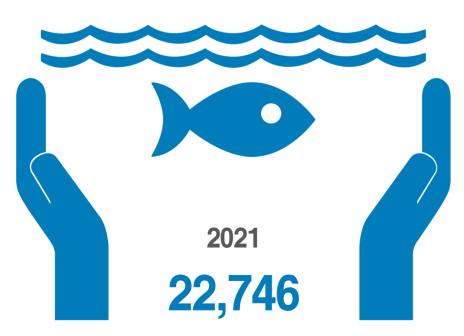
#### GOAL 14. CONSERVE AND SUSTAINABLY USE THE OCEANS, SEAS

EUROSTAT Indicator code - Life below water	Indicator
sdg_14_10	Surface of marine protected areas (km <sup>2</sup> )
sdg_14_40	Bathing sites with excellent water quality <sup>(1)</sup>

Data from Eurostat's database (source: ELSTAT and Hellenic Statistical System).

(1) Source: EEA (European Environment Agency).

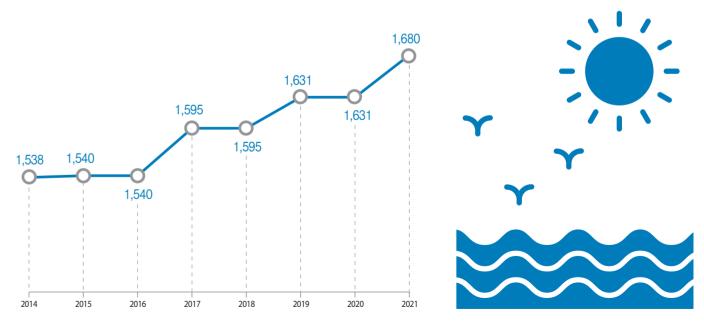
#### 14\_10 SURFACE OF MARINE PROTECTED AREAS (km<sup>2</sup>)



#### AND MARINE RESOURCES FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
							22,746
1,538	1,540	1,540	1,595	1,595	1,631	1,631	1,680

### 14\_40 BATHING SITES WITH EXCELLENT WATER QUALITY





# 15. Life on land

#### GOAL 15. PROTECT, RESTORE AND PROMOTE SUSTAINABLE USE OF DESERTIFICATION AND HALT AND REVERSE LAND

EUROSTAT Indicator code - Life on land	Indicator
sdg_15_10	Share of forest area (%)

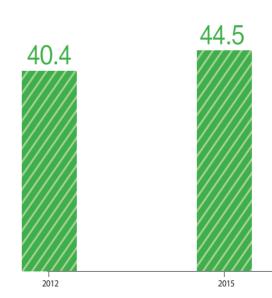
Data from Eurostat's database (source: ELSTAT and Hellenic Statistical System).

#### TERRESTRIAL ECOSYSTEMS, SUSTAINABLY MANAGE FORESTS, COMBAT **DEGRADATION AND HALT BIODIVERSITY LOSS**

2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	40.4			44.5			47.5		

15\_10 SHARE OF FOREST AREA (%)









2018



# 16. Peace, justice and strong institutions

#### **GOAL 16. PROMOTE PEACEFUL AND INCLUSIVE SOCIETIES FOR** ALL AND BUILD EFFECTIVE, ACCOUNTABLE

UNSD Indicator code	Target	Indicator
C160101	16.1 Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates every- where	16.1.1 Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population <sup>(1)</sup>
C160302	16.3 Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all	16.3.2 Unsentenced detainees as a proportion (%) of overall prison population <sup>(2)</sup>

Indicator codes were developed by UNSD (United Nations Statistical Division) for data transfer, tracking and other statistical purposes.

(1) Source: Hellenic Police (ELAS).

(2) Source: Ministry of Citizen Protection.

EUROSTAT Indicator code - Peace, justice and strong	institutions Indicator
sdg_16_10	Standardized death rate due to homicide
sdg_16_20	Population reporting occurrence of crime, violence or vandalism in their area by poverty status <sup>(3)</sup>
sdg_16_30	General government total expenditure on law courts (in million euro)

\*= Provisional data.

Data from Eurostat's database (source ELSTAT and Hellenic Statistical System)

(3) Source: ELSTAT. SILC (Survey on Income and Living Conditions). From 2020 onwards, data are collected every three years.

#### 16.1.1 NUMBER OF VICTIMS OF INTENTIONAL HOMICIDE PER 100,000 POPULATION

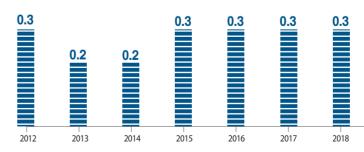


### SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT, PROVIDE ACCESS TO JUSTICE FOR AND INCLUSIVE INSTITUTIONS AT ALL LEVELS

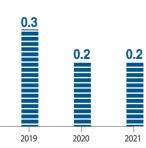
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
1.4	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.8
0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
	1.4	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.8	*0.9	*0.8	0.7	
Total	19.0	16.1	12.8	11.8	13.8	13.5	16.9	18.1	
Below 60% of median equivalised income	18.5	13.6	11.6	10.3	13.5	14.8	16.1	17.4	
Above 60% of median equivalised income	19.2	16.8	13.2	12.3	13.8	13.3	17.1	18.2	
	626	735	551	583	596	671	669	674	648

#### 16.3.2 UNSENTENCED DETAINEES AS A PROPORTION OF OVERALL PRISON POPULATION (%)



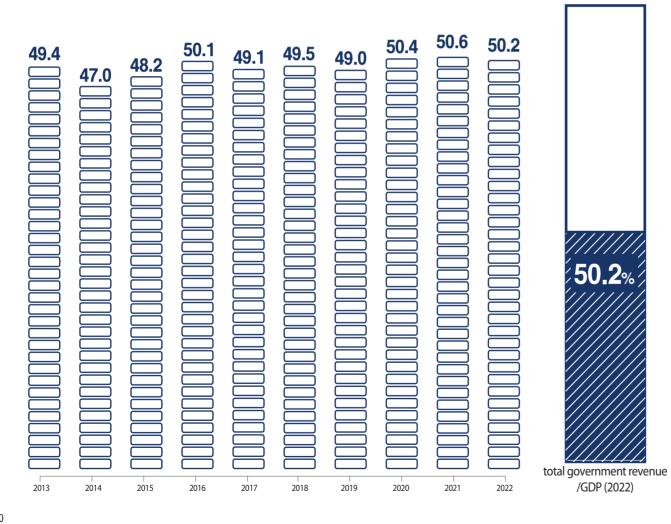




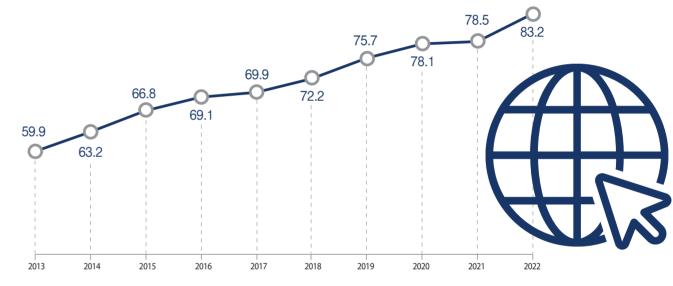


### **17.** Partnership for the Goals

#### 17.1.1 TOTAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE AS A PROPORTION (%) OF GDP



### 17.8.1 PROPORTION (%) OF INDIVIDUALS HAVING USED THE INTERNET (DURING THE 1st QUARTER OF THE YEAR)



17\_40 GENERAL GOVERNMENT GROSS DEBT, 2022 (in million euro)





#### 17\_50 SHARES OF ENVIRONMENTAL TAXES IN TOTAL TAX REVENUES, 2021



#### **GOAL 17. STRENGTHEN THE MEANS OF IMPLEMENTATION AND REVITALIZE**

UNSD Indicator code	Target	Indicator
C170101	17.1 Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection	17.1.1 Total government revenue as a proportion of GDP, by source <sup>(1)</sup>
C170801	17.8 Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and in- novation capacity-building mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular informa- tion and communications technology	17.8.1 Proportion of individuals using the internet <sup>(2)</sup>

Indicator codes were developed by UNSD (United Nations Statistical Division) for data transfer, tracking and other statistical purposes.

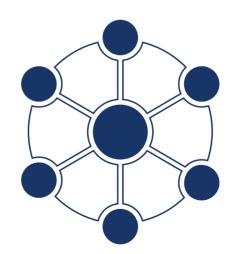
(1) Source: ELSTAT. General Government data.

(2) Source: ELSTAT. Survey on the Use of Information and Communication Technologies by households and individuals (ICT).

EUROSTAT Indicator Code Partnership for the goals	s Indicator
sdg_17_40	General government gross debt <sup>(3)</sup>
sdg_17_50	Shares of environmental taxes in total tax revenues - % of total taxes

Data from Eurostat's database (source: ELSTAT and Hellenic Statistical System).

(3) Source: ELSTAT. General Government (European System of Accounts - ESA 2010 definition).

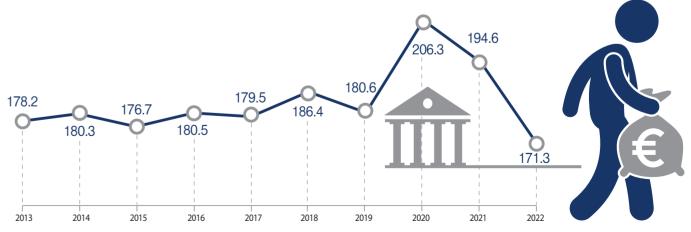


#### THE GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
% Total Revenue/GDP	49.4	47.0	48.2	50.1	49.1	49.5	49.0	50.4	50.6	50.2
% Taxes/Total Expenditure) (Proxy N1)	39.9	50.8	47.7	55.3	56.5	57.5	56.4	43.8	46.5	54.5
% Taxes & Social Contribu- tions/Total Expenditure (Proxy N2)	61.6	77.6	73.3	83.9	86.8	87.6	86.6	69.4	72.5	81.2
Having used the internet during the 1st quarter of the year -%	59.9	63.2	66.8	69.1	69.9	72.2	75.7	78.1	78.5	83.2
Having used the internet between 3 months and a year ago - %	1.4	1.3	1.1	0.7	1.1	1.1	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.8
Having used the internet more than 1 year ago -%	2.4	2.6	2.1	1.8	3.1	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.0	2.0
Having never used the in- ternet -%	36.3	32.9	30.0	28.4	27.4	25.1	22.1	19.9	19.9	14.0

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
as % of GDP in million euro	178.2 320,498	180.3 319,629	176.7 311,729	180.5 315,012	179.5 317,481	186.4 334,721	180.6 331,145	206.3 341,227	194.6 353,489	171.3 356,256
	10.2	10.3	10.5	9.8	10.2	9.5	9.8	9.7	10.0	

### 17\_40 GENERAL GOVERNMENT GROSS DEBT, AS PERCENTAGE (%) OF GDP







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