# PRESS RELEASE <br> ANNUAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICAL SURVEY: 2015 

The Hellenic Statistical Authority (ELSTAT) announces the final results of the 2015 Annual Agricultural Statistical Survey

## A. CULTIVATED AREAS

The total utilized agricultural area (arable land, crops under vegetables, permanent crops and fallow land) in 2015 amounted to $32,825.2$ thousand stremmas.

Cultivated areas by main crop type and by year as presented in Table 1 and Graph 1, are distributed as follows:

- in 2015, $52.9 \%$ ( $17,370.6$ thousand stremmas) of the cultivated area was used for arable farming, 2.0\% (673.2 thousand stremmas) was used for vegetables, $33.9 \%$ (11,111.3 thousand stremmas) for permanent crops and 11.2\% (3,670.1 thousand stremmas) was fallow land,
- in 2014, 53.1\%* (17,663.3 thousand stremmas) of the cultivated area was used for arable farming, 2.0\% (670.3 thousand stremmas) was used for vegetables, $33.2 \%$ ( $11,040.7^{*}$ thousand stremmas) for permanent crops and $11.8 \%^{*}$ ( $3,914.4$ thousand stremmas) was fallow land,
- in 2013, $54.4 \%$ of the cultivated area (19,144.2 thousand stremmas) was used for arable farming, $2.8 \%$ ( 967.1 thousand stremmas) was used for vegetables, $32.0 \%$ ( $11,242.8$ thousand stremmas) for permanent crops and $10.8 \%$ ( $3,806.7$ thousand stremmas) was fallow land,

The major changes, in terms of surface of the cultivated areas, which are recorded by type of crop as presented in Table 2, are the following:

- the cultivated areas under durum wheat recorded a decrease of $11.0 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014, and a decrease of $18.3 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the cultivated areas under durum wheat amounted to $3,463.4$ thousand stremmas in 2015, to $3,889.7$ thousand stremmas in 2014 and $4,758.1$ thousand stremmas in 2013,
- the cultivated areas under grain maize decreased by $12.4 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and decreased by $21.3 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the areas under maize amounted to 1,470.9 thousand stremmas in 2015, to 1,678.8 thousand stremmas in 2014 and 2,132.6 thousand stremmas in 2013,
- the cultivated areas under cotton recorded a decrease of $2.5 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and an increase of $1.6 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the areas under cotton amounted to $2,693.2$ thousand stremmas in 2015, to 2,761.9 thousand stremmas in 2014 and 2,718.6 thousand stremmas in 2013,
- the cultivated area under tomatoes (total) recorded an increase of $0.5 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and a decrease of $34.8 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the cultivated areas under tomatoes amounted to 174.2 thousand stremmas in 2015, to 173.4 thousand stremmas in 2014 and 265.8 thousand stremmas in 2013,
- the cultivated areas under vines (total) increased by $0.9 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and decreased by $15.8 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the areas under vines amounted to 947.2 thousand stremmas in 2015, to 938.4 thousand stremmas in 2014 and 1,115.1 thousand stremmas in 2013,
- the cultivated areas under oranges recorded an increase of $0.3 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and a decrease of $19.1 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the cultivated areas under oranges amounted to 312.6 thousand stremmas in 2015, to 311.6 thousand stremmas in 2014 and 385.2 thousand stremmas in 2013,
- the cultivated areas under peaches-nectarines recorded an increase of $2.1 \%$ in 2015 in comparison with 2014 and an increase of $14.3 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the cultivated areas under peachesnectarines amounted to 386.5 thousand stremmas in 2015, to 378.6 thousand stremmas in 2014 and 441.6 thousand stremmas in 2013,
- the cultivated area under olives for oil increased by $1.0 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and increased by $6.4 \%^{*}$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the cultivated areas under olives for oil amounted $7,103.0$ thousand stremmas in 2015, to 7,033.2* thousand stremmas in 2014 and 6,608.3 thousand stremmas in 2013.

[^0]Information:
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Graph 1. Percentage distribution of the cultivated agricultural area by categories, 2013-2015


Table 1. Areas under cultivation by type of crop (Greece total), 2013-2015
(In thousand stremmas ${ }^{1}$ )

| Crop type | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | Change (\%) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 2014/2013 | 2015/2014 |
| Total cultivated agricultural land | ${ }^{2} 36,285.8$ | *33,288.7 | 32,825.2 | $3^{3}$ | -1.4 |
| Irrigated | *13,722.3 | *12,932.2 | 12,756.8 | -5.8 | -1.4 |
| 1. Arable land | 19,144.2 | 17,663.3 | 17,370.6 | -7.7 | -1.7 |
| Irrigated | 8,423.2 | 7,424.7 | 7,244.4 | -11.9 | -2.4 |
| 2. Crops under vegetables (net area) | 967.1 | 670.3 | 673.2 | $3{ }^{3}$ | 0.4 |
| Irrigated | 944.9 | *663.3 | 644.1 | *-29.8 | -2.9 |
| 3. Permanent crops | 11,242.8 | *11,040.7 | 11,111.3 | *-1.8 | 0.6 |
| Irrigated | 4,354.2 | *4,844.2 | 4,868.3 | *11.3 | 0.5 |
| 4. Fallow land | 3,806.7 | 3,914.4 | 3,670.1 | 2.8 | -6.2 |
| of which: lands preserved in good agricultural and environmental condition ${ }^{2}$ | - | 1,686.8 | 1,832.7 | - | 8.6 |

*Revised data

[^1]Table 2. Cultivated land, by type of crop (Greece total), 2013-2015
(In thousand stremmas)

| Cultivated species by crop type | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | Change (\%) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 2014/2013 | 2015/2014 |
| 1. Arable land |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.1 Cereals for grain | 11,031.4 | 9,876.9 | 8,983.9 | -10.5 | -9.0 |
| Common wheat | 1,836.7 | 1,827.9 | 1,558.0 | -0.5 | -14.8 |
| Durum wheat | 4,758.1 | 3,889.7 | 3,463.4 | -18.3 | -11.0 |
| Barley | 1,370.9 | 1,486.0 | 1,402.2 | 8.4 | -5.6 |
| Rice | 281.0 | 270.9 | 290.4 | -3.6 | 7.2 |
| Grain Maize | 2,132.6 | 1,678.8 | 1,470.9 | -21.3 | -12.4 |
| Other cereals | 652.1 | 723.6 | 799.0 | 11.0 | 10.4 |
| 1.2 Edible pulses | 218.3 | 193.6 | 251.5 | -11.3 | 29.9 |
| Beans | 99.6 | 68.3 | 85.6 | -31.5 | 25.3 |
| Chickpeas | 35.6 | 52.1 | 78.1 | 46.3 | 49.9 |
| Lentils | 55.7 | 50.4 | 66.1 | -9.4 | 31.2 |
| Other edible pulses | 27.4 | 22.8 | 21.7 | -16.8 | -4.8 |
| 1.3 Industrial Plants | 3,794.8 | 3,918.9 | 4,049.5 | 3.3 | 3.3 |
| Tobacco | 190.3 | 217.4 | 198.9 | 14.2 | -8.5 |
| Cotton | 2,718.6 | 2,761.9 | 2,693.2 | 1.6 | -2.5 |
| Sunflower | 723.0 | 763.8 | 939.6 | 5.6 | 23.0 |
| Groundnuts | 6.8 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 11.8 | 2.6 |
| Sugar beets | 73.9 | 71.3 | 52.3 | -3.5 | -26.7 |
| Oil seed rape | 58.7 | 46.2 | 82.2 | -21.3 | 77.9 |
| Other industrial plants | 23.5 | 50.7 | 75.5 | 115.1 | 48.9 |
| 1.4 Aromatic plants | 17.7 | 23.6 | 31.3 | 33.3 | 32.6 |
| 1.5 Fodder plants | 3,611.8 | 3,385.8 | 3,712.5 | -6.3 | 9.7 |
| 1.6 Melons and water melons | 234.4 | 170.7 | 159.5 | -27.2 | -6.6 |
| Water melons | 157.1 | 116.9 | 105.7 | -25.6 | -9.6 |
| Melons | 77.3 | 53.8 | 53.8 | -30.4 | 0.0 |
| 1.7 Potatoes | 434.6 | 261.5 | 235.4 | -39.8 | -10.0 |
| 2. Crops under vegetables |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.1 Vegetable crops | 1,024.8 | 738.2 | 738.2 | -28.0 | 0.0 |
| Tomatoes | 265.8 | 173.4 | 174.2 | -34.8 | 0.5 |
| Industrial tomatoes | 93.6 | 60.7 | 63.5 | -35.2 | 4.6 |
| Tomatoes grown in the open | 138.9 | 86.4 | 83.9 | -37.8 | -2.8 |
| Tomatoes grown in greenhouses | 33.2 | 26.3 | 26.8 | -20.8 | 1.8 |
| Green beans | 71.5 | 56.8 | 57.6 | -20.5 | 1.4 |
| Cabbages - cauliflowers | 108.0 | 61.9 | 57.0 | -42.7 | -7.9 |
| Lettuce | 56.5 | 39.4 | 41.3 | -30.4 | 4.8 |
| Other vegetables | 523.0 | 406.7 | 408.1 | -22.0 | 0.3 |
| 2.2 Market flower gardens | 6.0 | 3.1 | 4.2 | -48.3 | 35.5 |
| 2.3 Greenhouses | 56.0 | 57.9 | 61.0 | 3.4 | 5.5 |
| 3. Permanent crops |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3.1 Vineyards (total) | 1,115.1 | 938.4 | 947.2 | -15.8 | 0.9 |
| Vines for wine | 631.7 | 529.2 | 544.6 | -16.2 | 2.9 |
| Vines for table grapes | 103.4 | 96.0 | 88.1 | -7.2 | -8.3 |
| Vines for currants | 380.0 | 313.2 | 314.5 | -17.6 | 0.4 |
| 3.2 Trees in compact plantations | 10,127.5 | 10,154.6 | 10,164.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 |
| 3.2.1 Citrus trees | 544.1 | 433.6 | 426.4 | -20.3 | -1.7 |


| Cultivated species by crop type | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | Change (\%) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 2014/2013 | 2015/2014 |
| Lemon trees | 84.1 | 48.4 | 41.9 | -42.4 | -13.5 |
| Orange trees | 385.2 | 311.6 | 312.6 | -19.1 | 0.3 |
| Mandarin trees | 71.3 | 70.6 | 69.2 | -0.9 | -2.0 |
| Other citrus trees | 3.5 | 2.9 | 2.7 | -16.8 | -6.9 |
| 3.2.2 Fruit trees | 893.7 | 828.2 | 863.3 | -7.3 | 4.2 |
| Pear trees | 44.5 | 34.0 | 37.9 | -23.8 | 11.4 |
| Apples trees | 132.1 | 98.1 | 98.3 | -25.7 | 0.2 |
| Peach - Nectarine trees | 441.6 | 378.6 | 386.5 | -14.3 | 2.1 |
| Apricot trees | 65.2 | 70.2 | 73.1 | 7.7 | 4.2 |
| Cherry trees | 113.9 | 134.5 | 142.1 | 18.0 | 5.6 |
| Other fruit trees | 96.4 | 112.8 | 125.5 | 17.0 | 11.3 |
| 3.2.3 Nut trees | 439.1 | 374.2 | 380.1 | -14.8 | 1.6 |
| Almond trees | 152.9 | 116.2 | 118.6 | -24.0 | 2.1 |
| Walnut trees | 91.9 | 85.2 | 89.6 | -7.3 | 5.1 |
| Pistachio trees | 40.2 | 43.6 | 40.0 | 8.5 | -8.2 |
| Fig trees | 59.0 | 46.7 | 47.2 | -21.0 | 1.1 |
| Other nut trees | 95.1 | 82.5 | 84.7 | -13.3 | 2.6 |
| 3.2.4 Olives | 7,966.7 | *8.182,9 | 8,212.1 | *2,7 | 0.4 |
| Olives for oil | 6,608.3 | *7.033,2 | 7,103.0 | *6,4 | 1.0 |
| Edible olives | 1,358.4 | 1,149.7 | 1,109.1 | -15.4 | -3.5 |
| 3.2.5 Other trees | 283.9 | 283.4 | 282.2 | -0.2 | -0.4 |

Note: Any discrepancies in the sums and percentages are due to rounding
*Revised data

## B. PRODUCTION OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

The major changes, in terms of volume of production of agricultural products, by group and species of products as presented in Table 3 are the following:

- The production of durum wheat decreased by $6.3 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and decreased by $18.9 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of durum wheat amounted to 996.9 thousand tonnes in 2015, to 1,063.5 thousand tonnes in 2014 and 1,311.2 thousand tonnes in 2013 (Graph 2).
- The production of grain maize decreased by $7.9 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and decreased by $18.1 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of grain maize amounted to $1,716.5$ thousand tonnes in 2015, to 1,864.0 thousand tonnes in 2014 and 2,275.2 thousand tonnes in 2013 (Graph 2).
- The production of cotton decreased by $0.3 \%$ in 2015 compared to 2014 and decreased by $6.2 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of cotton amounted to 817.6 thousand tonnes in 2015, to 820.3 thousand tonnes in 2014 and 874.7 thousand tonnes in 2013 (Graph 2).
- The production of sugar beets decreased by $22.5 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and increased by $0.4 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of sugar beets amounted to 353.1 thousand tonnes in 2015, to 455.9 thousand tonnes in 2014 and 453.9 thousand tonnes in 2013 (Graph 2).
- The production of potatoes (total) recorded a decrease of $5.4 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and a decrease of $31.5 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013 . More specifically, the production of potatoes amounted to 583.2 thousand tonnes in 2015, to 616.3 thousand tonnes in 2014 and 899.1 thousand tonnes in 2013 (Graph 2).
- The production of tomatoes (total) recorded an increase of $0.8 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and a decrease of $24.8 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of tomatoes amounted to 926.1 thousand tonnes in 2015, to 918.4* thousand tonnes in 2014 and 1,221.2 thousand tonnes in 2013 (Graph 2).
- The production of must increased by $11.7 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and decreased by $19.5 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of must amounted to 297.3 thousand tonnes in 2015, to 266.1 thousand tonnes in 2014 and 330.5 thousand tonnes in 2013 (Graph 4).
- The production of oranges recorded an increase of $7.2 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and a decrease of $13.9 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of oranges amounted to 808.6 thousand tonnes in 2015, to 754.2 thousand tonnes in 2014 and 875.8 thousand tonnes in 2013 (Graph 3).
- The production of peaches-nectarines recorded an increase of $5.8 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and a decrease of $33.1 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of peaches-nectarines amounted to 521.1 thousand tonnes in 2015, to 492.7 thousand tonnes in 2014 and 736.2 thousand tonnes in 2013 (Graph 3).
- The production of olive oil recorded an increase of $32.6 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and a decrease of $15.9 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of olive oil amounted to 333.3 thousand tonnes in 2015, to 251.4 thousand tonnes in 2014 and 298.8 thousand tonnes in 2013 (Graph 4).
- The production of olives for oil recorded an increase of $12.3 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and an increase of $42.5 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of olives for oil amounted to $2,477.2$ thousand tonnes in 2015, to 2,205.0 thousand tonnes in 2014 and 1,547.4 thousand tonnes in 2013 (Graph 3).

Graph 2. Production of main agricultural products from arable crops, 2013-2015


[^2]Graph 3. Production of main agricultural products from perennial crops, 2013-2015


Graph 4. Production of olive oil and must, 2013-2015


Table 3. Production of agricultural products, 2013-2015 (In thousand tonnes)

| Products | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | Change (\%) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 2014/2013 | 2015/2014 |
| Cereals |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common wheat | 520.7 | 506.9 | 461.8 | -2.7 | -8.9 |
| Durum wheat | 1,311.2 | 1,063.5 | 996.9 | -18.9 | -6.3 |
| Barley | 381.1 | 420.8 | 412.6 | 10.4 | -1.9 |
| Rice | 235.9 | 229.4 | 263.6 | -2.8 | 14.9 |
| Grain Maize | 2,275.2 | 1,864.0 | 1,716.5 | -18.1 | -7.9 |
| Edible pulses |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beans | 21.3 | 18.5 | 20.8 | -13.1 | 12.4 |
| Chickpeas | 4.5 | 7.9 | 11.6 | 75.6 | 46.8 |
| Lentils | 6.9 | 7.0 | 8.6 | 1.4 | 22.9 |
| Industrial plants |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tobacco | 40.6 | 40.9 | 37.0 | 0.7 | -9.5 |
| Cotton | 874.7 | 820.3 | 817.6 | -6.2 | -0.3 |
| Sunflower | 172.1 | 192.2 | 199.4 | 11.7 | 3.7 |
| Groundnuts | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 8.0 | 7.4 |
| Sugar beets | 453.9 | 455.9 | 353.1 | 0.4 | -22.5 |
| Oil seed rape | 12.2 | 8.2 | 15.0 | -32.8 | 82.9 |
| Fodder plants (total) | 2,594.6 | 2,389.6 | 2,968.3 | -7.9 | 24.2 |
| Melons and water melons |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water melons | 588.3 | 437.7 | 433.5 | -25.6 | -1.0 |
| Melons | 169.1 | 122.2 | 116.5 | -27.7 | -4.7 |
| Potatoes (total) | 899.1 | 616.3 | 583.2 | -31.5 | -5.4 |
| Vegetables |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tomatoes (total) | 1,221.2 | *918.4 | 926.1 | -24.8 | 0.8 |
| Industrial tomatoes | 583.8 | *439.6 | 454.0 | *-24.7 | 3.3 |
| Tomatoes grown in the open | 390.7 | 260.8 | 250.2 | -33.2 | -4.1 |
| Tomatoes grown in greenhouses | 246.7 | 218.0 | 221.9 | -11.6 | 1.8 |
| Green beans | 64.4 | 51.7 | 56.1 | -19.7 | 8.5 |
| Cabbages - cauliflowers | 219.8 | 143.1 | 133.3 | -34.9 | -6.8 |


| Products | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | Change (\%) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 2014/2013 | 2015/2014 |
| Lettuce | 84.9 | 60.6 | 62.7 | -28.6 | 3.5 |
| Grapes |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grapes for Wine | 589.8 | 506.1 | 516.2 | -14.2 | 2.0 |
| Table grapes | 216.6 | 226.2 | 228.9 | 4.4 | 1.2 |
| Raisins | 64.9 | 64.0 | 60.3 | -1.4 | -5.8 |
| Must | 330.5 | 266.1 | 297.3 | -19.5 | 11.7 |
| Citrus |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lemons | 75.0 | 59.3 | 61.0 | -20.9 | 2.9 |
| Oranges | 875.8 | 754.2 | 808.6 | -13.9 | 7.2 |
| Tangerins | 159.3 | 158.9 | 161.1 | -0.3 | 1.4 |
| Fruit |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pears | 82.4 | 59.7 | 94.9 | -27.5 | 59.0 |
| Apples | 253.7 | 252.3 | 267.0 | -0.6 | 5.8 |
| Peaches - Nectarines | 736.2 | 492.7 | 521.1 | -33.1 | 5.8 |
| Apricots | 74.7 | 90.0 | 94.8 | 20.5 | 5.3 |
| Cherries | 48.1 | 70.0 | 75.2 | 45.5 | 7.4 |
| Nuts |  |  |  |  |  |
| Almonds | 39.2 | 36.9 | 37.6 | -5.9 | 1.9 |
| Walnuts | 24.2 | 24.6 | 25.9 | 1.7 | 5.3 |
| Pistachios | 7.1 | 8.6 | 9.7 | 21.1 | 12.8 |
| Figs | 20.5 | 20.1 | 20.9 | -2.0 | 4.0 |
| Olives |  |  |  |  |  |
| Olives for oil | 1,547.4 | 2,205.0 | 2,477.2 | 42.5 | 12.3 |
| Edible olives | 204.6 | 387.4 | 430.7 | 89.3 | 11.2 |
| Olive oil | 298.8 | 251.4 | 333.3 | -15.9 | 32.6 |

Note: Any discrepancies in the sums and percentages are due to rounding
*Revised data

## C. ANIMAL CAPITAL: NUMBER OF ANIMALS AND PRODUCTION OF LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS

## 1. Number of animals

The most significant changes in the number of animals, by groups and species, as presented in Table 4 and Graph 5, are the following:

- the total number of bovine animals decreased by $3.4 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and increased by $2.7 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the number of bovine animals amounted to 597,357 in 2015, to 618,491 in 2014 and 602,214 in 2013,
- the total number of pigs decreased by $1.5 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and decreased by $4.9 \%^{*}$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the number of pigs amounted to 713,519 in 2015, to $724,150^{*}$ in 2014 and 761,074 in 2013,
- the total number of sheep increased by $3.1 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and decreased by $1.5 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the number of sheep amounted to 8,746,260 in 2015, to 8,481,073 in 2014 and 8,611,026 in 2013,
- the total number of goats decreased by $2.5 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and decreased by $11.5 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the number of goats amounted to 4,128,036 in 2015, to 4,233,970 in 2014 and 4,782,003 in 2013,
- the total number of hens decreased by $0.8 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and increased by $3.8 \%$ * in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the number of hens amounted to 31,810,518 in 2015, to 32,061,763 in 2014 and 30,895,094 in 2013,
- the total number of rabbits decreased by $1.6 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and decreased by 7.4\%* in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the number of rabbits amounted to 1,079,205 in 2015, to 1,096,268 in 2014 and 1,183,761 in 2013,
- the total number of beehives decreased by $0.6 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and increased by $4.9 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the number of beehives amounted to $1,519,122$ in 2015, to $1,528,767$ in 2014 and 1,456,711 in 2013.

Graph 5. Number of animals by species, 2013-2015



Table 4. Livestock by species, Greece total, 2013-2015
(Number of animals or beehives)

| Animal Species | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | (\%) Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 2014/2013 | 2015/2014 |
| Bovine animals | 602,214 | 618,491 | 597,357 | 2.7 | -3.4 |
| Pigs | 761,074 | *724,150 | 713,519 | *-4.9 | -1.5 |
| Sheep | 8,611,026 | 8,481,073 | 8,746,260 | -1.5 | 3.1 |
| Goats | 4,782,003 | 4,233,970 | 4,128,036 | -11.5 | -2.5 |
| Poultry |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hens | 30,895,094 | *32,061,763 | 31,810,518 | 3.8 | -0.8 |

[^3]| Animal Species | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | (\%) Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 2014/2013 | 2015/2014 |
| Geese | 30,059 | 22,668 | 28,672 | -24.6 | 26.5 |
| Ducks | 52,517 | 32,936 | 31,316 | -37.3 | -4.9 |
| Turkeys | 100,734 | 245,362 | 239,064 | 143.6 | -2.6 |
| Rabbits | 1,183,761 | *1,096,268 | 1,079,205 | *-7.4 | -1.6 |
| Beehives | 1,456,711 | 1,528,767 | 1,519,122 | 4.9 | -0.6 |

Note: Any discrepancies in the sums and percentages are due to rounding
*Revised data

## 2. Production of meat

The most significant changes in the production of meat, by animal species, as presented in Table 5 and Graph 6 are the following:

- the total production of beef decreased by $0.8 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and decreased by $26.1 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of beef amounted to 50.6 thousand tonnes in 2015, to 51.0 thousand tonnes in 2014 and 69.0 thousand tonnes in 2013,
- the total production of pork meat decreased by $1.2 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and decreased by $2.2 \%^{*}$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of pork meat amounted to 88.1 thousand tonnes in 2015, to 89.2* thousand tonnes in 2014 and 91.2 thousand tonnes in 2013,
- the total production of sheep meat decreased by $4.0 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and decreased by $25.1 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of sheep meat amounted to 64.6 thousand tonnes in 2015, to 67.3 thousand tonnes in 2014 and 89.9 thousand tonnes in 2013,
- the total production of goat meat decreased by $1.2 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and decreased by $40.2 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of goat meat amounted 29.6 thousand tonnes in 2015, to 29.9 thousand tonnes in 2014 and 50.0 thousand tonnes in 2013,
- the total production of poultry meat (except ostriches) increased by $3.2 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and increased by $30.7 \%^{*}$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of poultry meat amounted to 173.3 thousand tonnes in 2015, to 168.0* thousand tonnes in 2014 and 128.5 thousand tonnes in 2013,
- the production of rabbit meat decreased by $2.2 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and decreased by $33.9 \%^{*}$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of rabbit meat amounted to 4.4 thousand tonnes in 2015,to $4.5^{*}$ thousand tonnes in 2014 and 6.8 thousand tonnes in 2013.

Graph 6. Production of meat by animal species. 2013-2015


Table 5. Production of meat by animal species, 2013-2015
(In thousand tonnes)

| Animal species | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | Change (\%) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bovine animals | $\mathbf{6 9 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 1 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{- 2 6 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{- 0 . 8}$ |
| Calves younger than 1 year | 15.6 | 13.4 | 12.8 | -14.1 | -4.5 |
| Calves 1-2 years | 42.4 | 27.9 | 27.8 | $\mathbf{- 3 4 . 2}$ | -0.4 |


| Animal species | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | Change (\%) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 2014/2013 | 2015/2014 |
| Heifers and cattle more than 2 years | 10.7 | 9.7 | 10.0 | -9.3 | 3.1 |
| Pigs-piglets | 91.2 | *89.2 | 88.1 | *-2.2 | -1.2 |
| Piglets | 7.1 | *5.5 | 5.5 | *-22.3 | -0.0 |
| Pigs | 84.1 | *83.7 | 82.6 | *-0.5 | -1.3 |
| Sheep | 89.9 | 67.3 | 64.6 | -25.1 | -4.0 |
| Lambs | 72.4 | 52.3 | 51.7 | -27.8 | -1.1 |
| Sheep older than 1 year | 17.5 | 15.0 | 12.9 | -14.3 | -14.0 |
| Goats | 50.0 | 29.9 | 29.6 | -40.2 | -1.2 |
| Goat kids | 39.1 | 23.5 | 23.3 | -39.9 | -0.9 |
| Goats older than 1 year | 10.9 | 6.4 | 6.3 | -41.3 | -1.6 |
| Poultry (except ostriches) | 128.5 | *168.0 | 173.3 | *30.7 | 3.2 |
| Rabbits | 6.8 | *4.5 | 4.4 | *-33.9 | -2.2 |

Note: Any discrepancies in the sums and percentages are due to rounding
*Revised data

## 3. Production of livestock products

The most significant changes in the production of livestock products, in terms of volume of production, as presented in Table 6, are the following:

- the total production of milk recorded a decrease of $2.3 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and an increase of $0.1 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the total production of milk amounted to $1,971.5$ thousand tonnes in 2015, to 2,017.8 thousand tonnes in 2014 and 2,016.3 thousand tonnes in 2013,
- the production of soft cheese recorded a decrease of $7.5 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and a decrease of $13.8 \%^{*}$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of soft cheese amounted to 91.7 thousand tonnes in 2015, to 99.1* thousand tonnes in 2014 and 115.0 thousand tonnes in 2013,
- the production of eggs recorded a decrease of $1.3 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and a decrease of $17.2 \%^{*}$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the production of eggs amounted to 1,464.8 million pieces in 2015, to 1,484.5* million pieces in 2014 and 1,792.1 million pieces in 2013.

Table 6. Production of milk (by animal species) and livestock products, 2013-2015
(In thousand tonnes)

| Products | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | Change (\%) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 2014/2013 | 2015/2014 |
| Milk, total | 2,016.3 | 2,017.8 | 1,971.5 | 0.1 | -2.3 |
| Cow milk | 783.3 | 725.9 | 692.2 | -7.3 | -4.6 |
| Sheep milk | 778.9 | 847.1 | 846.8 | 8.8 | 0.0 |
| Goat milk | 454.1 | 444.8 | 432.5 | -2.0 | -2.8 |
| Livestock products |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cheese, soft | 115.0 | *99.1 | 91.7 | *-13.8 | -7.5 |
| Cheese, hard | 37.6 | *36.8 | 35.8 | *-2.1 | -2.7 |
| Butter, fresh | 1.4 | 0.7 | 0.8 | -50.0 | 14.3 |
| Butter, melted | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.4 | -40.0 | 33.3 |
| Myzithra cheese | 16.3 | *12.8 | 12.6 | *-21.3 | -1.6 |
| Cream, fresh | 3.9 | *3.5 | 3.8 | *-9.8 | 8.6 |
| Honey | 15.7 | 19.7 | 20.7 | 25.5 | 5.1 |
| Eggs (million pieces) | 1,792.1 | *1,484.5 | 1,464.8 | *-17.2 | -1.3 |

[^4]*Revised data

## D. AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY

The most significant changes in the number of agricultural machinery ${ }^{4}$ as presented in Table 7 are as follows:

- Agricultural tractors increased by $1.8 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and decreased by $1.9 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the number of the agricultural tractors, which were used, amounted to 387,117 in 2015,to 380,229 in 2014 and 387,728 in 2013,
- Spraying machines increased by $2.5 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and increased by $4.7 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the number of the spraying machines, which were used, amounted to 246,346 in 2015 , to 240,314 in 2014 and 229,567 in 2013,
- Electric irrigation pumps decreased by $6.2 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and decreased by $4.0 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the number of the electric irrigation pumps, which were used, amounted to 137,126 in 2015, to 146,224 in 2014 and 152,257 in 2013,
- Sprinkling units decreased by $7.1 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and decreased by $11.2 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the number of the sprinkling units, which were used, amounted to 124,985 in 2015, to 134,491 in 2014 and 151,428 in 2013,
- Drop irrigation systems increased by $2.0 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and increased by $22.6 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the number of drop irrigation systems, which were used, amounted to 189,806 in 2015, to 186,143 in 2014 and 151,776 in 2013,
- Petrol pruning saws increased by $4.3 \%$ in 2015 compared with 2014 and increased by $28.9 \%$ in 2014 compared with 2013. More specifically, the number of the petrol pruning saws, which were used, amounted to 348,846 in 2015, to 334,478 in 2014 and 259,394 in 2013.

Table 7. Agricultural machinery, 2013-2015
(Number of agricultural machinery)

| Type of machinery | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | Change (\%) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 2014/2013 | 2015/2014 |
| Agricultural tractors and machinery |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agricultural tractors | 387,728 | 380,229 | 387,117 | -1.9 | 1.8 |
| Seed drills | 59,952 | 55,307 | 60,349 | -7.7 | 9.1 |
| Potato planters | 2,921 | 3,957 | 3,250 | 35.5 | -17.9 |
| Spraying machines | 229,567 | 240,314 | 246,346 | 4.7 | 2.5 |
| Combine harvesters | 5,497 | 5,509 | 5,471 | 0.2 | -0.7 |
| Harvesters, simple | 6,740 | 6,991 | 6,665 | 3.7 | -4.7 |
| Harvesters of any type | 1,348 | 1,288 | 1,678 | -4.5 | 30.3 |
| Simple choppers | 12,632 | 11,850 | 11,845 | -6.2 | 0.0 |
| Cotton harvesters | 3,850 | 3,886 | 3,836 | 0.9 | -1.3 |
| Sugar beet harvesters | 477 | 525 | 587 | 10.1 | 11.8 |
| Potato harvesters | 4,154 | 5,650 | 4,345 | 36.0 | -23.1 |
| Other harvesting machinery | 265 | 557 | 1,043 | 110.2 | 87.3 |
| Irrigation pumps |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diesel pumps | 94,969 | 82,788 | 80,878 | -12.8 | -2.3 |
| Petrol pumps | 55,437 | 41,023 | 41,372 | -26.0 | 0.9 |
| Electric pumps | 152,257 | 146,224 | 137,126 | -4.0 | -6.2 |
| Other pumps (steam, windmill pumps, etc) and well windlasses | 3,620 | 2,292 | 2,732 | -36.7 | 19.2 |
| Irrigation systems |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sprinkling units | 151,428 | 134,491 | 124,985 | -11.2 | -7.1 |
| Self -propelled sprinkler clusters with injectors | 47,611 | 48,207 | 49,654 | 1.3 | 3.0 |
| Self -propelled sprinkler clusters with ramp - mists | 14,259 | 14,814 | 15,121 | 3.9 | 2.1 |
| Drop irrigation systems | 151,776 | 186,143 | 189,806 | 22.6 | 2.0 |
| Other machinery |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hatchers | 551 | 621 | 595 | 12.7 | -4.2 |

[^5]| Type of machinery |  |  | Change (\%) |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Milking machines | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | $2014 / 2013$ | 2015/2014 |
| Cream separators | 9,390 | 10,660 | 10,563 | 13.5 | -0.9 |
| Corn graders | 1,022 | 836 | 787 | -18.2 | -5.9 |
| Maize Sheller | 1,580 | 1,499 | 1,880 | -5.1 | 25.4 |
| Cotton gins | 653 | 747 | 794 | 14.4 | 6.3 |
| Tobacco threading machines | 119 | 189 | 350 | 58.8 | 85.2 |
| Petrol pruning saws | 14,277 | 10,026 | 9,987 | -29.8 | -0.4 |
| Honey extraction machines | 259,394 | 334,478 | 348,846 | 28.9 | 4.3 |

## EXPLANATORY NOTES

## Annual Agricultural Statistical Survey

The Hellenic Statistical Authority in cooperation with the central and regional offices of the Ministry of Rural Development and Food, the local authorities, the local government bodies, as well as with the experienced inhabitants of the rural settlements has been conducting since 1961 the Annual Statistical Survey on Agriculture and Livestock.
Purpose of the survey The purpose of the survey is to collect statistical data on the cultivated areas under several crops and on the production of agricultural and livestock products, as well as the agricultural machinery used. The data are necessary for drawing the agricultural policy of the country but also for covering other national and international needs and obligations.
Legal Framework The legal frame for the conduct of the annual statistical agricultural survey is the Royal Decree No 111/15-2-1962 and the Joint Ministerial Decisions No 8710/C2-1246/5-8-2010 and 2198/C2-248/24-2-2012 signed by the Minister of National Economy and the Deputy Minister of Interior, Public Administrations and Decentralization, as well as the relevant decision of the President of ELSTAT issued every year, pertaining to the Approval, open tender and assignment of the conduct of the Annual Agricultural Statistical Survey and approval of the competent bodies for the survey conduct and their remuneration.

## Reference Period Year 2015

Definitions 1 stremma $=0.1$ ha
Other cereals: oats, rye, sorghum, meslin, millet, canary seed
Other edible pulses: broad beans, horse beans, peas, etc.
Other industrial plants: sesame, sorghum, soybeans, pumpkin seed, etc.
Other vegetables: Broccoli, spinach, leek, onion, celery, garlic, peas, radish, peas, beans, beets, endive, chicory, chard, carrots, okra, zucchini, cucumbers, pumpkins, eggplants, peppers, artichokes, asparagus, strawberries, dill, parsley, rocket and mushrooms.
Other citrus trees: cherry trees, quince trees, sloe trees, plum trees, kiwi trees and pomegranate trees.
Other nut trees: hazelnut trees and chestnut trees.
Other trees: carob trees, avocados, mastic trees, loquat trees, banana trees and other trees (palm trees, willow tress etc.).
The statistical unit of this survey is the land area within the administrative boundaries of each communal/municipal department of the country according to "Kallikratis Plan". The survey covers, on a census basis, all the above-mentioned administrative departments except the area of Agion Oros, for which no data are collected. In the framework of quality improvement of the relative results, it is pointed out that from the reference year 2014 onwards, the private partners and statistical correspondents (people responsible for the collection of the relative data) were replaced by graduates holding a degree (certificate, Msc, Phd) in geotechnical sciences. Data collection is conducted via electronic questionnaires (in excel format) using a wide range of sources, namely administrative (decentralized services of the Ministry of Agriculture e.g. OPEKEPE, Directorates of the first and second degree of Self - Governance e.g. Municipalities and Regional Administration Units, as well as farmers possessing large farms and agronomists. For this purpose a relative communication with all of the above actors was in place well before the actual conducting of the Annual Agricultural Survey, via circulars and memoranda of mutual understanding. Lastly, in the framework of data quality control preparation, proactive channels of communication with all the relative sources that could be used as verification sources during the comparability checks were established.

Publication of data The survey results are available on a yearly basis since 1961.
References More information on the results of the survey is available on the ELSTAT website www.statistics.gr, under the link http://www.statistics.gr/en/statistics/-/publication/SPG06/-


[^0]:    * Revised data

[^1]:    ${ }^{1} 1$ stremma $=0.1$ ha
    ${ }^{2}$ In 2013, areas preserved in good agricultural and environmental condition were included in the total cultivated agricultural land.
    ${ }^{3}$ From 2014 onwards, land and production data relating to family vegetable gardens are not included and therefore no comparison can be made between the reference years 2013 and 2014.

[^2]:    *Revised data

[^3]:    * Revised data

[^4]:    Note: Any discrepancies in the sums and percentages are due to rounding

[^5]:    ${ }^{4}$ It refers to the agricultural machinery which was used, except state agricultural machinery.

