



## **PRESS RELEASE**

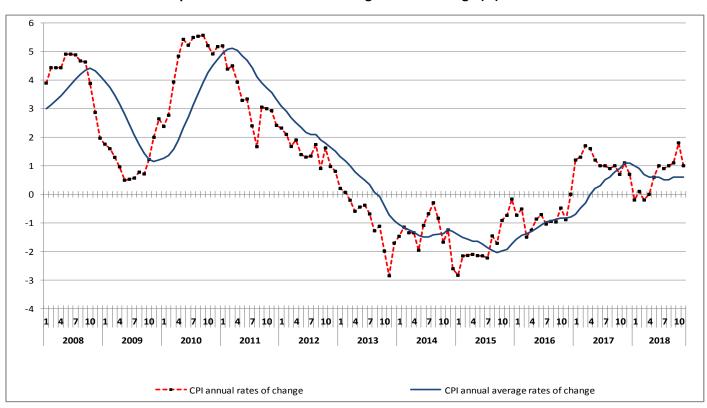
## **CONSUMER PRICE INDEX: November 2018, annual inflation 1.0%**

The evolution of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) of November 2018 (reference year 2009=100.0) is depicted as follows:

The CPI in November 2018 compared with November 2017, increased by 1.0%. In November 2017, the annual rate of change of the CPI was 1.1% (Table 2).

The CPI in November 2018 compared with October 2018, decreased by 1.5%. In November 2017, the monthly rate of change of the CPI was -0.7% (Table 1).

The average CPI for the twelve - month period from December 2017 to November 2018, compared with the corresponding index for the period December 2016 to November 2017 increased by 0.6%. The annual rate of change of the average CPI between the twelve - month period December 2016 to November 2017 in comparison to the period December 2015 to November 2016 was 1.1% (Table 3).



Graph 1. Annual and annual average rates of change (%) of CPI

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### Analysis of changes of the CPI: November 2018

#### Monthly rates of change: November 2018 compared with October 2018 (Tables 1, 4)

The 1.5% decrease of the Overall CPI in November 2018, compared with the corresponding index in October 2018 is, mainly, on account of the changes in the groups of goods and services as follows:

#### 1. A decrease of:

- 0.9% in <u>Food and non-alcoholic beverages</u>, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of: other bakery products, lamb and goat, milk whole fresh, fresh fruit, fresh vegetables.
- 9.7% in <u>Clothing and footwear</u>, due to the 10-day period of winter sales.
- 0.6% in Housing, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of heating oil.
- 1.3% in <u>Household equipment</u>, due to the 10-day period of winter sales.
- 2.6% in <u>Transport</u>, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of: *fuels and lubricants, tickets for passenger transport by air.*
- 0.4% in <u>Recreation and culture</u>, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of: *audiovisual and information processing equipment*.
- 0.8 % in Hotel Cafés Restaurants, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of hotels-motels-inns.
- 1.3% in <u>Miscellaneous goods and services</u>, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of: *other appliances and articles for personal care, other personal effects.*

#### II. Annual rates of change: November 2018 compared with November 2017 (Tables 2, 5)

The 1.0% increase of the Overall CPI in November 2018, compared with the corresponding index in November 2017 is, mainly, on account of the changes in the groups of goods and services as follows:

#### 1. An increase of:

- 1.0% in Food and non-alcoholic beverages due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: fresh fish, beef, poultry, milk cheese and eggs, fresh vegetables, potatoes. This increase was partly offset by the decrease, mainly, in the prices of: fresh fruit, lamb and goat, olive oil, pork, dried salted or smoked meat.
- 1.0% in <u>Alcoholic beverages and tobacco</u>, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of *tobacco*. This increase was partly offset by the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *wines*.
- 2.5% in <u>Housing</u>, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *heating oil, natural gas*. This increase was partly offset by the decrease, mainly, in the prices of: *actual rentals paid by tenants, electricity*.
- 0.7% in Health, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of pharmaceutical products.
- 2.3% in <u>Transport</u>, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *petrol, diesel, tickets for passenger transport by air*. This increase was partly offset by the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *maintenance and repair of personal transport equipment*.
- 4.3% in <u>Communication</u>, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of *telephone services*.
- 1.2% in <u>Hotel Cafés Restaurants</u>, due to the increase, mainly, in the prices of: *restaurants-confectioneries-cafés-buffets, hotels-motels-inns.*

#### 2. A decrease of:

- 0.7% in Clothing and footwear, due to the decrease in the prices of articles of clothing and footwear.
- 1.8% in <u>Household equipment</u>, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of: *household textiles, non-durable household articles*.
- 0.9% in <u>Recreation and culture</u>, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of *audiovisual and information processing* equipment.
- 0.9% in Education, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of fees of secondary education.
- 1.7% in <u>Miscellaneous goods and services</u>, due to the decrease, mainly, in the prices of: other appliances and articles for personal care, other personal effects, motor vehicle insurance.

Table 1. Monthly rates of change of CPI (Reference year: 2009=100.0)

	Main groups	Weights HBS	2018	2018	Rate of change	2017	2017	Rate of change
	of goods and services	2016 (‰)	November	October	%	November	October	%
1.	Food & non-alcoholic beverages	206.21	105.56	106.47	-0.9	104.50	104.40	0.1
2.	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	43.55	148.12	148.02	0.1	146.65	146.27	0.3
3.	Clothing and footwear	64.99	94.03	104.15	-9.7	94.67	105.11	-9.9
4.	Housing	136.71	122.18	122.86	-0.6	119.16	118.52	0.5
5.	Household equipment	45.23	87.89	89.09	-1.3	89.49	90.30	-0.9
6.	Health	74.02	97.30	97.33	0.0	96.58	96.59	0.0
7.	Transport	146.20	123.90	127.16	-2.6	121.08	121.88	-0.7
8.	Communication	41.89	104.67	104.69	0.0	100.39	100.40	0.0
9.	Recreation and culture	41.00	88.45	88.84	-0.4	89.23	89.60	-0.4
10.	Education	32.54	88.45	88.45	0.0	89.22	89.22	0.0
11.	Hotels - Cafés - Restaurants	101.33	108.47	109.32	-0.8	107.19	107.88	-0.6
12.	Miscellaneous goods and services	66.34	90.92	92.10	-1.3	92.50	92.23	0.3
	Overall Index	1000.00	106.81	108.44	-1.5	105.77	106.56	-0.7

Note: The indices are rounded up to two decimal figures when published and percentage changes up to one decimal figure when published.

Graph 2. Annual and monthly rates of change (%) of CPI

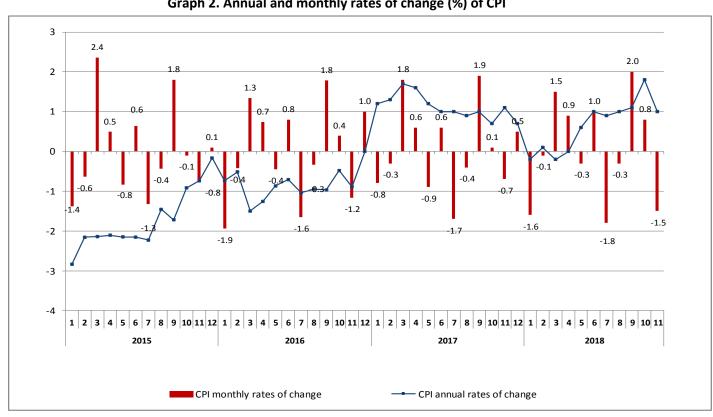


Table 2. Inflation - Annual rates of change of CPI (Reference year: 2009=100.0)

## I: November 2018/2017

		Nov	November		Effect
	Main groups of goods and services	2018	2017	change (%)	Lifett
1.	Food and non alcoholic beverages	105.56	104.50	1.0	0.2103
2.	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	148.12	146.65	1.0	0.0437
3.	Clothing and footwear	94.03	94.67	-0.7	-0.0563
4.	Housing	122.18	119.16	2.5	0.3483
5.	Household equipment	87.89	89.49	-1.8	-0.0807
6.	Health	97.30	96.58	0.7	0.0552
7.	Transport	123.90	121.08	2.3	0.3421
8.	Communication	104.67	100.39	4.3	0.1797
9.	Recreation and culture	88.45	89.23	-0.9	-0.0356
10.	Education	88.45	89.22	-0.9	-0.0279
11.	Hotels - Cafés - Restaurants	108.47	107.19	1.2	0.1218
12.	Miscellaneous goods and services	90.92	92.50	-1.7	-0.1138
	Overall Index	106.81	105.77	1.0	

## II: November 2017/2016

		Nove	November		Effect
	Main groups of goods and services	2017	2016	change (%)	Lifett
1.	Food and non alcoholic beverages	104.50	103.76	0.7	0.1456
2.	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	146.65	136.42	7.5	0.4077
3.	Clothing and footwear	94.67	93.44	1.3	0.0759
4.	Housing	119.16	119.24	-0.1	-0.0106
5.	Household equipment	89.49	91.58	-2.3	-0.0927
6.	Health	96.58	97.77	-1.2	-0.0876
7.	Transport	121.08	114.71	5.6	0.8783
8.	Communication	100.39	99.10	1.3	0.0515
9.	Recreation and culture	89.23	90.59	-1.5	-0.0536
10.	Education	89.22	89.03	0.2	0.0057
11.	Hotels - Cafés - Restaurants	107.19	105.94	1.2	0.1224
12.	Miscellaneous goods and services	92.50	93.86	-1.5	-0.0878
	Overall Index	105.77	104.57	1.1	

Note: The indices are rounded up to two decimal figures when published and percentage changes up to one decimal figure when published.

Table 3. Comparisons of the overall CPI (Reference year: 2009=100.0)

		-	-		
Year and month	Overall Index	Monthly rates of change %	Annual rates of change Inflation %	Annual average index (moving average)	Annual average rates of change %
<b>2015</b> : 1	104.32	-1.4	-2.8	107.13	-1.4
2	103.65	-0.6	-2.2	106.94	-1.5
3	106.10	2.4	-2.1	106.75	-1.6
4	106.63	0.5	-2.1	106.56	-1.6
5	105.73	-0.8	-2.1	106.36	-1.7
6	106.40	0.6	-2.2	106.17	-1.7
7	105.00	-1.3	-2.2	105.97	-1.9
8	104.54	-0.4	-1.5	105.84	-2.0
9	104.34	1.8	-1.5 -1.7	105.68	-2.0
10	106.42	-0.1	-0.9	105.60	-2.0
11					
	105.51	-0.8	-0.7	105.54	-1.9
12	105.61	0.1	-0.2	105.52	-1.7
Annual average	105.52			105.52	-1.7
<b>2016</b> : 1	103.56	-1.9	-0.7	105.46	-1.6
2	103.12	-0.4	-0.5	105.41	-1.4
3	104.51	1.3	-1.5	105.28	-1.4
4	105.28	0.7	-1.3	105.17	-1.3
5	104.81	-0.4	-0.9	105.09	-1.2
6	105.65	0.8	-0.7	105.03	-1.1
7	103.91	-1.6	-1.0	104.94	-1.0
8	103.55	-0.3	-0.9	104.85	-0.9
9	105.39	1.8	-1.0	104.77	-0.9
10	105.80	0.4	-0.5	104.73	-0.8
11	104.57	-1.2	-0.9	104.65	-0.8
12	105.64	1.0	0.0	104.65	-0.8
Annual average	104.65	-	-	104.65	-0.8
<b>2017</b> : 1	104.76	-0.8	1.2	104.75	-0.7
2	104.46	-0.3	1.3	104.86	-0.5
3	106.33	1.8	1.7	105.01	-0.3
4	107.01	0.6	1.6	105.01	0.0
	106.06	-0.9	1.0	105.16	0.0
5					
6	106.72	0.6	1.0	105.35	0.3
7	104.94	-1.7	1.0	105.44	0.5
8	104.48	-0.4	0.9	105.51	0.6
9	106.45	1.9	1.0	105.60	0.8
10	106.56	0.1	0.7	105.67	0.9
11	105.77	-0.7	1.1	105.77	1.1
12	106.33	0.5	0.7	105.82	1.1
Annual average	105.82	-	-	105.82	1.1
<b>2018</b> : 1	104.58	-1.6	-0.2	105.81	1.0
2	104.52	-0.1	0.1	105.81	0.9
3	106.08	1.5	-0.2	105.79	0.7
4	107.05	0.9	0.0	105.80	0.6
5	106.70	-0.3	0.6	105.85	0.6
6	107.76	1.0	1.0	105.94	0.6
7	105.84	-1.8	0.9	106.01	0.5
8	105.49	-0.3	1.0	106.09	0.5
9	107.61	2.0	1.1	106.19	0.6
10	108.44	0.8	1.8	106.35	0.6
	106.81	-1.5	1.0	106.43	0.6

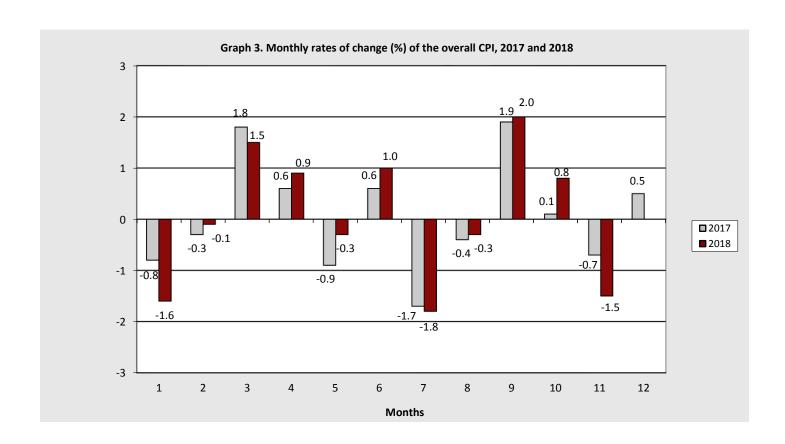
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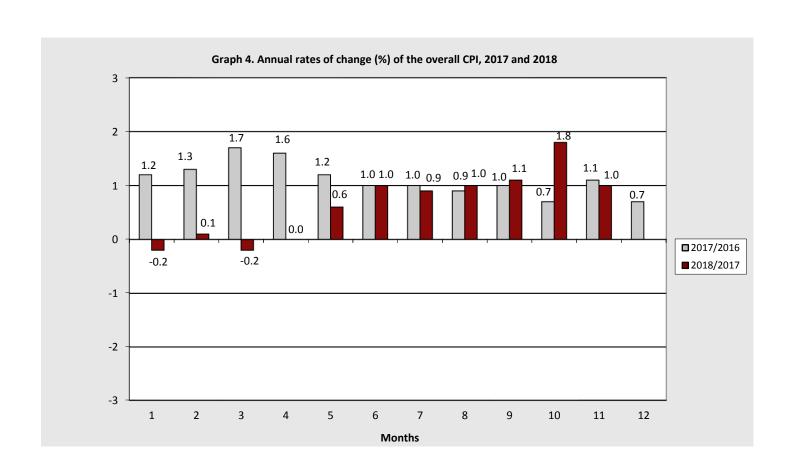
## Table 4. Major price changes from index comparison November 2018 with October 2018 and their impact in the Overall CPI

Goods and services	Rate of change (%)	Impact
Other bakery products	-1.9	-0.01
Fresh fruit	-5.4	-0.08
Lamb and goat	-2.1	-0.01
Fresh vegetables	-6.9	-0.10
Fresh whole milk	-1.5	-0.01
Heating oil	-2.5	-0.08
Fuels and lubricants	-3.8	-0.25
Passenger transport by air	-6.9	-0.13
Audiovisual and information processing equipment	-1.9	-0.01
Hotels - motels - inns	-11.3	-0.08
Other appliances and articles for personal care	-2.9	-0.07
Other personal effects	-2.2	-0.01
10-day winter sales	-	-0.68

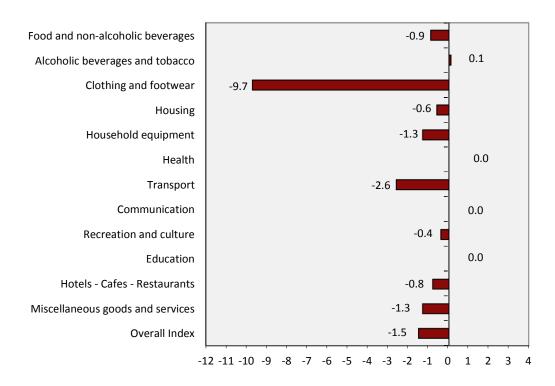
## Table 5. Major price changes from index comparison November 2018 with November 2017 and their impact in the Overall CPI

Goods and services	Rate of change (%)	Impact
Beef	0.6	0.01
Poultry	3.8	0.03
Fresh vegetables	10.3	0.13
Potatoes	39.3	0.13
Olive oil	-8.8	-0.10
Fresh fruit	-2.7	-0.03
Dried salted or smoked meat	-3.1	-0.02
Milk cheese and eggs	0.9	0.03
Lamb and goat	-3.0	-0.01
Fresh fish	3.1	0.03
Tobacco	1.9	0.06
Wines	-4.5	-0.02
Clothing and footwear	-0.7	-0.06
Actual rentals paid by tenants	-1.0	-0.03
Electricity	-2.1	-0.07
Natural gas	13.1	0.05
Heating oil	14.7	0.39
Household textiles	-5.6	-0.03
Non-durable household articles	-1.5	-0.02
Pharmaceutical products	2.3	0.06
Petrol	3.8	0.21
Diesel	11.3	0.05
Maintenance and repair of personal transport equipment	-1.1	-0.01
Passenger transport by air	4.7	0.08
Telephone services	4.6	0.19
Audiovisual and information processing equipment	-4.1	-0.03
Secondary education	-1.2	-0.02
Restaurants - confectioneries - cafes - buffets	0.9	0.09
Hotels - motels - inns	5.4	0.03
Other appliances and articles for personal care	-3.3	-0.08
Other personal effects	-3.0	-0.02
Motor vehicle insurance	-0.6	-0.01

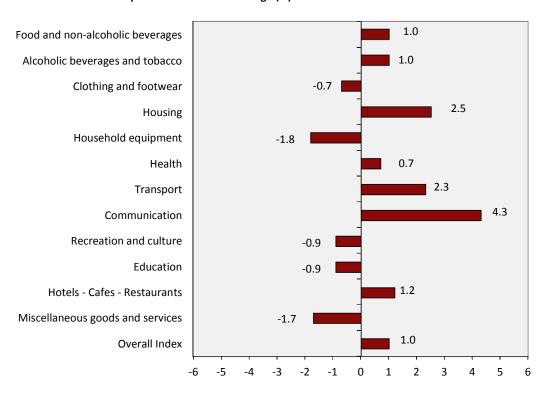


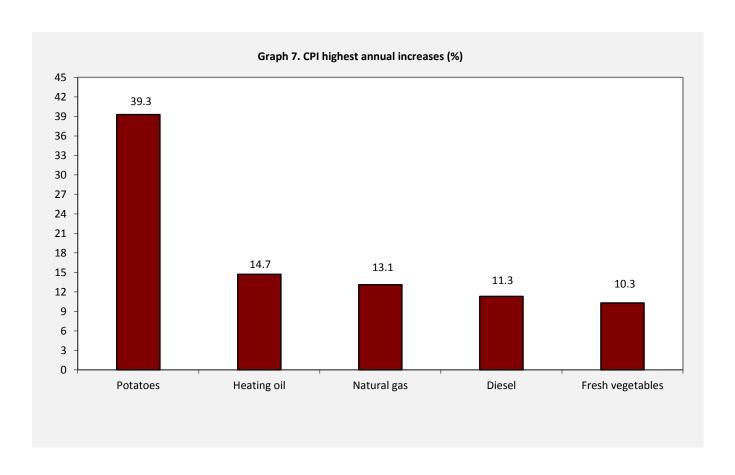


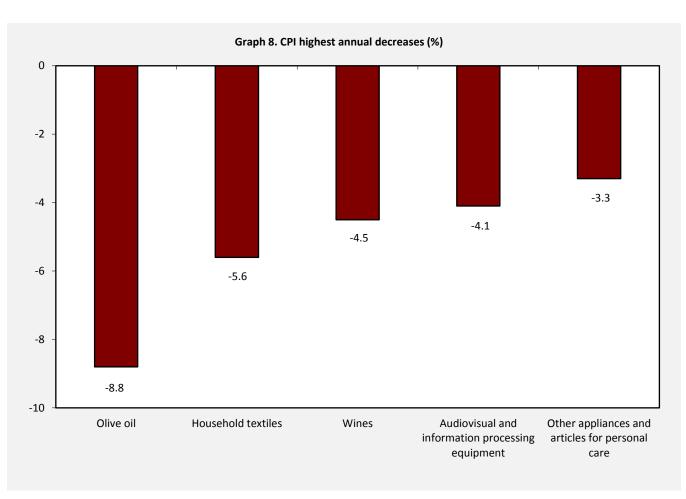
Graph 5. Monthly rates of change (%) of CPI between November 2018 and October 2018



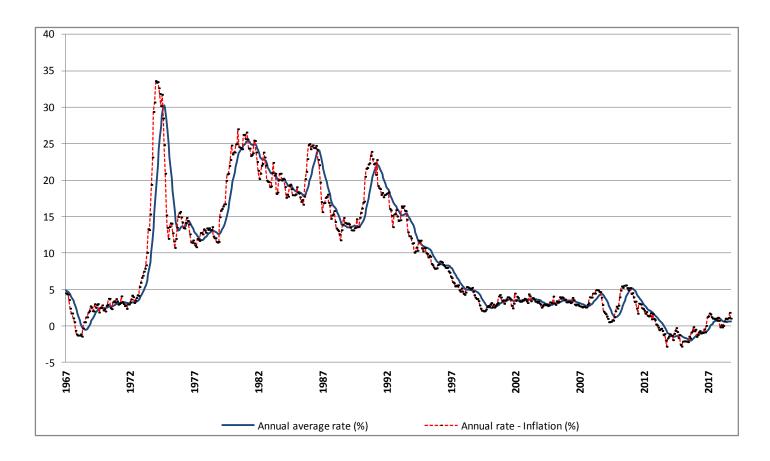
Graph 6. Annual rates of change (%) of CPI between November 2018 and November 2017







Graph 9. Historical evolution of CPI, 1967 – 2018



#### **METHODOLOGICAL NOTES**

Generally

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is compiled by the Hellenic Statistical Authority (ELSTAT) since 1959. Until the year 2000, the CPI referred to the urban areas of the country, while from 2001 onwards it refers to the whole country covering urban, semi urban and rural areas.

Purpose of the index

The purpose of the CPI is to measure the general level of prices of goods and services purchased by the average Greek household.

Legal basis Law 3832/2010.

Reference period Month.

Base December of the previous year.

Reference year 2009=100.0.

Chain linking Index

The CPI index follows the chain linking method, introducing new weights annually and having as a base December of the previous year. The weights are estimated on the basis of the most recent available data of the Household Budget Survey (HBS), extrapolated to the prices of December. The CPI, adjusted on an annual basis to the most recent consumption expenditure pattern of the private households of the country, ensures the representativeness of goods and services, which compose the "basket" of purchases of the average household.

Geographical and population coverage of the CPI

The CPI refers to the whole country and covers the resident households of the territory excluding collective households (hospitals, homes for the elderly, boarding houses, prisons, etc.) and non-resident households (tourists) in the country.

Classification of items

The classification of the CPI items (goods and services) is based on the international classification COICOP (Classification of Individual consumption by Purpose) as this has been adapted to the needs of the HICPs of the EU Member States with the COICOP5/HICP classification.

Weights of items

The weights of CPI items are updated every year, on the basis of the most recent available data of HBS. The weights are calculated as the share (‰) of the expenditures for each group, subgroup and item (good or service) to the total household expenditure of the average household.

**Price collection Cities** 

The CPI prices are collected in 27 cities with representative markets for the coverage of the 13 Regions of the country. The selection criteria of the price collection cities are the size and the particularities of their markets, the possibility of continuous price collection, the comparability of the index and the cost of price collection.

**Population weights** 

The calculation of the population weights by regions is based on the population data of the 2011 General Population Census and the expenditure data of the latest available HBS by regions.

Selection of items

The composition of the "household basket" i.e. the selection of goods and services which are included in the calculation of CPI is updated annually, using the results of the latest available HBS, other market research, etc. The chain linking methodology allows the change of items of the household basket on an annual basis, in order to ensure the representativeness of the items involved in the calculation of groups and subgroups of CPI.

**Price collection-Outlets** 

The prices collection outlets are retail stores, enterprises providing services, street markets etc. which are considered representative of the branches of shops, where the households make their purchases in the 27 selected cities. The methodology allows the renewal of price collection sources, annually, in order to maintain their representativeness in the calculation of CPI. Prices are collected by employees of ELSTAT as well as by external price collectors, hired on a temporary basis. They pay a visit to the selected outlets within a specific time period of a month (monthly prices) or on a specific day of the week (weekly prices). The collected prices correspond to the prices actually faced by the consumer.

Specification-Substitution of items All the collected items are defined by the specification, that is the particular characteristics which determine the quality, the trade show and the identity, in general, of good products (such as brand, weight, package etc), in order to avoid any price variations attributable to differences in the specification. Once a specified item (good or service) is no longer available in the market or has ceased to be important, as regards consumption, it is substituted by a newly specified item, which has taken its place in the market.

# Calculation of the Consumer Price Index

The Consumer Price Index is a Laspeyres-type index and it is calculated based on December of the previous year.

Implementation of formula in five-digit level of COICOP5

Specifically, if the five-digit item h includes q price collected items, then its index in month t of year T,  $R_h^{t,T}$ , is given by the following formula:

$$R_{h}^{t,T} = R_{h}^{12,T-1} \left[ \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{q} w_{i}^{T} R_{i}^{t,T} / R_{i}^{12,T-1}}{\sum_{i=1}^{q} w_{i}^{T}} \right],$$

where:

 $R_{1}^{12,T-1}$  = the index of the five-digit item h, in December of year T-1.

 $W_i^T$  = the weight of the price collected item I, in year T.

 $R_i^{\,t,T}$  = the index of the price collected item I, in month t of year T.

 $R_i^{12,T-1}$  = the index of the price collected item I, in December of year T-1.

A similar methodology is followed for the calculation of indices in the upper levels (two-digit, three-digit and four-digit) of COICOP5 and the calculation of the overall CPI as well.

#### **Publication of data**

The published CPI time series (reference year 2009=100.0), covers the period from January 1959 onwards. The CPI data are released each month as scheduled, in accordance with the Press Releases Calendar of ELSTAT, with the Press Release and the tables.

#### References

Further information concerning the methodology and the compilation of the CPI is available in the Methodological Publication CPI (2009=100.0) and the Single Integrated Metadata Structure (SIMS).